The New-York Times.

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THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

ANOTHER GREAT CAVALRY BATTLE.

A Brilliant Victory Won by Gen. Pleasanton Over Gen. Stuart.

The Enemy Driven Eight Miles, from Middleburgh to Asby's Gap.

Desperate Hand-to-Hand Fighting.

Artillery and Infantry Also Engaged.

The Enemy's Losses Very Heavy and Ours Very Light.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF GENERAL PLEASANTON.

THE WHEREABOUTS OF LEE.

His Army Massed in the Shenandoah Valley.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Monday, June 22—10½ A. M.

Another heavy cavalry fight took place yesterday at Aldie Gap between PLEASANTON'S and STUART'S forces. The battle began at an early hour in the morning and continued until nightfall.

Cannonading was plainly heard here at the opening of the fight, and the fact that it receded at its close is sufficient evidence that our forces were successful.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Monday, June 22—9 A. M., *via* WASHINGTON, D. C., 4:50 P. M.

The following gratifying dispatch has just been received:

"ALDIE, Sunday, June 21—4:30 P. M.

Gen. PLEASANTON attacked STUART'S force this morning, at Middleburgh, and a severe fight has been going on all day. We have driven the rebels, with severe loss, beyond Upperville, into Ashby's Gap—a distance of eight miles—capturing two guns, many prisoners, and blown up two caissons.

The success throughout the day has been uniformly on our side."

From information received here, it is put beyond doubt that the enemy's main infantry force, including the corps of A. P. HILL, is on the immediate western slope of the Blue Ridge, between Snicker's Gap and Winchester. Nothing was seen of the rebel infantry in to-day's fight. I am hourly expecting full particulars from my associate, Mr. PAUL, who is with the advancing column. L. L. CROUNSE.

FULL DETAILS OF THE AFFAIR.

Dispatch From Our Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Monday, June 22.

Mr. E. A. PAUL sends the following to this Bureau:

UPPERVILLE, Va., Sunday, June 21—5 P. M.

This has been truly a glorious day for that portion of the army commanded by Gen. PLEASANTON.

On Saturday but little advance was made, our forces in front bivouacing at night in a piece of woods but a short distance west of Middleburgh. At 8 o'clock this morning active hostilities were resumed, and there has been a running fight up to several miles west of this town. The contest, as well as the result, must be particularly gratifying to the Commanding General, for he has met the famous Gen. STUART in pitched combat, half a dozen times, *and in all cases defeated him, and caused his forces to fall back precipitately.*

STUART, all along the road between Paris and Middleburgh, told the inhabitants that he would certainly drive our forces back to Manassas, and there whip them. *Per contra*, he has himself been driven back to the Blue Ridge, and from the stone where I am seated penning these lines, I can see the smoke of his guns fired in the defence of Ashby's Gap. So hard pressed was he, and so fearful that his defeat might result in an entire rout, that at common or Hatch's Run, three miles west of Middleburgh, he sent an express messenger ordering up a brigade of infantry to meet him at Rector's Cross Roads. The wished-for assistance came, but it availed him little. Our men nerved themselves to the task, and *drove everything before them*—the enemy, in their haste, throwing away their accoutrements, provisions, clothing, wagons, cannon and camp equipage. Three cannon have been captured, a number of horses, and more than one hundred prisoners, representing nearly every State in the Confederacy.

Moving out of Middleburgh this morning, the troops under Gen. BUFORD took a road to the right, leading to Unionville, while Gen. GREGG moved up the main road direct toward Ashby's Gap, passing through Rector's Cross-roads. Col. VINCENT, with the Eighty-third Pennsylvania, Sixteenth Michigan, Forty-fourth New-York and Twentieth Maine infantry, also moved up this road in advance, two companies in advance of each regiment deployed as skirmishers, while other companies acted as supports. FULLER'S regular battery was placed in the first favorable position west of the town, and fired several shots before receiving any response. The enemy finally opened fire with two guns, and a brisk cannonading was kept up for half an hour, when the caisson of one of the enemy's guns was exploded by a shell thrown from a section of FULLER'S battery, commanded by Lieut. KELLY, and another shell broke the limber of another piece. Both guns were captured by the cavalry. The rebels at another point abandoned a brass howitzer and caisson.

They fell back from one position to another, until they reached their present one on the mountain. The strongest resistance was made at Comell's River, Goose Creek, and just above the Upperville bridge, over Goose Creek. The enemy had made every arrangement to destroy the bridge, but Gen. KILPATRICK, whose brigade was in the advance—in fact, it was during the whole day, pursuing the retreating forces—ordering a charge to be made as he reached the bridge, completely frustrated the design. Capt. COONS, of the Harris Light cavalry, led this charge, while the Fourth New-York advanced as dismounted carbineers, enfilading the bridge.

Arriving at Upperville, two squadrons of the First Maine were ordered to charge through the town, which they did in the most gallant manner. The rest of the First Maine and the Fourth New-York acted as supports. Just beyond the town considerable force of the enemy was massed. The First Maine, Sixth Ohio, Tenth New-York, Second New-York, and Fourth Pennsylvania charged upon them furiously. The resistance was greater here than at any other point. Two of our regiments were in the road, and one on each side. They charged and were repulsed; the enemy charged and were likewise repulsed. Several charges were made with like results, *until the two forces became jammed in together, and a regular hand-to-hand conflict took place, lasting more than twenty minutes.* In the first charge the enemy placed sharpshooters along the stone walls at the side of the road, and our troops suffered from their fire. Gen. KILPATRICK also arranged a similar reception for the enemy, and thus the two forces swayed to and fro under a galling cross-fire. The officers and men on both sides fought like fiends, and in the excitement many of the enemy were killed who might have been taken prisoners. Gen. KILPATRICK nearly lost his own life in attempting to save the life of the Colonel of a North Carolina regiment. Finally the enemy yielded, and fell back, hotly pursued by Gen. KILPATRICK'S bloody brigade, until the concentrated fire from a battery warned Gen. GREGG that it was time to withdraw his men. The brigade of regulars which had been sent up as a support, much to the amusement of all about, wheeled and hurried out of range. The Harris Light and First Maine marched out of range as slowly and deliberately as if going upon parade. No troops in the world ever stood such a terrible fire more unflinchingly.

From Rector's Cross Roads to Upperville was almost a rout. The enemy turned at bay near Upperville. The Fourth New-York charged, with Gen. KILPATRICK at their head, and, breaking, retired, leaving Gen. KILPATRICK a prisoner. The Fourth, however, promptly rallied, charged again, and the General was rescued. The troops, with the single exception noted, all behaved well, as did most of the officers. Gen. KILPATRICK, commanding the centre, was always in the right place, and inspiring the men under him by his dashing example. He led several charges in person, the most dashing of all being the onset west of Upperville. Col. GREGG, commanding the left, discharged his duties promptly and like a brave man. Gen. GREGG, commanding this division, and Gen. PLEASANTON, were near the front all day, carefully watching every movement. The former had a horse killed under him by a round shot. The conduct of Col. VINCENT, commanding the infantry, is everywhere spoken of in the highest terms. Capt. ARMSTRONG and Lieut. ESTES, of Gen. KILPATRICK'S Staff, on two occasions, after delivering an order, led a column against the enemy under a most terrific fire, and excited the admiration of all for their gallant conduct and excellent example.

While the centre and left were engaged with Gen. STUART in person, Gen. BUFORD, with varying success, was fighting "Alphabet" LEE on the right. At this hour he has the enemy in front forced back to the mountains.

The rebels along the line of march are completely chopfallen at the ill success of their favorite Gen. STUART, and they predict that he will yet pay us off.

Strange as it may appear, while our loss is comparatively trifling, that of the enemy is very heavy. We have already as many dead rebels in our possession as our entire loss in killed. Besides, it is known that they carried off several ambulances loaded with their own dead. Our loss is about ten killed and one hundred wounded. Among the enemy's killed is Col. WILCOX, of the Ninth Virginia cavalry. The Colonel of a South Carolina regiment is a prisoner, and the Colonel of the Fifty-ninth North Carolina is seriously wounded and a prisoner.

E. A. PAUL.

GEN. PLEASANTON'S OFFICIAL REPORT.

HEADQUARTERS CAVALRY CORPS, CAMP NEAR UPPERVILLE, June 21, 1863—5:30 P. M.

Brig.-Gen. S. Williams:

GENERAL I moved with my command this morning o Middleburgh, and attacked the cavalry force of the rebels under STUART, and steadily drove him all day, inflicting heavy loss at every step. We took two pieces of artillery—one being a Blakely gun—together with three caissons, beside blowing one up. We also captured upward of 60 prisoners, and more are coming in—including a Lieutenant-Colonel, Major, and five other officers, besides a wounded Colonel, and a large number of wounded rebels left in the town of Upperville.

They left their dead and wounded upon the field. Of the former I saw upward of twenty. We also took a large number of carbines, pistols and sabres. In fact it was a most disastrous day to the rebel cavalry.

Our loss has been very small, both in men and horses. I never saw the men and troops behave better, or under more difficult circumstances. Very heavy charges were made and the sabre was used freely, but always with advantage to us.

(Signed)

A. PLEASANTON, Brigadier-General.

PENNSYLVANIA AND MARYLAND.

The Rebels Again Advancing on Harrisburgh.

A HEAVY FORCE AT GREENCASTLE.

ANOTHER ADVANCE ON HARRISBURGH.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

HARRISBURGH, Monday, June 22.

The rebels are now advancing in force toward Greencastle, and hold that place with a heavy column. It is very probable that within a brief time they will come up within a short distance of Chambersburgh. If our forces are heavily pressed at the latter point, they will fall back upon the main body.

WHIT.

HARRISBURGH, Monday, June 22.

From all information obtained here, it is believed the whole rebel force this side of the Potomac River is advancing in this direction.

The enemy occupied Greencastle at noon to-day, with cavalry, infantry and artillery, and is believed to be in strong force.

The troops at Chambersburgh are under Gen. KUIPE.

The outposts of our forces up the valley will fall back to the main army if closely pressed by large forces of the enemy.

Every preparation is being made to meet them, should they decide to move further in this direction.

The Philadelphia City troops, in a skirmish last evening at Millerstown, near Gettysburgh, took five prisoners, without any loss.

TELEGRAMS FROM BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Sunday, June 21.

Parties who came from points up the road toward Frederick to-day, state that the rebels returned to Frederick in small force this morning, about 10 o'clock, and have been there all day.

They destroyed the telegraph wires during the day.

A small force of our cavalry charged into the town, and drove the rebels out, but the rebels subsequently returned.

The rebel cavalry are said to be mostly Maryland rebels, who have come in to see their friends.

BALTIMORE, Monday, June 22.

All the information received at the *American* Office is, that the rebel force at Frederick and in the vicinity is only a small scouting party; that there are not more than 7,000 or 8,000 rebels in Maryland; that there has been as yet no engagement or demonstration made at Harper's Ferry, and that we still hold communication with that point.

TELEGRAMS FROM PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, June 22.

A special dispatch from Bedford, Penn., says that 400 more of MILROY'S men are known to be safe.

Surgeon STANTON, of the Thirteenth Pennsylvania cavalry, has come in, with eleven additional men of his regiment, and reports the 400 safe.

IMPORTANT REBEL REPORTS.

Stuart's Congratulations to His Cavalry After the Battle Near Brandy Station.

The Operations of Ewell in the Shenandoah Valley.

THE CAPTURE OF WINCHESTER.

OUR LATE CAVALRY VICTORY.

From the Richmond Whig, June 20.

The following congratulatory order of Gen. STUART does not, we are convinced, over-estimate the value and brilliancy of his late victory, nor do more than justice to the conduct of his splendid command. The foolish rumors that found such unaccountable circulation and credence, shortly after the battle, have died away. In their place now we have historic and official facts, and these add new lustre to the glory of our arms, and the reputation of our leaders:

HEADQUARTERS CAVALRY DIVISION, June 15, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 24.—The Major-General Commanding congratulates the cavalry of the Army of Northern Virginia upon the victory of Fleetwood, achieved, under Providence, by the prowess of their arms, on the 9th inst.

Comrades! Two divisions of the enemy's cavalry and artillery, *escorted* by a strong force of infantry, "*tested your metal*," and found it *proof steel*. Your sabre blows inflicted on that glorious day have tought them again the weight of Southern vengeance.

You confronted, with cavalry and horse artillery alone, this force, held the infantry in check, routed the cavalry and artillery, capturing three pieces of the latter without losing a gun, and added six flags to the trophies of the nation, besides inflicting a loss in killed, wounded and missing, at least double our own, causing the entire force to retire beyond the Rappahannock.

Nothing but the enemy's infantry, strongly posted in the woods, saved his cavalry from capture or annihilation. An act of rashness on his part was severely punished by rout and the loss of his artillery.

With an abiding faith in the God of battles, and a firm reliance on the sabre, your successes will continue. Let the example and heroism of our lamented fallen comrades prompt us to renewed vigilance and inspire us with devotion to duty.

J. E. B. STUART, Major-General Commanding.

THE MOVEMENTS OF EWELL.

From the Richmond Dispatch, June 20.

The reports which reach us of the operations of our forces in Northern Virginia are of the most interesting and encouraging character, and if reliable transfer the scene of military operations from the soil of Virginia to the enemy's own territory. There is nothing official as to the movements of our army, but well attested reports represent that a portion of it crossed the Potomac a few days since, near Point of Rocks, and at last accounts were in possession of Maryland Heights, overlooking the town of Harper's Ferry, cutting off the escape of the Federal garrison at that point. The same reports state that a brigade of Confederate cavalry had advanced as far as Hagerstown, Maryland, but five miles from the Pennsylvania line. Whilst we cannot vouch for these rumors, we have faith in their accuracy in the main.

The news with reference to our victory at Winchester, already published, is fully confirmed, and there is little reason to doubt that our captures there are nearly equal to any since the commencement of the war. One statement is, that MILROY, finding himself unable to defend the town with success, evacuated it on Sunday night, taking with him the main body of his forces, leaving only a small force to defend the works and retard the advance of our columns, and attempt to escape on the Martinsburgh road. This movement, however, was anticipated by Gen. EWELL, and the retreat of the Yankees intercepted at some point between Martinsburgh and Winchester, when they surrendered without offering battle. There is nothing imbrobable in this statement, though it does not exactly correspond with our previous accounts of the capture.

There is yet nothing certain in regard to the capture or escape of the notorious MILROY. Rumor has it that Mrs. EWELL, wife of Gen. EWELL, now at Charlottesville, received a letter from the General on Thursday, stating that MILROY had been captured near the Potomac. There may be some truth in this rumor, but, of course, we have no means of verifying it.

There are other rumors, numerous and interesting, but we cannot decide upon their accuracy.

In addition to the above, we have some facts about the capture of WINCHESTER:

From Our Own Correspondent.

STAUNTON, VA., Thursday, June 18.

Several days ago I could have written you quite an *interesting* communication, had I been willing to receive half the stories brought to this place from the lower Valley. I preferred to wait for such details as could be relied on. I have this morning conversed with a gentleman who was with the army during the late important transactions, and who left Winchester Tuesday morning, and I will give you a few items derived from him.

Our glorious EWELL—under whom I served during last year's campaign, and for whom I often felt jealous (though he never felt jealous for himself.)—has indeed caught the mantle of the ascended JACKSON. Brilliantly has he reënacted the scenes of the Spring of '62, on the same theatre.

Having first occupied every road approaching Winchester, Jrckson-like, he made a road, leaving the Valley turnpike near Kernstown and stretching across the Romney road, and for six miles further on bearing toward the Martinsburgh road. By means of this road he led his army half way around the town, and attacked the enemy, who were expecting an attack from forces on the Martinsburgh road, on the flank and rear. The surprise was complete. So little were they anticipating an attack from the direction in which it came, that they had placed there all the wagon trains, which thus actually were between us and them.

It seems that skirmishing all around was going on during Saturday, the enemy's pickets retiring. It also continued Sunday, and on that day EWELL, with great secresy and with painful toil, conducted his army over the new road, getting them into position about 6 P. M., when the cannonade commenced. It continued for two and a half hours, during which the Louisiana brigade gallantly charged, with cheers, the enemy's outer works, and took possession of them. Here darkness closed active operations, but on Monday morning the enemy, utterly disorganized, evacuated the town, leaving horses, wagons, commissary and medical stores and artillery.

They seemed to have destroyed nothing. Some three or four hundred wagons were secured, also *sixty pieces of cannon*, and 2,500 horses, among which a large number were unusually fine animals.

Three miles above the town a brigade *en masse* was captured, principally, I believe, by the immortal "Stonewall Brigade." Besides this, during to-day large numbers of prisoners, in squades, were being brought in.

The avenues of exit from the place were strewed with the knapsacks and clothing of the fugitives.

It was feared the brute MILROY had escaped, but if so, it was after the style in which his master LINCOLN entered Washington.

Our whole loss in killed and wounded does not exceed 200. Of course we lost none in prisoners. The enemy's loss in killed and wounded was comparatively small, but we appear to have captured nearly the whole force, amounting to 6,000 or 7,000. Probably at least as many muskets as prisoners were taken.

Is not all this a noble achievement for our maimed EWELL? Right glad am I that he rides as of old.

From this place and from everywhere else refugees from the lower valley are flocking thither. Merchants and speculators, male and female, Jew and Gentile, are also crowding to Winchester. But it will be no go, as there are few if any goods there. I learn that the town is in a filthy condition. As you know, a slaughter-house had been established in the centre of the place. The market and some of the principal buildings had been used as stables. The Yankees had been the principal sufferers from the "chotted fever," though a kind of typhoid fever had prevailed among the citizens.

I was pleased to hear that the country this side of Winchester is less desolated than last year. Many fences are up, inclosing luxuriant grass or corn or wheat. The season there has been better than in this region.

I learn that on Tuesday morning our army was three miles below Martinsburgh, ordered to march at 1 o'clock, with three days' rations.

MASSANUTTEN.

OUR HARRISBURG CORRESPONDENCE.

Reported Presence of a Heavy Force of Rebels at Hagerstown and Williamsport—Reconstructing the Railroad Bridge at Scotland—Prisoners.

HARRISBURGH, Penn., Sunday, June 21, 1863.

From all the information gathered from direct sources last night, it appears that a heavy force of rebels was at Hagerstown and Williamsport, and places intermediate, yesterday morning. At daybreak scouts were sent out from Chambersburgh to watch their manœuvreing, and, after having been absent about taree hours, they returned with the report that certain movements of the enemy indicated a departure to the Virginia side of the Potomac. Later in the day another party started on a tour of observation and brought back the intelligence that a considerable body of rebels was advancing in the direction of McConnellsburgh and Bedford. It is possible that at the latter town a collision will soon occur between the opposing forces. If such should be the case, Gen. MILROY will doubtless have the requisite number of troops to drive back, if not completely overwhelm, the invaders.

Men are still at work reconstructing the railroad bridge at Scotland. It is thought that by to-night or to-morrow the task will be finished, and trains running into Chambersburgh. That will enable Gen. COUCH to throw his troops forward, also afford facilities for getting up supplies and ammunition. Since the late invasion, only one up and down trip per day, for the accommodation of citizens, has been made on the Cumberland Valley Railroad. Within the past two days, extra trains have been run to convey troops. At present, Shippensburgh is the upper terminus.

Nine rebel prisoners, who have been under guard here during the past week, were sent to Baltimore yesterday. Only one of the number—a German—was willing to take the oath of allegiance.

A police company which lately came from Philadelphia have been assigned to do provost-guard duty in this city. Each one is armed with a musket, and has a cartridge-box slung across his shoulder. The company has been mustered into the United States service, and are consequently subject to regular military orders. Their services as guardians of the peace are beginning to be greatly needed. Numerous instances of intoxication among the soldiers have already been observed, and several disgraceful street fights have been barely prevented. As yet Gen. COUCH has not closed the bar-rooms, but simply suggested to the proprietors the expediency of refusing to sell liquors between the hours of 5 P. M. and 5 A. M.

New-York, New-Jersey and other troops are now here in large numbers. Some of them have been sent toward Chambersburgh, while the remainder are encamped at different localities in and around Harrisburgh. Brig.-Gens. HALL and EWEN arrived yesterday. The people are delighted to have the soldiers in their midst, giving them, as it does, a sense of security. The citizens of Chambersburgh are anxiously looking for military protection. The inhabitants of the adjacent towns are perfectly numb with terror, not knowing how long it will be before they will be stripped of their entire stock of horses and cattle. Yesterday, as Mr. TAYLOR, formerly Sheriff of Chambersburgh, was driving a herd of cattle and sheep over the mountains, he was encountered by rebel cavalry, who relieved him of all. These depredations will continue to exist until our forces advance in earnest to rout the foe. WHIT.

The Illinois Legislature.

ST. LOUIS, Monday, June 22.

The *Democrat's* Springfield dispatches say that the Clerks of the Assembly have sealed up the journals of both Houses, and placed them in the hands of the State Treasurer. The law says they shall be deposited with the Secretary of State. The law also provides that the public printer shall have an official copy of each day's proceedings of the Legislature, which has not been complied with. The Democrats pretend to consider the Assembly yet in session. These journals are public property, and open by law to all, even while the Houses are yet in session.

FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

Arrival of the Locust Point.

Progress of the Siege of Port Hudson.

GENERAL SHERMAN'S LEG AMPUTATED.

A Steamtug Captured and a Bark Burnt by the Rebels.

The steamship *Locust Point*, from New-Orleans on the 14th inst., arrived at this port last evening.

She brings no news from Port Hudson, except that the siege still continued without any known result.

On the morning of the 10th inst. the towboat *Boston*—of whose capture near the Pilot Station, at 9½ P. M. on the evening of the 9th inst., we published an account two or three days ago—boarded the bark *Lennox*, from New-York to New-Orleans, and giving to the crew and passengers—thirteen in number—the long-boat of the prize, to go ashore at the lighthouse, set fire to the *Lennox*, and destroyed her. They carried off the Captain, COLE, and the first and second officers—MURRAY and LOVELL—as prisoners.

OUR NEW-ORLEANS CORRESPONDENCE

Hot Weather—No News from Port Hudson—Death of two Members of Gen. Weitzel's Staff—Gen. Sherman's Leg Amputated—The Contrabands—Exodus of Registered Enemies—Capture of a Tugboat by the Rebels—Destruction of the Bark Lenox.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sunday, June 14, 1863.

We have before us the dull hot season, the thermometer in the shade, ranging above 94°, and no regular steamer to New-York before the 21st, unless a transport should be sent off before. It is probable the news of Gen. BANKS' movements will reach you by way of Memphis and Chicago.

Mobile papers, of the 5th and 6th instants, are in town, through Southern channels. Part of the contents of the paper of the 6th was published in the *Picayune*, but rumors contained in the paper of the 5th were suppressed by military authority. They had a bearing on movements at or near Port Hudson, as to reinforcements. All intelligence from Port Hudson and Baton Rouge is suppressed here.

Since I last wrote, per *Mississippi*, two other officers have passed away from wounds and exhaustion—Capt. J. B. HUBBARD, A. A. G., and Lieut. D. B ALLEN, A. D. C., of Gen. WEITZEL'S Staff. There was a very large attendance at the funeral services of these two officers yesterday, from No. 220 Camp-street. A military escort, composed of companies of the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts Volunteers, and the band of the Forty-seventh Massachusetts, preceded the hearses, which were followed by a multitude of officers and citizens, who escorted the deceased to the steamship *Fulton*, to be taken North for interment.

Great preparations are being made by the Medical Department and Sanitary Commission to prepare for any emergency of disease, by natural cause or war.

The following card has been issued to calm fears of yellow fever:

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT NEGRO LABOR, No. 175 JULIA-STREET, NEW-ORLEANS, June 5, 1863.

Editor Era: For several days your columns have contained statements concerning the contrabands in the cotton presses calculated to alarm the public mind. Allow me to assure your readers that there is no epidemic prevailing in the presses, nor has there been a case of infectious disease among the negroes in my charge. A sufficient number of physicians have been engaged to properly treat the sick.

Owing to the great demand for river transportation since the inception of the recent movement against Port Hudson, I have been unable to send to the Government plantations the contrabands accumulating here. When I can obtain the requisite facilities for so doing, I shall promptly use them.

Very respectfully, GEO. H. HANKS, Lieutenant, Gen. Supt. Negro Labor.

The Government has now on its hands in the vicinity of Brasher City 7,000 to 8,000 negroes, feeding at the expense of the Government, who will, no doubt, be put on the plantations, as the planters are abandoning their plantations in St. Mary's Parish, having no mules, horses or cattle, or food for them. Messrs. S. O. NELSON & Co., the former large cotton factors of this city, owning and working a large sugar estate near New-Iberia, have lost 100 of their best hands, out of 195, leaving the old, infirm, sick and children on their hands.

The future of Louisiana looks dark and gloomy indeed. A dull Summer for the city, with want and distress in our midst, and no interior trade or transit of staple productions to look forward to for commerce. We must look only to the West, an open Mississippi and commerce, for relief.

The mortuary report for the week ending June 6, shows total 132 deaths—an increase of 13 over last week—37 of which are from diarrhœa and dysentery, while only four are from fevers, in a population of (according to the *Picayune's* estimate) of 60,000 to 70,000 persons.

Nine schooner-loads of registered enemies left last week *vid* the lakes for Mobile, and three more are ready—mostly females. I perceive that preparations are made in Mobile to receive them.

Yesterday the military authorities took possession of the St. Charles Hotel as an hospital, but afterwards it was changed—the St. Louis Hotel being substituted. There are now nine hospitals in and about the city, and every attention is paid to the inmates.

Yesterday was an active day in Cottondom, but not so active as in old times in New-Orleans. Eight hundred bales changed hands at auction, at prices ranging from 34 cents to 42 cents—the last price rating middlings.

Gen. SHERMAN'S leg was amputated some days since, after which he was sinking, but has rallied again. His case is very uncertain.

A bold robbery has been perpetrated at Pass a l'Outre. We learn by a dispatch from the Head of the Passes that last Tuesday night, at about 9½ o'clock, the towboat *Boston*, Capt. TIBBETTS, was surprised and captured by about fifteen or twenty men, while towing the bark *Jenny Lind* into Pass a l'Outre. The capture took place about one mile below the Pilot Station. Capt. TIBBETTS was on board the bark at the time the captors boarded and cut loose the towboat. Intelligence was conveyed by Capt. TIBBETTS and other parties to the sloop-of-war *Portsmouth*, at the Head of the Passes. This is the second towboat captured in this manner within a short time, the Captain and crew (twenty-one in number) of the *Fox* having just arrived per steamer from New-York.

The following dispatch was received from Quarantine last evening:

"The towboat *Leviathan* has just passed on her way up with ship *Jenny Lind*, from Bath, having Capt. TIBBETTS, of the *Boston*, on board, who informs me that, besides the capture of his boat, the bark *Lenox*, with a cargo of merchandise, was also set on fire and destroyed. The *Leviathan* went in pursuit of the *Boston*, but could not see anything of her."

The planters have had two meetings in regard to devising some plan by which the negroes can be employed upon the plantations, without coming to any understanding.

The affair of the juveniles of the public schools, at the Academy of Music, was a brilliant affair. The stage was a perfect *parterre* of youth, beauty and flowers—opening buds of womanhood—and elicited the admiration and applause of all. All nations were represented, but I noticed Spain received marked attention, and was personated by a little miss having all the fire and eloquence of the Antilles. It will be repeated, by desire.

IMPORTANT FROM CHARLESTON.

Battle Between the Rebel Batteries on Morris Island and the National Batteries on Folly Island

THE GUNBOATS TAKING A HAND

A Number of Rebels Killed and Wounded.

Another Great Conflagration in Charleston.

BOSTON, Monday, June 22.

A letter in the Boston *Herald*, from the blockading fleet off Charleston, says:

"On the afternoon of the 12th inst., the rebel batteries on Morris Island opened a fire upon the troops on Folly Island, and for half an hour no notice was taken of the firing by our forces. Presently the gunboats *Pawnee* and *Commodore McDonough* steamed up to within good range of the rebel batteries, and poured in a deadly fire from their heavy guns. The Union batteries of Folly Island now opened their fire, and for three hours the shot and shell flew thick and fast. We could see that the rebel shot fell short, while those from our batteries and gunboats burst in the midst of the rebel batteries. The firing lasted until sunset, but the result of the engagement was not fully known. The rebels were seen carrying off a number of killed and wounded. During the firing the rebel rams came out from behind Sumter, and proceeded down about two miles from that fort, where they remained until the engagement was over, not daring to take part in the fight.

The same night the whole roadstead and shipping were brilliantly illuminated for several hours by an extensive conflagration raging in Charleston. The heavens were lighted up for miles around, and the destruction of property must have been very heavy.

FROM PORT ROYAL.

The Rebel Ram Fingal Captured by the Weehawken and Patapsco.

The Monitors Fire but Five Guns—No Loss on Our Side.

The steamship *Saxon*, Capt. LAVENDER, from Port Royal, 18th inst., to United States Quartermaster, arrived yesterday. The Monitors *Weehawken* and *Patapsco* captured the rebel ram *Fingal* in Warsaw Sound, on the 16th inst., after firing five guns. No loss of men on our side.

FORTRESS MONROE, Monday, June 22.

The gunboat *James Adger* arrived here this afternoon, from near Savannah. She has on board eighteen officers and about 120 of the crew of the rebel steamer *Atlanta*, captured, on the 17th inst., by Capt. JOHN RODGERS, of the United States iron-clad *Weehawken*.

Col. Montgomery Operating in the Vicinity of Brunswick, Ga.

Correspondence of the Evening Post.

HILTON HEAD, S. C., Wednesday, June 17, 1863.

Col. MONTGOMERY is out on another of his forays, and we have further good news direct from him.

The expedition, consisting of the Second South Carolina, the Fifty-fourth Massachusetts and two sections of Capt. BRAYTON'S battery, Rhode Island artillery, started from this place on Friday, the 5th inst., on the transports *Fanny Baker*, *Sentinel* and *De Molay*, and accompanied by the gunboats *John Adams* and *Harriet A. Weed*, each carrying four guns. St. Simon's Island, lying off the coast of Georgia, and near the entrance of Brunswick harbor, was the appointed place of rendezvous and immediate base of operations. Arriving there the Colonel lost no time in putting his camp in order, and leaving a portion of his troops in charge, he proceeded with the rest—about 1,000 men—up St. Simon's Sound and Turtle River on Monday, the 8th.

Turtle River leaves the town of Brunswick some distance on the right as you go up, and some miles above Brunswick is joined by a stream called Buffalo Creek, which is crossed by the railroad connecting Brunswick with the Georgia and Gulf Railroad.

The expedition went up Turtle River fifteen miles, and one boat a mile further. The railroad bridge over Buffalo Creek was destroyed. The trestle-work, which extends some two or three miles over an adjoining marsh, presented an inviting object of attention; but it was too much seasoned with water to burn well, and there was not time for discussing it with other instruments. On the passage up the gunboats paid their compliments to divers places in a pretty liberal account of shell; at the coming of which the rebel troops everywhere sprang from their skulking holes, and went to fighting with their legs, scampering away with admirable gallantry.

Returning from this work, the expedition next shaped its course toward the Altamaha River, which runs nearly parallel with the Turtle, a few miles to the northeast. The trip up the Altamaha took place on Thursday, the 11th, and extended some thirteen miles, which is four miles above the town of Darien. Here a schooner of about forty tons, and loaded with from fifty to sixty bales of excellent cotton, was captured, and brought away. She is now safely lodged in the harbor at this place.

The number of negroes who found refuge and freedom with Col. MONTGOMERY was rather small—not more than ten or twelve, I understand. From the nature of the case the Colonel was obliged to move slowly and cautiously; and the rebels, on seeing his approach, made all possible haste to remove their negroes beyond his reach. The enterprise would have accomplished more but for the strange misconduct on the part of the transport *Sentinel*—the officers of which have since been put upon a course of discipline which, it is hoped, will work some improvement either in their loyalty or their courage.

Thus far the Colonel had not lost a man, and had but one slightly wounded, though the rebels fired at them in several places. The men fully sustained their previous character as soldiers. There was no destruction of private property; nor was it known that any of the rebels were killed or wounded. The expedition returned to St. Simon's Island and the troops were landed, all in good spirits, to await further orders. The Colonel arrived here on Monday, the 15th, to consult with Gen. GILMORE, and to supply certain defects of what was found necessary to his work.

RICHMOND NOT SAFE.

BALTIMORE, Monday, June 22.

The Richmond *Dispatch* of the 19th, has the following significant paragraph:

"Richmond is about to be uncovered of the defence afforded by the proximity of Gen. LEE'S army, *a part of which is already in the Valley of Virginia, and probably in Maryland, and the rest will probably follow on*, whence they cannot be brought instantly to our assistance, if assistance we should need."

The Steamship City of New-York.

The steamship *City of New-York*, which arrived here yesterday, (Sunday,) will, on account of her rapid passage and at the request of the Post-office authorities, be dispatched from here on Saturday next, 27th inst., carrying the mails.

THE WAR IN THE FAR WEST.

Col. Phillips' Position—Reinforcements—The Indian Troops—Gen. Blunt's Force—Another Colored Regiment.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, Sunday, June 14, 1863.

Our last advices from Fort Blunt, the headquarters of the Indian brigade, show the position of Col. PHILLIPS to be very precarious. Advices previously forwarded must have prepared those interested in our affairs for this. The telegraphic reports from this region, though incorrect in some details, were mainly accurate. Maj. WELD, Assistant Commissary of Muster, and Paymasters H. J. and D. M. ADAMS and H. SLEEPER, arrived here two days since, direct from the Arkansas River, having left Fort Blunt (Gibson) eight days previously. At that date Col. PHILLIPS was virtually besieged in his works. The enemy were only prevented from surrounding him by a rapid rise in the Arkansas River, which prevented them attempting to recross. After the fight on the 21st ult., an account of which has been made public, hostilities have been confined to constant picket skirmishing. The rebels have moved nearly their entire force in the State of Arkansas from Little Rock to Fort Smith, eighty miles to the east of PHILLIPS' position. Even MARMADUKE is reported by our scouts and deserters to be moving in the same direction. HINDMAN is reported in chief command of the rebel forces in Western Arkansas and the Indian Territory.

At the engagement reported before, Col. PHILLIPS lost, by a successful surprise of the enemy, the major portion of his stock, including nearly all the horses of two companies of the Sixth Kansas Cavalry. This loss is very detrimental to the National movements, as having but little mounted force it enables the rebel scouts to move over the country almost at will. Col. PHILLIPS has not more than 2,600 effective men, of whom but about 300 are white men. The remainder are Indians. They cannot be depended upon except as skirmishers and scouts. Their own officers have no faith in their ability to use them in a field fight. As a consequence, Col. PHILLIPS dares not move from his works until he is reinforced. The rebels succeeded in cutting off a portion of the sutlers' trains, which were moving under the escort with the supply train. The capture of this train was the main object of the rebel movements of the 20th and 21st. They took about thirty wagons. The attacking party was a regiment of Texans and a detachment of STAND-WAITE'S Indians. When the escort reformed, after the first attack, and two light 12-round howitzers opened with shell in their midst, the Texans broke and fled in the wildest confusion. The wagons were all recovered uninjured with one exception. The Texans broke open the contents of one wagon, and took a quantity of boots and similar goods. A number of wounded and dead rebels were found on and near the field with new boots on. One man was shot through the heart in the act of drawing on a new boot. His leg was raised and hands were grasping the straps to draw it on, and in this position his muscles had stiffened in death.

The Indian troops were paid and their formal muster completed for the first time since their organization. Over three hundred thousand dollars were disbursed among them, and a general good time ensued. The majority of the refugee families from Tahlah-quah and Park Hill have been compelled to move to Fort Blunt for safety. Should Col. PHILLIPS be obliged to abandon his position, I fear the consequence will be disastrous in the extreme. The Indians can never again be induced to abandon their country. If it it is thought fit to defend Gibson, they will fight till death, neither giving nor asking quarters. If to retreat be the order, the Indians cannot be got to move. They will disband and carry on the warfare on their own responsibility. In this case, as Col. PHILLIPS will be left with but three companies of dismounted troops and a battery, it is much feared that he may fall into the hands of the enemy before help can reach him.

The First Kansas, (colored,) Col. J. M. WILLIAMS, hitherto stationed at Baxter's Springs, on the southeastern border of Kansas, received orders late on the 6th instant to march to his assistance. While I write, I learn that the regiment has reached the Fort in safety, having marched from Baxter's Springs to the Arkansas, about 130 miles, in a little over four days. The presence of this superb infantry regiment, which in drill, discipline and confident courage has not been surpassed in the West, will give confidence and courage to the besieged, and as they will speedily be reinforced by six companies of the Second Colorado, Lieut.-Col. DODD, Col. PHILLIPS will be in a position soon to move from his works.

The changes in the military districts lately made by Gen. SCHOFIELD, put Gen. BLUNT in a more active command than that he has lately occupied.

The entire force in this district is about three regiments, being five companies of the Twelfth Kansas, stationed at Forts Leavenworth and Riley. At Fort Larned, Col. LEAVENWORTH, Second Colorado, commanding, there is two companies of that regiment; one of the Ninth Kansas cavalry, and a portion of the Ninth Wisconsin battery. Two other companies of the Second Colorado are stationed on the Santa Fé road, between Council Grove and Cow Creek. Two companies of the Sixth Kansas are stationed at Westport, Mo., and eight of the Ninth Kansas cavalry are stationed along the State line. In addition to this force, there probably is a regiment of Missouri militia stationed at Lexington and elsewhere in the two border counties of that State included in Gen. EWING's district. It is probably sufficient, if properly handled, to suppress bushwacking.

Gen. BLUNT's new district, that of "the Frontier," commences in Kansas, about 25 miles north of Fort Scott, and includes about three tier of the Southern counties of the State; the counties of Bates, Vernon and Jaspar, in Missouri; Washing and Benton in Arkansas, north of that river; the three border counties south to the Red River, and the whole of the Indian territory. In its limits are a number of places made famous as the scenes of contests and victories for the Federal arms. Drywood, Osceola, Carthage, Pea Ridge, Old Fort Wayne, Newtonia, Cane Hill, Prairie Grove, Van Buren, Fayetteville and Fort Blunt are all in its limits. The Major-General Commanding, in holding the rebels in check or driving them from the field, will be greatly animated by the knowledge that he is preserving the laurels peculiarly his own.

Fort Scott will be the base of supplies for this district. The forces in Gen. BLUNT's lines consist at present of the following regiments: Three Indian regiments, commanded by Cols. RITCHIE, WATTLES, and PHILLIPS; the latter in command of the brigade. They number about eight hundred men each. The First regiment Kansas colored Volunteers, infantry, Col. J. M. WILLIAMS; six Companies of the Second Colorado, Lieut.-Col. DODD; First battalion Sixth Kansas cavalry; Third Kansas battery, Capt. HOPKINS; section of the Second Kansas battery, in charge of Colored regiment, and two twelve-pound howitzers in charge of Sixth Kansas. The above named troops are at Fort Blunt, on the Arkansas. At Fort Scott there are stationed three companies of Twelfth Kansas infantry, Maj. KENNEDY; six companies of Third Wisconsin cavalry, Maj. CALKINS, and Company I, Ninth Kansas cavalry, with the balance of the Second Kansas battery. By this enumeration, Gen. BLUNT will have about 4,500 effective men, whites, Indians and negroes—a force sufficient to hold in check any force the rebels at present can bring against him, though not sufficient to do more than this.

By general orders, Gen. BLUNT resigns command of the District of Kansas, and assumes command of that of "the Frontier." His Staff is announced as follows:

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF THE FRONTIER,
FORT LEAVENWORTH, June 13, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 1.—I. Pursuant to General Orders, Department of the Missouri, No. 48, the undersigned hereby assumes command of the "District of the Frontier." Headquarters will be moved to Fort Scott or in the field as soon as practicable.

II. The following-named officers constitute the Staff, and will be respected and obeyed accordingly:

Lieut.-Col. T. MOONLIGHT, Eleventh Kansas Infantry, Chief of Staff.
Maj. H. Z. CURTIS, Assistant Adjutant-General.
Maj. T. J. WEED, additional Aid-de-Camp and Commissary of Musters.
Maj. V. P. VAN ANIWERP, Inspector-General.
Surgeon H. BUCKMASTER, Medical Director.
Maj. B. S. HENNING, Third Wisconsin cavalry, District Provost-Marshal.
Capt. J. G. HASKELL, A. Q. M., Chief Quartermaster.
Capt. OLIVER BARBER, C. S., Chief Commissary of Subsistence.
Capt. J. G. LORING, Tenth Kansas Infantry, Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.
First Lieut. A. W. FABB, Third Wisconsin cavalry, Judge Advocate.
First Lieut. J. FINN HILL, Tenth Kansas Infantry, Aid-de-Camp.

JAMES G. BLUNT, Maj.-Gen.

Among the last orders issued from these Headquarters, the following may be considered as a bold, radical and blunt expression of the Major-General's views:

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF KANSAS,
FORT LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, June 11, 1863.
GENERAL ORDERS, No. 21.—I. The newspapers known as the *Caucasian*, Chicago *Times*, Columbus *Crisis*, Cincinnati *Enquirer*, and New-York *World*, being incendiary publications, endeavoring to weaken and destroy the power of the President of the United states, and his subordinates in authority, while engaged in putting down an armed rebellion against the Federal Government; and by the dissemination of their treasonable doctrines, creating discord in the loyal States and discouraging the troops in the field, who are sacrificing their lives to sustain the Federal Government in its hour of peril, and affording aid and comfort to our enemies, by sympathy and encouragement for the rebel cause; it is, therefore, ordered that the circulation of the above named papers be prohibited in this district from and after this date.

II. Postmasters within this District, on the receipt of the above named papers, will not deliver them to their subscribers, but destroy them without delay, and in failing to do so, they will be held accountable for a violation of military orders.

III. The District Provost-Marshal will see that the foregoing paragraphs of this order are strictly complied with.

By command of Maj.-Gen. BLUNT.
H. Z. CURTIS, Assistant Adjutant-General.

By order of the War Department, Gen. BLUNT is authorized to raise a cavalry regiment. The General expects to raise this regiment within thirty days. He already has nearly three companies raised, having commenced to recruit a battalion, nominally for a body guard, but in reality with a view to procure the preceding authority. Col. PENNICK'S Fifth regiment Missouri State Militia is now being mustered out at St. Joe. About four hundred of his men will reënlist. It is reported that Col. CHARLES R. JENNISON has been tendered the colonelcy. If so, its ranks will soon be filled, as his name is a tower of strength among all the daring and adventurous spirits of the West. The organization of the Eighth (colored) Kansas is to be completed forthwith. There are three companies nearly formed. Major T. ANDERSON, A. A. General, U. S. Vols., is appointed to the recruiting bureau and the general superintendency of this service. First Lieut. R. J. HINTON, Regt. Adjutant of the First regiment Kansas colored Volunteers, is detailed to the District of Northern Kansas, as Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, and will have charge of the colored recruits on the north of the Kansas River. The headquarters of the new regiments will be at Fort Scott. Camps of instruction will be established there and at Fort Leavenworth. It is calculated that within five or six weeks this regiment will also be full.

H.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

LYNCH LAW IN NEWBURGH.

A Colored Man Arrested for Rape, Taken from the Jail and Hung by a Mob.

In Newburgh, on Sunday evening, a colored man, who had been arrested on a charge of outraging an Irish servant girl, was taken from jail by a mob of her countrymen and hanged in the jail-yard. Previous to the hanging the victim was beaten and kicked with savage fury by the lynchers. Such an event as this, in the usually very quiet town where it occurred, is most surprising. Till then law and order were obeyed and respected to a highly creditable degree, and the earnest-minded and sober citizens of the place should take the most prompt and effective measures to indicate their condemnation of this first manifestation of lawlessness. The crime of which the negro stood charged with was of a revolting character, but he was amenable to the law, and still had the right of a fair trial. Those who were instrumental in destroying his life, however, in their misguided frenzy, committed the higher crime of murder.

NEW-YORK YACHT CLUB.

Great Ocean Regatta.

A meeting of the owners of yachts of the New-York Yacht Club, called by order of the Commodore, was held at the office of the Secretary on Wednesday, 17th inst., Vice-Commodore A. C. KINGSLAND, presiding. The object of the meeting was to propose that the squadron rendezvous at Sandy Hook, for five or six days, for the purpose of fleet manœuvring and trials of speed between the different yachts upon the ocean, up to Raritan Bay or toward the Narrows, anchoring each night in the Horse-shoe.

It was also proposed that any foreign armed vessel-of-war in the harbor at the time, as well as those of our own navy, be invited to join the squadron on the proposed cruising-ground.

The yachts represented at the meeting were:

Favorita.....A. C. Kingsland	Minnie.....C. Morrogh
Linga.....W. H. Thomas	Annie.....L. Livingston
White Wing.R. Stuyvesant	Fanny.....E. H. White
Henrietta...J. G. Bennett, Jr	Restless.....W. R. Travers
Mystery...W. H. McVickar	Gertrude.E. H. Van Schaick
Sea Drift.....A. Major	

On motion it was unanimously

Resolved, That the yachts rendezvous at Sandy Hook on Thursday, the 25th inst., to cruise in that vicinity for five or six days, anchoring at night in the Horse Shoe.

Resolved, That the Vice-Commodore be requested to invite the foreign armed vessels in our port to join the Yacht squadron on their cruising ground, and to extend the invitation to vessels of our own navy being on this station at the time.

This meeting is anticipated with great eagerness by those yachtmen that desire something more than a river regatta. They will have a grand race at sea, where dashing spray and the keen excitement of the scene will keep them wide awake; where the points of their beautifully-modeled yachts will tell on the time-tables, and where they can register their 2.40's on the great ocean course. Look out for a grand time, as several of our "crack" yachts, not mentioned above, are expected to be on the cruising ground to contend for the championship.

Cricket.

NEW-YORK *vs.* WILLOW, OF BROOKLYN.

The second elevens of the above clubs played a very interesting match on Saturday, on the ground of the New-York club, Hoboken. Appended is the score:

NEW-YORK CLUB.

First Innings.	Runs.	Second Innings.	Runs.
Bull, c. and b. Lindsay	10	c. Jolly, b. Terry	0
Seeley, c. Gisborne, b. Terry	10	not out	0
Suydam, c. Wardl'w, b. Linds'y	14	b. Strachan	58
Tyler, c. Wakefield, b. Lindsay	6	c. Terry, b. Strach'n	4
Robinson, b. Terry	0	b. Lindsay	2
Parkins, c. Wardlow, b. Linds'y	6	c. Strach'n, b. Linds'y	5
Shaw, c. Parker, b. Lindsay	0	b. Lindsay	25
Beech, l. b. w., b. Lindsay	3	c. Wardlow, b. Terry	11
Hall, l. b. w., b. Lindsay	1	b. Terry	0
Clarendon, c. Scriven'r, b. Terry	7	c and b. Jolly	13
Riffenstein, not out	0	b. Strachan	1
Byes 5, wides 11	16	by 1, l. b 2, w. 16, no b. 1	20
Total	73	Total	140

WILLOW CLUB.

First Innings.	Runs.	Second Innings.	Runs.
Gisborne, b. Suydam	20	run out	11
Lindsay, run out	2	c. Shaw, b. Bull	31
Jolly, c. Seeley, b. Suydam	1	b. Suydam	5
Parker, b. Suydam	0	b. Suydam	0
Terry, b. Suydam	0	c. and b. Bull	0
Strachan, c. Shaw, b. Bull	12	b. Shaw	0
Rollin, c. Suydam, b. Shaw	5	b. Suydam	10
Wakefield, b. Shaw	0	c. Tyler, b. Bull	7
Wardlow, not out	7	run out	1
Husson, run out	0	not out	1
Scrivener, b. Shaw	0	c. Tyler, b. Bull	0
Byes 2, wides 9	11	b. 4, l. b. 4, wides 9	17
Total	59	Total	83

UMPIRES—Messrs. HIGHAE and SADLER.

The Turf.

RUNNING RACES AT CENTREVILLE COURSE, L. I.—These races will commence to-day, (Tuesday,) under the management of that well-known turf patron, Capt. THOMAS G. MOORE, of Kentucky, the owner of *Idlewild* and other fast horses, now at his racing stables adjoining the course. A large number of celebrated race-horses are also in the stables of Mr. John M. Clay, Mr. Frank Morris, Mr. J. Watson, Mr. P. C. Bush, Dr. Weldon, Mr. F. G. Murphy, Dr. Underwood and others. Among them (besides *Idlewild*) are *Southerner*, *Lizzie W.*, *Abu Beker*, *Surprise* and *Vandal Colt*, who run to-day in a sweepstakes for three-year-olds, mile heats; the second race being for all purse for all ages, mile and a quarter dash. The trains leave South Ferry for the course at 1 o'clock, 2 and 3:30 P. M. Returning, will leave the course at 4:3, 5:30 and 6:20 P. M.

Naval.

THE IRON-CLAD ROANOKE ORDERED TO SEA.

Considerable surprise was yesterday manifested in naval circles, owing to the announcement that the iron-clad frigate *Roaneke*, which has been for months preparing to take her position as the guardship of the Harbor of New-York, is under orders to proceed to sea as soon as she can take on board her powder, provisions and stores. All hands were at work on her yesterday, in order to complete her by Thursday next. She is to go in commission on Wednesday, and to receive her crew and officers on the same day. The destination of the *Roanoke* is a mystery, as she draws too much water, by several feet, to enter Charleston, and having no masts or sails to help her in the ocean. Her engines were always auxiliary ones, and calculated to be assisted by canvass. It is said that she may bear the flag of the South Atlantic blockade squadron.

THE LATE CAPT. WARD, UNITED STATES NAVY.

A movement is on foot in the Navy to induce Congress to pay some tribute to the memory of the late Capt. WARD, the first naval officer who fell in this rebellion. The following is an extract from a document on the subject, circulating in the service:

"Capt. JAMES H. WARD was one of the first officers to tender the Government his services. They were accepted, and, commanding the Potomac Flotilla, he fell nobly defending his country's flag. No monument has been raised to his memory, no kind words have come from Congress to show that his bravery was appreciated, and had he been a mere sailor, buried from a couch of peace, less notice could hardly have been taken of his heroism. This is not right, it is not just, nor calculated to inspire brave deeds."

MORE RAMS ORDERED.

The Navy Department has decided to build two rams at New-Albany, in addition to those already under way. They will resemble the six constructed last year in their general features, measure 180 feet long and over 40 wide. Their hulls are to be protected with massive slabs of iron, and the batteries are to be unusually heavy. The keels are to be laid early in July next.

DONALD M'KAY TO BUILD AN IRON-CLAD.

Mr. DONALD MCKAY, of East Boston, has obtained from the Government a contract to build a vessel of the Monitor pattern.

Mr. MCKAY is erecting extensive works at his shipyard on Border-street, for the building of iron steamers, engines, &c.

This vessel is to be one of the last batch of fifteen light-draft vessels. She will be about 190 feet long, and have one turret.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Capt. BANKHEAD, who captured the *Calypso*, commanded the original *Monitor* before she sank.

Mails for the East Gulf fleet will go to-day by the *San Jacinto*, from Brooklyn.

The *Seminole*, from New-York, has touched at Philadelphia.

Government Habeas Corpus Case.

HENRY A. SMITH VS. COL. LOOMIS, COMMANDANT OF GOVERNOR'S ISLAND.

A writ of *habeas corpus* was issued by Hon. Judge BARNARD, of the Supreme Court, on the 10th instant, requiring Col. LOOMIS to produce HENRY A. SMITH before the City Judge at his chambers, on the 11th inst. The petition sets forth that HENRY is a minor, 20 years of age, and enlisted, six months since, in the Fourth Metropolitan regiment, without the knowledge or consent of his mother—his father being dead. That he was physically disabled from performing any military duty; that Dr. MOTT, the military surgeon, so reported, and gave HENRY a certificate, reciting his ailments, and he was thereupon, about five months since, discharged. That, on the 8th inst., he was forcibly arrested by the Provost-Marshal, and taken to the Park barracks, from whence, on the following day, he was taken to Governor's Island. On the return of the writ, the prisoner was produced, and the hearing adjourned for one week, at which time the parties appeared, and evidence was given of the facts contained in the petition. Mr. ALEXANDER W. REEVEY, the prisoner's Counsel, contended that the certificate given by the authorized military surgeon operated as a discharge, from which it was clearly the intention of the authorities that SMITH should be discharged—that the enlistment was void *ab initio*, because the prisoner was a minor, and entered the service without the knowledge or consent of his mother. In support of these propositions, Counsel referred to the 2d Statutes at Large, pp. 135, 792, 3d Statutes at Large, pp. 146, 224, 9th Statutes at Large, p. 507, and the Act of Congress of Feb. 13, 1862. The Court, after consideration, granted an order discharging the prisoner, which discharge was made absolute.

ALEX. H. REEVEY for the prisoner; SAM'L J. GLASSEY for the Government.

Weekly Report of Deaths in the City and County of New-York.

From the 15th day of June to the 22d day of June, 1863. Men, 87; women, 71; boys, 119; girls, 113. Total, 390. Adults, 158; children, 232; males, 206; females, 184; colored persons 6.

The number of deaths, compared with the corresponding week of 1862 and of last week, was as follows:

Week ending June 23, 1862	341. Increase 49
Week ending June 15, 1863:	
From acute disease	174
From chronic disease	134
From external causes, &c	35—406
Week ending June 22, 1863:	
From acute disease	206
From chronic disease	148
From external causes, &c	26—300
Decrease this week	16

The number of deaths in the institutions compared with the corresponding week of 1862:

Week ending June 23, 1862	59
Week ending June 22, 1863	58
Decrease this week	1

The Fastest Time on Record.

The Hudson River steamer *Mary Powell*, Capt. A. L. ANDERSON, made the run between New-York and Poughkeepsie, on Friday, in three hours and forty-two minutes. Leaving New-York at 3½ o'clock, P. M., she reached the latter city at 7:12 o'clock. Deducting thirty-five minutes consumed at landings, and five minutes lost in getting into the stream on starting, and the actual running time for the seventy-five miles is three hours and two minutes—a feat unprecedented in annals of Hudson River steamboating.

Condition of Admiral Foote.

Rear-Admiral FOOTE still lingers at the Astor House, but his physicians have no hopes of his recovery. There have been several consultations of his physicians—Drs. METCALF, THOMAS, REYNOLDS, and Surgeon WILLIAMS—all of whom have pronounced his case hopeless. The Admiral's family, consisting of Mrs. FOOTE, Mrs. REESE, his eldest daughter, and his two sons, are with him. His disease is said to be a complicated disorder of the liver and kidneys.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

SHOOTING AFFRAY IN BROOME-STREET.—HUGH MCCROW, a carman, residing at No. 181 Varick-street, was shot so fatally in the abdomen on Sunday morning, that his life is despaired of. The disturbance took place in a saloon kept by ELVIA BROWN, No. 430 Broome-street, and known as the Monte Cristo. MCCROW was taken to the City Hospital, and all persons found in the house were arrested by the Eighth Precinct Police. Coroner WILDEY visited the Hospital in company with Dr. BOUTON, yesterday, for the purpose of making an *ante-mortem* examination, but the condition of the patient was such it could not be done. He is not expected to recover.

FIRE ON THE KINGSBRIDGE ROAD—ARREST ON SUSPICION OF ARSON.—A building situated on the Kingsbridge Road, near One Hundred and Fifty-eighth-street, occupied in part as a slaughter-house by Messrs. JOHNSTON & BRIGGS, and by Dr. JACKSON as a stable, took fire and was entirely consumed. It belonged to J. J. SHILLING, and was insured for $700. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, and two men—MARTIN CUMMINGS, a native of the United States, and a butcher, and CHARLES WATERS, a native of Ireland, a shoemaker—were arrested by the Thirty-second Precinct Police, on a charge of having fired the premises.

PROMOTION.—Mr. VALENTINE, Clerk of the Common Council, has promoted his Third Assistant Clerk, Mr. ELIAS W. TAYLOR, to the post of First Assistant Clerk, vacant by reason of the resignation of Ex-State Senator WOODRUFF, who has been appointed Inspector of Railroads in the Croton Department, *vice* Ex-Alderman JOHN H. BRADY. Mr. TAYLOR entered upon the duties of the position he has just been promoted from in 1857, and has ever since been diligent and faithful in the performance of his duty, and merited his promotion.

CASES FOR THE CORONERS.—The body of an unknown man was found drowned at the foot of Catharine-slip, yesterday. Deceased was dressed in a flannel shirt, gray pan , a leather belt around the body, had dark hair, was about 30 years of age, and had the appearance of a sailor. The Coroner was notified. The dead body of a male infant, full grown, was found by the Police on the steps of house No. 120 West Thirty-ninth-street, occupied by Mrs. QUINLAN. It appeared to have been born alive, but to have been killed immediately afterward.

FATAL HATCHWAY ACCIDENT.—A clerk employed in the store of A. T. STEWART, corner Broadway and Tenth-street, named ABRAM AMMERMAN, died at his residence, No. 146 Clinton-street, on Saturday evening, from injuries received by falling through the hatchway of the first floor of the store to the subcellar, a distance of thirty feet.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION....MONDAY, June 22, 1863. } One O'clock P. M.

PRESENT—William Walsh, Esq., President, in the chair, and the following members:

Aldermen FOX, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

PETITION.

By Alderman Boole—
Petition of Charles L. Young, for damages.
Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be constructed under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in Seventy-fourth-street, commencing at the westerly side of the Fifth-avenue, running thence through and along Seventy-fourth-street, to the East River, the interior bottom line of the sewer, at Fifth-avenue and Seventy-fourth-street, to be constructed at an elevation not exceeding thirty-six feet ten inches above tide-water.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

By Alderman Mitchell—

Resolved, That the salary of the second assistant clerk of the Board of Aldermen be, and the same is hereby increased to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, the same to take effect from the First day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and the Comptroller is hereby directed to pay such increase from the appropriation of city contingencies.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, that the Eleventh-avenue, from Fifty-second street to one hundred feet north of Fifty-ninth street, be lighted with gas forthwith, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That Forty-seventh street, from Third to Fifth avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That Forty-sixth-street, from Third to Sixth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Boole—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and requested to communicate to this Board whatever information he may possess regarding the removal of Coenties Reef, in the East River, by the New-York Submarine Engineering Company.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That the Eighth-avenue, From Forty-second-street to Fifty-ninth-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, one half the expense to be paid by the City, and the other half to be paid for by the property benefited thereby, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By the same—

Resolved, That the vacant lots on the south side of Forty-fifth-street, between Broadway and Sixth-avenue, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

Resignation of Joel O. Stevens as Commissioner of Deeds.

Which was accepted.

Whereupon Alderman Farley offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That D. Sterling Yard be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in the place of Joel O. Stevens, resigned.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That Forty-second-street, from the Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, be paved with Belgian pavement, one-half the expense thereof to be paid by the owners of property benefited, and one-half at the expense of the City, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Mitchell—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to the proprietors of the Allaire Works, in Corlears-street, between Cherry and Monroe streets, to continue the occupation of the place now occupied by steam boilers in front of their premises, during the pleasure of the Common Council

Which was adopted

MOTIONS.

Alderman Hardy moved that the Committee on Salaries and Offices be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of Board of Councilmen that Henry C. Hope be appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, in place of Thomas Comon, resigned.

Which was carried.

And the resolution was concurred in.

REPORTS.

The Committee on Streets presented a report in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that the Croton Aqueduct Department be directed to cause a crosswalk to be laid from the northeast corner of Essex Market-place and Ludlow-street, to the west side of Ludlow-street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Treasurer of the Washington-square Methodist Episcopal Church, for the sum of three hundred and seventy-four dollars and fifteen cents, with interest, for taxes on their property in Fourth-street, between Macdougal-street and Sixth-avenue, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and charge the same to account of donations.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to set curb and gutter stones in Ninth-avenue, between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pave Fifty-fifth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to regulate, &c., Seventy-sixth-street, from Fifth-avenue to East River.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pave Fifty-sixth-street, from Third to Sixth-avenue, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pave Seventy-ninth-street, between Fifth-avenue and East River.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to regulate, &c., Sixty-fourth-street, from Eighth-avenue to North River.

Which was laid over.

MESSAGE FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor, nominating Francis I. A. Poole as City Inspector, in place of Daniel E. Delevan, whose term of office has expired.

Alderman Poole moved that such nomination be laid on the table.

Which was carried.

COMMUNICATION.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, with statement of treasury balance to June 20, 1863.

Which was received and ordered on file.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Jeremiah moved that the Committee on Sewers be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Sewers of Board of Councilmen, to correct assessments against Mr. Niles for sewer in Forty-fifth street.

Which was carried.

And the same was referred to the Committee on Assessments.

Aldermen Mitchell moved that the Committee on Fire Department be discharged from the further consideration of resolution that the Comptroller be directed to let on terms the most advantageous to the City, the premises now occupied by Hose Company number Thirteen, when said Company shall be placed in possession of a new location.

Which was carried.

The resolution was then adopted.

And ordered to be sent to the Board of Councilmen, this evening, for concurrence.

Alderman Hall was here called to the Chair.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER.

Report of Committee on Salaries and Offices, of Board of Councilmen, with resolutions that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Charles Heath for the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, such amount to be in full for services rendered during the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, as Inspector of Wells and Pumps.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—15.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen that the salary of the Clerk of the Board of Councilmen be increased to the sum of three thousand dollars per annum, to date from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, said increase to be taken from the appropriation for City contingencies.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—15.

Negative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

Petition of John McGrane for extension of time on contract for regulating Fifth-avenue.

(By Board of Councilmen, prayer of the petitioner granted.)

In connection with the foregoing, Alderman Hardy presented the following resolution

Resolved, That the time of the contract of John McGrane, for regulating and grading the Fifth-avenue, from Eighty-sixth-street to Mount Morris-square, be extended two years from the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Negative—Aldermen Fox, Jeremiah—2.

Preamble, reciting that Capt. Charles F. Hall is about to renew his Arctic exploration, and is fitting out an expedition to sail about the first of July, and that the expedition is likely to advance the interests of American commerce, provided adequate means are placed at his disposal, with resolution that the sum of ——— dollars be appropriated in aid of the object specified in the foregoing preamble, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to its appropriate account.

Which was laid over.

Bill of William S. Lyons, amounting to $———, for reception of Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth regiments New-York Volunteers.

Which was adopted on a division by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—16.

Bill of Conklin & Butts, amounting to $———, for services in the reception of the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth regiments New-York Volunteers.

Which was adopted on a division by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Fire Department, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting preamble, with resolution, that all needful repairs be made to the steam fire engine now in use by Engine Company number Twenty-nine, and the Street Commissioner is directed to advertise for proposals for the said repairs.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—15.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen, in adopting resolution that a receiving basin and culvert be built on the south side of Forty-fourth-street, seventy-five feet west of the Eleventh-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—15.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen, in adopting resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basin and culverts, be built in Forty-sixth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—16.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Messrs. McConnell and Howe for the sum of two hundred and seventy-five dollars, to be in full for a collation served up on the night of the sword presentation to Colonel Milton Cogswell, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—15.

MESSAGE FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR RESUMED.

The following message was received from His Honor the Mayor, returning unapproved resolution giving permission to Thomas Tyler to keep a refreshment stand on the north side of Fifty-ninth-street, east side of Sixth-avenue.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, June 22, 1863.

To the Honorable the Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN:

I return without my approval the resolution giving permission to Thomas Tyler to keep a refreshment stand on the north side of Fifty-ninth-street, east of Sixth-avenue.

The position specified is at the side of the principal entrance for pedestrians to the Central Park. It is also in the roadway of Fifty-ninth-street, and not upon the sidewalk, as the sidewalk on the north side of Fifty-ninth-street is no part of the original street, but is part of the land taken for the Central Park, and has been graded, graveled and embellished by the Commissioners of the Park as part of the Park grounds. The Park Commissioners and the Sixth-avenue Railroad Company object to the obstruction.

It will be obvious to your Honorable Body that to grant the use of the carriageway of a street, at a point where the thoroughfare is so crowded as the locality in question, is manifestly improper, both in respect to the right of the citizen to the entire unobstructed roadway, and the right of the owners of property in the vicinity to object to such use of the street in front of their property.

I had occasion to remark, in a communication to your predecessors, on the eighteenth of December last, in returning a resolution giving permission to erect a similar structure on the southeast corner of Eighth-avenue and Seventy-second-street, that being the principal western entrance to the Park, and would here repeat:

The Commissioners of the Park have leased to certain parties, at a fixed rent, suitable buildings, which have been erected

tion that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals for making extension of and necessary alterations and repairs to the house of Hose Company number Fourteen.

Which was referred to Committee on Repairs and Supplies.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that Nineteenth-street, from the Sixth to the Tenth avenues, be paved with trap-block pavement, the property owners to pay one-half of the expenses and the City the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Belgian Pavement.

Report of Committee on Assessments, with resolution that the sum of five hundred and eighty-six dollars and ninety-five cents be donated the Lexington-avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, to enable them to pay sundry assessments against their property southwest corner of Lexington-avenue and Fifty-second-street, and the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the President of the Board of Trustees of said Corporation for said amount, and charge the same to account of donations.

Which was referred to Committee on Charities and Donations.

REPORTS.

[G. O. 465.]

Report of Committee on Finance, to pay Dr. G. Wolff for medical attendance at Seventeenth Ward Station.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 466.]

Report of Committee on Finance, donating ten thousand dollars to the Blind Mechanics' Association

Which was laid over.

GENERAL ORDERS.

[G. O. 346.]

Report of Committee on National Affairs, in favor of concurring with Board of Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to pay the persons named the amount of their bills, (fourteen thousand four hundred and seventy-nine dollars,) for expenses incurred by the Committee on National Affairs in the reception of the First, Fourth and Fifth regiments, New-York Volunteers, on their return from the seat of war, etc. Also, for expenses incurred in conducting the funeral obsequies of the late Colonel Ringgold, of the One Hundred and Third New-York Volunteers, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the amount of City contingencies,

Which was lost for want of the required number of votes, and subsequently reconsidered and postponed.

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, The President, Webster, Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Murray, Brice, Russell, Joyce —15.

Negative—Riley, Sandford, McVay, Brady, McGrath, O'Brien, Brandon, Fitzgerald—8.

Councilman Keenan moved to suspend the rules for the purpose of taking up General Order number four hundred and thirty-one, being a resolution that the Comptroller be directed to pay for the colors furnished by the Committee on National Affairs to the New-York City regiments, the sum of one hundred and seventy-five dollars for each regiment, as per resolution of the Common Council, December one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, upon the presentation of proper vouchers, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

The motion to suspend the rules was carried.

And the resolution was referred to the Committee on National Affairs.

[G. O. 347.]

Report of Committee on National Affairs, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Wm. Carroll for the sum of four hundred and sixty-three dollars and fifty cents, and to take his receipt in full for the annexed bill, and charge to appropriate account.

Which was lost for want of the required number of votes, as follows:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Webster, Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, O'Brien, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—15.

Negative—Councilmen Riley, Sandford, The President, McVay, Brady, McGrath, Murray, Fitgerald—8.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

[G. O. 348.]

Report of Committee on National Affairs, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the several parties whose bills are hereunto annexed, (amounting to five hundred and seventy-one dollars and eighteen cents, for expenses of funeral of Col. B. F. Ringgold,) and charge the same to account of City contingencies.

Which was lost for want of the required number of votes, as follows:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, The President, Webster, McConnell, Gross, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Murray, Brice, Russell, Joyce—15.

Negative—Councilmen Riley, Sandford, McVay, Brady, McGrath, O'Brien, Brandon, Fitzgerald—8.

And subsequently such vote was reconsidered.

Councilman Gross was here called to the Chair.

Councilman Brandon moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

Councilman Webster moved that the question be taken on the several bills contained in the resolution separately, and on that motion called the previous question.

The President pro tem. put the question, "Shall the main question be now put?"

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Webster, Repper, Houghtalin, Brice, Russell—7.

Negative—Councilman Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon, Fitzgerald, Joyce—16.

Councilman Hayes moved that the whole subject be laid over.

Which was carried.

Councilman Hayes called up General Order number four hundred and five.

Being a resolution of Board of Aldermen that a Special Committee of seven members from each branch of the Common Council be appointed to make the necessary arrangements for celebrating in a suitable manner the approaching anniversary of our National Independence, and that the sum of ten thousand dollars be and hereby is appropriated for defraying the expenses incident to such celebration.

Councilman Sandford moved to amend said resolution by striking out the sum of ten thousand dollars, and inserting in lieu thereof five thousand dollars.

Which was lost.

Councilman Brandon moved that the resolution be laid over.

Which was lost.

And the resolution was lost for want of the required number of votes.

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, The President, Webster, Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Murray, Brice, Russell, Joyce—15.

Negative—Councilmen Riley, Sandford, McVay, Brady, McGrath, O'Brien, Brandon, Fitzgerald—8.

[G. O. 463.]

Preamble of Board of Aldermen, reciting that a resolution, approved May fourteen, appropriating two hundred and fifty dollars to Nathaniel Lockwood for pay for extra work, &c., in the house for Engine Company number Forty-one, which the Comptroller declines to pay, on the ground that no appropriation was designated from which said amount should be taken; with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Nathaniel Lockwood for the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, being in full for extra work done, and materials furnished, in the erection of house for Engine Company number Forty-one, the same to be charged to appropriations for Fire Department.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—19.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, The President—4.

And the same was directed to be sent to His Honor the Mayor for approval.

Councilman Haviland moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

[G. O. 355.]

Resolution by Board of Aldermen that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of J. McKempster for the sum of thirty-five dollars, for reporting investigation relative to the number of cars run by the Sixth-avenue Railroad Company, the number licensed, and by what authority the Company had extended its track to Fifty-ninth-street, the said services having been rendered the Committee on Railroads of the Board of Aldermen for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the appropriate account.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, Brice, Russell, Joyce—21.

Negative—Councilmen Webster, Russell—2.

And the same was directed to be sent to His Honor the Mayor for approval.

[G. O. 361.]

Report of Committee on Finance, in favor of concurring with the Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that the accompanying bill of the Sunday Times, amounting to the sum of one hundred and sixty-eight dollars and fifty cents, for services rendered to the City, be and the same are hereby referred to the Comptroller with power to pay the same.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, The President, Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—19.

Negative—Councilmen Sandford, Webster, McVay, Brady—4.

And the same was directed to be sent to his Honor the Mayor for approval.

[G. O. 372.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution, that crosswalks be laid at the intersections of One Hundred and Sixth, One Hundred and Seventh, One Hundred and Eighth and One Hundred and Ninth streets with the Third-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—19.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Riley, The President, O'Brien—4.

And the same was directed to be sent to His Honor the Mayor for approval.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

Councilman Sandford asked unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time

Objection being made.

Councilman Hayes moved that the rules be suspended for the purpose of permitting the introduction of such resolution.

Which was carried.

The resolution was then read as follows:

Resolved, That the sum of one thousand dollars be and the same is hereby donated to the St. Vincent Hospital, situated in Eleventh-street, and the Comptroller be and he is hereby directed to draw his warrant for the above sum and charge the same to account of Donations.

Which was referred to Committee on Charities and Donations.

GENERAL ORDERS RESUMED.

[G. O. 444.]

Report of Committee on Fire Department of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals for building a steam fire engine for the use of Hose Company number Twenty-six, similar to the one now in use by Engine Company number Eleven.

Councilman Haviland moved to lay the paper on the table.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, The President, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Murray—6.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Gaw, O'Brien, Brandon, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—16.

Councilman Hayes moved to amend the resolution by striking out all after the words Hose Company number Twenty-six.

Which was lost.

Councilman Hayes moved to amend the resolution so that the Street Commissioner shall be directed to purchase a steam fire engine for the use of Hose Company number Twenty-six, at a cost not to exceed three thousand five hundred dollars.

Councilman Jones moved to amend the amendment by adding thereto the words, "and also a tender."

Councilman Brandon moved that the whole subject be laid on the table.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, The President, McGrath, Murray, Brandon—5.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, O'Brien, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—17.

Councilman Brandon moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

The question then coming up on the amendment of Councilman Jones, the same was accepted by Councilman Hayes.

The question then recurring upon the amendment of Councilman Hayes,

The same was lost.

Councilman Hogan moved that the whole subject be indefinitely postponed.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, The President, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Murray—6.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Gaw, O'Brien, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—15.

The resolution was then concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Gaw, O'Brien, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—15.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, The President, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Murray, Brandon—7

And the same was directed to be sent to His Honor the Mayor for approval.

RESOLUTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Councilman Joyce asked unanimous consent to offer a resolution.

Objection being made.

Councilman Jones moved to suspend the rules for that purpose.

Which was carried.

Councilman Joyce thereupon offered the following resolution, viz:

Resolved, That the proprietor of the Astor, Mr. Stetson, be requested to furnish separate bills to all the members of this Board for expenses incurred by them in participating at the receptions given to returning regiments, both at the City Assembly Rooms, the Park Barracks and elsewhere, the said amount to be taken out of the bills that have been presented to the Common Council for payment.

Councilman Hayes moved that the whole subject be laid upon the table.

Which was lost.

Councilman Webster moved that the gentleman offering the resolution be permitted to withdraw the same.

Councilman Keenan moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried.

Whereupon, pending the consideration of the above resolution, the President pro tem. declared that the Board stood adjourned until Thursday, twenty-fifth instant, at four o'clock P. M.

JAMES M. SWEENEY, Clerk.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Adjourned to Wednesday, July 1, at 11 A. M.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Adjourned for the term. *Part II.*—Nos. 63½, 3382 to 331, inclusive. *Part III.*—Nos. 2367, 1184, 1425, 2747, 88, 2916, 2203, 45, 156, 1640, 2996, 1985, 115, 791, 769, 989, 2783, 3070, 3026, 1633.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.—*Part I.*—Nos. 2765, 2055, 2771, 2257, 547, 2717, 2653, 1859, 827, 2727, 1961, 1755. *Part II.*—Nos. 2236, 1234, 2208, 1734, 2355½, 1810, 1710, 2336, 2250, 484.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.—Adjourned for the Term.

Practice in Arrest on Civil Process.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Sutherland.

Jacob Mist and another vs. *W. Spear.*—An order of arrest was issued in this action against all the defendants upon affidavits which showed that the defendants Kaliski & Bro. were carrying on the clothing business at Canal-st., in this City, and at Dubuque, Iowa; that in March, 1862, they sold out their business to the defendant Spear, and Leopold Kaliski acted as clerk for Spear, after the sale; that afterward Leopold Kaliski purchased from plaintiff various bills of goods in the name of the old firm of Kaliski Bros., and that Spear executed a power of attorney to one Straus, who proceeded to Dubuque and took possession of the goods of said firm of Kaliski Bros. It was also alleged that, in April last, the store in Canal-street was suddenly closed up, and the stock disposed of, and the same was done with intent to defraud the plaintiff. Counsel for the defendant Spear obtained an order to show cause why the order of arrest should not be set aside as to Spear. The order was returnable yesterday. Counsel for the motion claimed that there was no cause of arrest or action set up as against Spear, and moved upon the original papers. The order of arrest was withdrawn and vacated, and an order entered discontinuing the action as against Spear.

Alexander H. Reavey for motion; J. A. Sherman, opposed.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Barnard.

Stoves Machine Company vs. *Emery et al.*—Adjustment of costs set aside, and readjustment ordered.

Ackroyd et al. vs. *Ackroyd.*—Motion denied.

Schmidt vs. *Atteubran.*—Order settled.

Wright vs. *Cutler, &c.*, *Denning* vs. *Webb.*—Motions denied.

Schuyler vs. *Meyer.*—Memoranda for counsel.

Libman et al. vs. *The Same.*—Motion granted, with $10 costs.

Before Justice Sutherland.

Weinstein vs. *Weinstein.*—Motion granted, without costs to either party.

Tappan vs. *Livingston, &c.*—Report confirmed.

Goldsmith vs. *Worms et al.*—Motion granted, with $10 costs, to abide the event.

Kaufman et al. vs. *The Same.*—Same.

Before Justice Clerke.

Stevins vs. *Hilliken, &c.*—Settled.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....June 22, 1863.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Cou.	108¾	400	Hudson R. R.	s30. 124
10,000	do	109	50	do	124⅛
1,000	do	109⅛	150	do	b30. 125
3,000	do	109⅛	200	do	s60. 124
11,000	U. S. 5s, '74 Cou.	100	600	do	s30. 125
10,000	Treas. 7 3-10 ₱ c.		300	do	s30. 125⅛
	N. Oct. & Apr	106½	100	do	b15. 126
1,000	do. Fe & Aug.	107⅜	100	do	b10. 127
5,000	U. S. 6s, 1 yr. C. N.	98⅝	200	do	s30. 126
1,000	Ill. Coup. Bs. '77.	107	100	do	s10. 127
4,000	Tenn. St. 6s, '90	62	600	do	b10. 127⅛
1,000	N. C. St. 6s	69	450	do	b15. 128
20,000	Mo. State 6s	69⅛	400	do	127⅜
8,000	do	69	100	Har. Railroad	s30. 75⅝
10,000	do	b30 69	500	do	76
13,000	E. 4th M. Bs	108⅛	700	do	76⅞
25,000	E 8th M. B	103	1400	do	77
1,000	M. C. 8s Co. 1st M. S. F. Bs	122	1500	do	77⅛
2,000	Al. & T. H. 2d M. Pr	92	1000	do	s30 77
13,000	Alt. & T. H. In. B.	81	700	do	b10 77⅜
3,000	C. & N. W. S. F. B.	105	50	Nor. & Wor. R.	91⅜
5,000	C. & N. W. 1st M	85	100	Reading R.	103⅜
20,000	C. & N. W. 2d	b30 60	300	do	s30. 103⅜
2,000	do	59	500	do	103⅜
1,000	do	60	400	Mich. Cen. R.	109⅝
5,000	Tol. & W. 1st M.	107	100	do	s15. 109
1,000	Chic. & R. I. Bds.	113	200	do	s30. 109
10	Am. Exc. Bank	106⅜	150	do	s15. 108⅞
5	Man. & Mer. Bank	100	150	do	s15. 109⅛
10,000	Amer. Gold	143⅜	100	Gal. & Chi. R.	b30. 95
10,000	do	143⅜	200	do	94⅜
65,000	do	143⅝	200	do	94⅜
26,500	do	143⅝	200	do	c 94
100	Canton Co	26⅛	600	M. S. & N. I. R.	69⅜
300	do	b30 26⅛	400	do	b30 70
450	do	26	100	do	69⅜
200	do	s60 26	200	do	b15 69⅜
200	do	b60 26⅛	500	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	115
41	Del. & H. Ca. Co.	140	100	do	s15. 115
200	Cumb. Coal. Prf.	21⅜	250	do	115⅛
300	do	22	50	Panama R.	188
20	Min. Mining Co.	102	650	Ill. Cen. C. R. S.	101⅜
50	Wyom. V. Coal Co.	75⅜	200	do	101¾
100	Pacific M. S. Co.	s30. 173⅜	300	do	101⅞
100	do	s15. 173⅝	800	Clev. & P. R.	82
50	do	174	100	do	s30 81⅜
100	do	b30. 175⅜	500	do	s60 81⅜
50	do	174⅜	1200	do	81⅜
150	do	b30. 176	250	Clev., Col. & Cin. R.	160
100	do	b30. 176⅛	250	Chic. & R. I. R.	99⅜
300	do	175	200	do	b10 99⅜
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	118	50	do	s10 99⅜
250	do	118⅛	350	Mil. & Pr. Du C.	52
700	Erie Railway	93⅜	21	do	51
80	do	s10 93⅜	100	do	s60 51
100	do	b30 94⅛	480	P., F. W. & C.	66
500	do	93⅞	100	do	s15 65
25	do	94	200	do	s10 65
100	do	b15 94	100	do	b30 65⅜
300	Clev. & Tol.	108	200	do	b30 65⅝
200	do	108⅜	250	Chic. & N. W. R.	28⅜
600	Erie R. Pref.	s15. 102	100	do	s10 28⅜
50	do	101⅞	150	do	s60 28⅜
900	do	102	100	do	28⅜
100	do	b30. 102⅜	250	Chic. & Alt. Pref.	89
100	do	b10. 102⅛			
24	Miss. & Mo R.	20			

SECOND BOARD.

$100,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Cou.	109¾	50	Erie R. Pref.	102⅜
1,000	do	110	50	do	102¾
2,000	U. S. 5s, 1-yr. C.	101	1300	Hudson R. R.	s30. 126
6,000	do	New	98⅛	100	do	s30. 125¾
5,000	Tenn. State 6s, '90	61⅜	100	do	127⅜
5,000	Mo. State 6s	68⅜	600	do	128
12,000	do	68⅜	200	do	b10. 128⅛
15,000	do	s30 68⅜	100	do	128⅜
3,000	Cal. State 7s	130	200	do	b10. 129
3,000	C. & N. W. 2d M.	59	50	do	b15. 129
3,000	do	59⅜	300	do	b10. 129
2,000	Ill. Cen. R. B.	120	100	Reading R.	103
5,000	Amer. Gold	143⅜	200	Harlem R.	79
10,000	do	143⅜	1500	do	79⅜
100	Canton Com	26¾	200	do	s15 79
150	Pacific M. S. Co.	176	1800	do	s10 79⅜
100	Alt. & T. H. R. Pr.	67⅜	200	M. S. & N. I. R.	69⅜
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	118⅜	100	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	s10. 115⅜
100	do	s10. 118⅜	200	do	116
50	do	b10. 118⅜	500	Clev. & Pitts.	82
200	do	118⅜	100	do	b10 82
400	Chi. & R. Is.	94⅜			
50	do	94⅜			
100	do	94⅜			
100	P., F. W. & C. R.	66⅜			
350	do	65⅜			
38	C. & N. W. R.	99			
200	do	29⅜			

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000	Am. Gold	143⅜	100	Hudson R.	127⅜
5,000	Mo. St. 6s	69⅛	100	do	s7. 127⅜
5,000	do	69	50	do	127
5,000	Tenn. St. 6s	62	100	do	b10. 127⅜
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	118⅜	100	M. S. & N. I.	s30 69½
100	do	b10. 118⅜	200	do	b3 69⅜
450	Erie Railway	c 93⅜	100	do	s10 69⅜
400	do	93⅜	50	do	b10 69⅜
700	do	b3 93⅜	200	do	69⅝
100	do	s10 93⅜	50	Ill. Cen. R.	s10 101¼
300	do	s3 93⅜	50	do	s10. 101⅜
900	do	93⅜	100	do	101⅜
200	do	b10 93⅞	200	Clev. & Pitts. R.	c 81½
100	do	s5 93⅞	200	do	81⅝
100	do	stw 93⅞	100	do	s3 81⅞
800	Harlem R.	79¾	400	do	b30 82½
200	do	79¾	200	do	81⅝
1200	do	79	100	Mil. & P. Du C.	51⅞
300	do	b3 79	150	Chi. & R. I. R.	93⅜
600	do	78⅞	50	do	93⅝
1100	do	s60 78⅝	50	do	s3 93⅜
400	do	78⅜	100	do	93⅞
50	Cumb. Coal	b10 22¼			

PUBLIC BOARD—4 P. M.

$5,000	Treas. 7 3-10 p. ct. Notes	106¼	200	Harlem R	79⅜
5,000	Debt Cert's. New	98¾	100	do	s10 79⅜
10,000	Mo. State 6s	68¾	206	do	b3 79⅜
50	Cum. Coal	21¾	200	do	b3 79⅜
100	Erie Railway	94⅜	200	M. So. & N. I. R.	s30 70
100	do	s10 94⅜	100	do	b3 70⅜
300	do	94⅜	100	do	b10 70⅜
300	do	b10 94⅜	100	do	b3 70⅜
100	do	s3 94⅜	100	Cleve. & P. R.	82⅜
100	do	s10 94⅜	100	P., Ft. W. & C. R.	66
200	do	94⅜	50	Mil. & P. Du C. R.	51⅜
50	Hud. River R.	123⅜	50	do	52
100	Chic. & R. I. R.	94⅜			

MONDAY, June 22—P. M.

The Weekly Averages of the Banks of the City of New-York, on Saturday, June 20, 1863, present in the aggregate the following changes from the previous exhibit of June 13:

Decrease in Loans	$3,725,523
Increase in Specie	430,078
Decrease in Circulation	90,152
Decrease in Undrawn Deposits	2,427,849

Including the Clearing-house operations of the week, which show the inter-exchanges between the Banks, and including also the Sub-Treasury balance at the close of the week, the following is the general comparison with the previous exhibit, and also with the movement this time last season:

	June 21, 1862.	June 20, 1863.	June 13, 1863.
Capital	$69,051,000	$69,128,000	$69,128,000
Loans	146,839,762	177,083,295	180,808,823
Specie	31,047,945	38,314,206	37,886,128
Circulation	8,849,183	6,120,252	6,210,404
Gross Deposits	154,674,421	205,370,504	209,947,362
Exchanged	28,999,999	48,267,203	50,396,212
Undrawn	126,664,422	157,123,301	159,551,150
In Sub-Treasury	14,905,354	23,155,641	20,862,520

The large reduction in Loans and Discounts on the present Bank return is the result, in good part, of the continued withdrawal of United States Currency for conversion into the 5-20 years' Loan of 1882. For the fortnight the curtailment is about six millions of dollars. The stock of Specie increases both at Bank and in the Sub-Treasury on this return. The line of Deposits is not quite so heavily influenced by the conversion of United States Currency as the Loans and Discounts. The reverse was the case last Monday. To-day, as on Saturday, there is more ease in the market for Money to the Stock Brokers and some of the leading houses who paid 7 ₱ cent. on miscellaneous collateral last week, are now accommodated, in part at least, at 6 ₱ cent. The signs of comfort for borrowers in the supply of Money are even more decided than on Saturday, and the effect of the change is sensibly felt at the Stock Board, as will be noticed from the upward range of prices.

The price of Gold Coin to-day has undergone very little change from Saturday's sales. The rate was steady through the forenoon, but a fraction weaker at the close of the day. The sales of Exchange on London, first-class Bankers, were at 156@156½ ₱ cent. The Cunard mail this week goes *via* Boston. The demand thus far is not important in amount. The English papers and letters by the *City of New-York*, this morning, report an active market for Money in London at 4 ₱ cent. The shipments outward of Gold and Silver to the East and to Brazil were ahead of receipts from Australia and California and the West Indies. The quotations for American Government Stock are higher, and the price for 1881 Coupon 6 ₱ cents took another rise here to-day to 109½ ₱ cent. on purchases for European account.

The Stock Exchange was firmer in prices, with a more animated demand than last week. The advance in Harlem was 7 ₱ cent., and on Hudson River 6 ₱ cent., as compared with the last quotation of Saturday. There was a further recovery in Pacific Mail and Toledo, and a good feeling in New-York Central and Erie Shares at a rise of about 1 ₱ cent. The Western Roads were somewhat irregular, the change since Saturday being against Rock Island, Fort Wayne and Galena. Reading shares improved 1 ₱ cent. The State 6 ₱ cents, of Missouri and Tennessee steady at about Saturday's figures. The Government Stocks and Treasury paper firm. At the Second Board there was a large business in the Coupon 6 ₱ cents, of 1881.

At 4 o'clock, the Share list was generally firm, with a demand for Erie, Michigan Southern, &c., at a further advance on the Second Board printed sales. Gold Coin left off tame at 143⅜@½ ₱ cent. The following quotations were made, in comparison with Saturday night:

	Sat.	Mon.		Sat.	Mon.
Gold Coin	143⅝	143⅜	Harlem Pref.	90	91
U. S. 6s, 1881	109	109⅜	Mich. Central	109	109⅜
N. Y. Central	118	118⅜	Mich. Southern	68¾	70⅛
Erie	93½	94⅜	Mich. Guarant'd.	113⅜	116
Erie Preferred	101⅜	102⅜	Illinois Central	101	102
Hudson	122⅜	129	Pittsburgh	81⅜	82⅛
Toledo	107⅛	109	Fort Wayne	66	66¾
Pacific Mail x d.	174⅜	176	Rock Island	94⅜	94⅝
Harlem	72	79½	Northwest	28⅝	28⅝
Canton	27	26¾	Galena	95	93⅜
Cumberland	22	22	Reading	102¾	103⅛

The payments into the Treasury Office, to-day, on account of the New Loan of 1882, amount to $1.226,150, of which $984,200 went in through the Loan Agency, and $241,950 on subscriptions direct at the Treasury.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States was as follows: Receipts, 5,496,052 87, including for Customs, $109,000; Payments, $5,150,806 78; Balance, $23,500,887 34.

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares. The July half-yearly dividend of the Seventh Ward Bank is 5 ₱ cent., payable July 1. The Bull's Head Bank declares a quarterly dividend of 3 ₱ cent., payable July 1, equal to the rate of 12 ₱ cent. ₱ annum.

Mechanics'	115	Bank of the Republic	106
America	129	Bank of N. America	109
Phœnix	112	Hanover	97
Tradesmen's	105	Metropolitan	115
Leather Manuf.	150	East River	98
Seventh Ward	135	Nassau	105
State of New-York	102	Shoe and Leather	106
Commerce	101¾	Continental	99
Mechanics' B. Associa'n	99	Marine	140
Broadway	150	Commonwealth	99
Ocean	95	Atlantic	75
American Exchange	105	Park	130
Chatham	98	Manuf. and Merch	100

The following are the bids to-day for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	107¾	N. Ind. R. G. L. '68	105
N. Y. Cen. subsc'n.	101	M. S. & N. Ind. S F	109
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '64	101	Al. & T. H. firsts	104
N. Y. Central 7s, 76	116	Al. & T. H. 2ds, prefer'd.	91
N. Y. Cent. con., '76	101¾	Al. & T. H. 2ds, in	80
Erie R. fourths, '80	108	Chi. & N. W. s. f.	105
Erie R. fifths, '88	103	C. & N. W. 1st m., 2d ser.	85
Hud. R. thirds '75	117	Chi. & N. W. 2d M.	59½
Hud. R. conv., '67	120	Tol. & Wab. firsts	107
Harlem firsts, '69, '73	112	Chic. & R. I. firsts	112
Mich. Cen. '69, '72	115¾	Clev. & Tol. S F	111¼
Mich. C. new lots '82	122	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2ds	101
Chi. B. & Q. 1sts	123	Pitts., Ft. & W. C. 3ds	89
Mich. S. seconds	101		

Mr. DUDLEY HALL, of the Stock firm of SHERMAN & Co., No. 25 William-street, was to-day admitted to membership at the Stock Exchange Board.

Annexed is a statement of the business of the Reading Railroad for the month of May:

	1863.	1862.
Received from coal	$394,569	$189,356
Received from merchandise	57,498	44,701
Received from travel, &c	53,149	49,938
Total	$505,516	$283,996
Transporta'n and all charges	248,320	147,412
Net profit for the month	$257,196	$136,584
Net profit previous 5 months	960,796	589,262
Total net profit 5 months	$1,217,993	$725,846

Under the authority of the Railway bill just passed by the Connecticut Legislature, the New-York and Harlem Company will probably take immediate steps for perfecting a through line from New-York to Hartford, and thence to Boston. The connection between the Harlem, from near Dover Plains, with the Housatonic Road, we understand will require less than ten miles of lateral track; and the connection further East, between the Housatonic and Hartford, can be made easy without the help direct of the Harlem Company. A reference to the map of the country will show that the route, if thus completed inland from New-York to Boston, would be more direct that *via* New-Haven.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, June 22, 1863—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 67 bbls. Ashes, 40,557 bbls. Flour, 1,351 bbls. and 365 bags Corn Meal, 137,442 bushels Wheat, 127,181 bushels Corn, 43 bushels Rye, 70,141 bushels Oats, 1,300 bushels Malt, 11,269 pkgs. Provisions, and 2,027 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales 50 bbls., including Pots, at $8, and Pearls at $9 62½ ₱ 100 lbs.

COTTON—Has been in good demand, mainly on speculation, at buoyant prices. Sales and resales 1,750 bales Middlings, closing firmly, at 59c. ₱ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in rather more request for shipment and home use; prices have, in some instances, declined slightly. Sales, since our last, 20,800 bbls., including superfine State and Western at $4 60@$5; poor to choice extra State at $5 35@$5 90, chiefly at $5 50@$5 70; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $5 80@$6 ₱ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$4 60	@$5 00
Extra State	5 35	@ 5 90
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	5 30	@ 7 70
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g br'ds.	5 80	@ 6 00
Extra Ohio, trade brands	6 00	@ 7 70
Extra Genesee	6 00	@ 7 75
Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri	6 00	@ 9 50

Southern Flour continues depressed; sales, since our last, 1,350 bbls., at $6 05@$6 85 for poor to good superfine; $6 90@$8 40 for fancy to choice brands, and $8 50@$9 25 for very superior family brands,

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 23, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—THE DUKE'S MOTTO.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—GEN. TOM THUMB AND WIFE, COMMODORE NUTT AND MINNIE WARREN at all hours. Dramas at 3 and 7¾ o'clock P. M.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN—(No. 625 Broadway)—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.

IRVING HALL—THE STEREOPTICON.

GOUPIL'S—No. 772 Broadway—THE UNION DASH INTO FREDERICKSBURGH.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

STUART'S cavalry has suffered another defeat at the hands of Gen. PLEASANTON—a worse one, apparently, than either of the preceding ones. Gen. PLEASANTON, in an official report of the affair, states that he moved with his command, on Sunday morning, to Middleburgh, and attacked STUART. The rebels were driven steadily all day, losing heavily at every step. We captured two pieces of artillery—one a Blakeley gun, with three caissons, and another blown up, together with a large number of prisoners, including a number of prominent officers. All the rebel dead and wounded were left on the field, with carbines, pistols and sabres in large numbers. The rebels were driven beyond Upperville into Ashby's Gap, a distance of eight miles. Our loss was very small, both in men and horses, notwithstanding very heavy charges were made and the sabre was used freely.

Definite information of the whereabouts of LEE'S main army has been received at the Headquarters of the Army of the Potomac. Reconnoissances and scouts have revealed the fact that it is on the immediate western slope of the Blue Ridge, between Snicker's Gap and Winchester. LEE'S whole infantry force is there, including the corps of A. P. HILL. The stories received from Baltimore late on Sunday night, to the effect that a heavy rebel force, numbering from twenty-five to forty thousand, had crossed the Potomac at Antietam Ford, appear to have had no foundation in fact. It was ascertained yesterday that the rebel force at Frederick and vicinity was only a small scouting party, and that there were not more than seven or eight thousand rebels in Maryland. No demonstration had been made at Harper's Ferry, and communication between that point and Baltimore was open.

A dispatch from Harrisburgh, received late last night, expresses the belief that the entire rebel force this side of the Potomac is advancing toward Harrisburgh. The enemy occupied Greencastle at noon yesterday, with cavalry, infantry and artillery, believed to be in strong force. Five rebels were captured near Gettysburgh by the Philadelphia City troop on Sunday evening.

Three more regiments left for the seat of war, from this vicinity, yesterday—the Sixth and Sixty-ninth New-York State Militia, and the One Hundred and Seventy-eighth New-York Volunteers, the last named enlisted for the war, and recently camped on Staten Island. Other regiments still are to follow in a day or two.

We have advices from New-Orleans to the 14th inst., by the arrival at this port, last evening, of the steamer *Locust Point*. The only news from Port Hudson is the statement that the siege is progressing. No details whatever have come to hand. Gen. SHERMAN had suffered the amputation of his leg, and still survived, but his condition was considered critical. The towboat *Boston*, already announced as having been captured by a party of Mobile rebels near Pass a l'Outre, on the 9th, was extemporized by her captors into a privateer, and captured and destroyed the bark *Lenox*, on the 10th. The *Lenox* was bound from New-York to New-Orleans.

A rebel dispatch from Osyka, Miss., states that a desperate fight took place at Port Hudson, on the 12th, the rebels driving the National forces out of their fortifications. There is no mention of any such occurrence in our New-Orleans news, which is two days later.

The Chattanooga *Rebel* of the 18th inst., which was received at Murfreesboro on June 19, has a telegram from Richmond dated June 17, which said that MILROY surrendered to EWELL at Winchester, after two days' fighting, with 7,000 men, several hundred horses, all his camp equipments, wagons and artillery. A rebel officer wrote on the margin of the *Rebel* of the 17th as follows: "There is just received a dispatch from Port Hudson, stating that the Confederates are victorious, and have captured 4,000 prisoners and all the Federal siege guns. The date of the dispatch is not given. Nothing from Vicksburgh."

We learn by a letter from the blockading fleet off Charleston, that an artillery battle took place on the 12th inst., between the rebel batteries on Morris Island and the National batteries on Folly Island, in which the gunboats *Pawnee* and *Commodore McDonough* took part. The firing continued for three hours, without any damage on our side. The rebels were seen carrying off a number of killed and wounded. On the following night there was another great conflagration in Charleston.

By the steamer *Saxon*, which arrived at this port yesterday from Port Royal, we learn that the two iron-clads which captured the ram *Fingal* were the *Weehawken* and *Patapsco*. The capture was made on the 16th inst., in Warsaw Sound. Only five guns were fired by the Monitors. No damage whatever was suffered on our side.

The ship *Isaac Webb*, which arrived at this port yesterday from Liverpool, reports having been captured on the 20th inst. by the pirate *Tacony*, and bonded in the sum of $40,000. The pirate put on board the *Webb* the captain, crew, and two passengers of the brig *Umpire*, captured and destroyed by the *Tacony* on the 16th. The *Webb* had on board a large number of emigrants, which fact probably accounts for her being released.

GENERAL NEWS.

We have advices from the City of Mexico to the 24th ult., by way of San Francisco. All the French residents have been compelled to leave the city. JUAREZ had taken command of the Mexican troops in person, and the fortifications around the city were being strengthened. It was supposed the Government would flood the valley on the approach of the French, and in every other possible manner make a desperate resistance. COMONFORT had been much censured for not relieving the garrison of Puebla, and in consequence had resigned. The French advance had arrived at San Martin los Mulican.

At a meeting of the Board of Aldermen yesterday, the Mayor sent in the name of Alderman BOOLE for City Inspector, *vice* Col. DELAVAN. The nomination was laid on the table, on motion of Mr. BOOLE himself. The Board soon after took a recess and went into caucus, Mr. JEREMIAH being called to the Chair. Mr. BOOLE then stated that he desired that Col. DELAVAN should be reappointed City Inspector. Messrs. FARLEY, MCCOOL and MITCHELL were appointed a Committee to ascertain if the Mayor would withdraw the nomination of Mr. BOOLE and substitute the name of Col. DELAVAN. They soon reported that the Mayor declined to answer the question, and refused to withdraw Mr. BOOLE'S name, but left it to be accepted or rejected by the Board. The same Committee, by instruction, then visited Col. DELAVAN, to obtain his resignation, and on their return, reported that the Colonel said he had nothing to resign, his term of office having expired. After the recess the Board confirmed Mr. BOOLE as City Inspector by 12 to 1. Mr. BOOLE then presented his resignation as Alderman, which was received and tabled. The question then being raised whether Mr. BOOLE could still act as Alderman, it was decided that he could till he formally accepted the City Inspectorship by taking the proper oath of office. The Board concurred to grant the use of the streets for laying mains, for a term of fifty years, to the "Anthracite Gaslighting and Heating Company." Mr. MITCHELL remarked, on voting, that it was high time something was put in opposition to the present gas monopolies. The Comptroller reported a balance of $1,727,343 87 in the City Treasury on last Saturday. Adjourned to 1 o'clock P. M. on Thursday.

In the Board of Councilmen a very numerously signed petition from Staten Islanders, imploring a grant of the "temporary and limited redress against the abuses and oppression of the existing Staten Island Ferry," (GEORGE LAW'S ferry,) recently asked for, was presented by Mr. WEBSTER, and referred. A communication was received from the Comptroller, stating the amount of fines paid over to the City by the Clerks of the Police and District Courts and the Corporation Attorney, from Jan. 1, 1859, to May 30, 1863. From District Courts, the sum was $58,247 95; Police Courts, $37,735 50; and Corporation Attorney, $2,688 60—total, $98,695 05. The resolution from the other Board, appropriating $10,000 to celebrate the ensuing Fourth of July, was lost for want of a constitutional vote. The Board adjourned to 4 o'clock P. M. on Thursday.

In Newburgh, on Sunday evening, a colored man, in jail on a charge of committing a rape on an Irish servant-girl, was taken out and hanged by a mob of the girl's countrymen.

There were 300 deaths in this City during the past week, 16 less than the number for the preceding week, and an increase of 49 compared with the deaths for the corresponding week of last year. The deaths from consumption were 40, convulsions 41, scarlet fever 20, marasmus 20, inflammation of the lungs 17, diphtheria 16, typhus fever 11, bronchitis 10, drowned 7, old age 6, delerium tremens 3, intemperance 2.

Chief Justice TANEY has decided the regulations issued by the Secretary of the Treasury, Aug. 28, 1862, founded on the acts of Congress of July 13, 1861, and May 20, 1862, which provide that no goods, &c., shall be transported to any place on the north side of the Potomac River, south of the Washington and Annapolis Railroad, nor to any place on the eastern shore of the Chesapeake, without a permit of a duly authorized officer of the Treasury Department, to be unconstitutional and void.

In the Court of Sessions yesterday, HARMAN W. BEECHER, the young man who attempted the bold robbery on a Broadway jeweler last week, was arraigned for trial, but his counsel not being ready, the case was postponed till next term. AUGUSTUS C. COLMAN was convicted of embezzlement from his employer, W. S. CORWIN, and remanded for sentence. JAMES BARRY, indicted for manslaughter in causing the death of his wife by beating, pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the fourth degree, and was remanded. ELIZA FEEHAN pleaded guilty to passing counterfeit money, and was remanded.

There was more ease in the supply of Money, and a stronger Share market on the Stock Exchange yesterday. Government 6 ₰ cents, of 1881, rose to 109¼@110 ₰ cent.; Erie shares, 94½ ₰ cent. Gold and Exchange about the same as Saturday; last price for Gold, 143¾ ₰ cent. The sales of the United States 6 ₰ cents, of 1882, amounted to $1,226,150.

Breadstuffs were more freely offered and purchased yesterday, at generally easier prices. Provisions were in less request; Pork declined slightly. Groceries were quiet. Whisky was in moderate demand. Peanuts were in active request, and heavy sales were reported, without reliable particulars. Cotton was brisk and buoyant. The freight engagements were more extensive, but at drooping figures.

The cattle markets are fairly supplied this week, the numbers amounting to 3,900 received at ALLERTON'S up to Monday noon. Most of them were heavy, fat bullocks, for which 11c.@11¼c. ₰ lb. was obtained—12c. for a very few of the best. Common cattle are ¼c.@½c. lower than last week, and sell rather slowly. From appearances, all the stock will be wanted at present prices.

An Army for the War.

The first call for militia was for three months, but this was before the full magnitude of the struggle in which the country was embarking had become apparent. After Bull Run, when it was evident that "a long and bloody war" was in store for us, a call was made for men for three years. A year afterward, after our failure before Richmond, another call was made for men for two years and for nine months. The latest call is for six months, and the number that can be got to volunteer even for this period does not seem to be overwhelmingly large. Most of the levies who have taken the field in Pennsylvania have taken every possible precaution to insure their discharge in thirty days, or when "the emergency" is over; so that six months now seems to be rather more than the maximum period for which men will enlist in any great force, and this only under pressure of invasion. It remains to be seen whether they would enlist in much greater numbers for three months, as a call for that period has still to be made. But aside from their actual effectiveness in raising men, these calls for short periods are open to the very strong and very palpable objection that each of them is a sort of intimation to the South to hold out, and it will succeed. When we called an army into the field for three years, and made no arrangements for renewing it as it diminished, it was tantamount to telling the rebels that if they could protract the contest to the close of that period, we should leave them masters of the field. Since then, nothing we have done toward reinforcing it has had any tendency whatever to prolong its existence. In a year from this time, unless some steps are taken in the interval to avert it, the United States will not have a single soldier in the field, and yet he must be a very sanguine man who feels confident that there is not more than even this year's work left at the South for soldiers to do.

The time has come when this matter must be looked in the face and settled. There is not a particle of use in being determined to fight on "to the bitter end," unless some means is devised of raising men, for war cannot be carried on with speeches and pamphlets. And we put it to any sane man in the country to say whether he seriously believes that thirty-day volunteers are capable of carrying us either to the "bitter end," or any other end that is not humiliating and disgraceful. There is no question whatever, that if we cannot get heavier material than this for continuing our military operations, we shall be discomfited, and compelled to give up the contest—and that under the most disadvantageous and infamous circumstances. We are at present sufficiently strong to get terms of some sort from the enemy. A campaign carried on with drafts of militia, however, could only end in placing us at JEFF. DAVIS' feet, and force us to submit to such conditions as he might please to dictate. We might now give up the contest with nothing worse than the contempt of mankind and the loss of our nationality; but after fighting LEE two or three times with bands of new levies, we should owe even our property to Confederate pity.

There is one other contingency which it behooves us just now to think of also. HOOKER will, we hope, be victorious in the battle or battles which are now impending. But he may not be. The fortune of war may turn against him, as it has a hundred times turned against abler and more successful leaders. He may be, in short, defeated, as armies in most wars are defeated, utterly and completely, leaving us without a regular trained corps in the field. The enemy would then have nothing between him and Washington, and Baltimore and Philadelphia. What then?

We know the people of the North too well to suppose that they would not meet this crowning disaster with just as much pluck and fortitude as they met the first outrage of the war, and that LEE would be confronted in the very first week of his victorious march by hundreds of thousands of volunteers who would make a rampart of their bodies for the protection of Northern homes. But we know also that we should stop his progress at a fearful cost of life and money; that thousands of valuable lives would be sacrificed to want of discipline, want of preparation, and want of skill. A thousand men, raised, drilled and organized *now*, would be equal to ten thousand rushing to arms then. So that humanity and economy, as well as common prudence, imperatively require us all to aid the Government to substitute *a real system* of keeping the army effective for the present plan of making war by its wits, which it is now compelled to pursue.

Burnside's Order—How it Worked—Vallandigham and the Rebels.

The Louisville *Journal*, in an article highly laudatory of Gen. BURNSIDE, takes occasion to make this statement:

"His order, No. 38, has worked like a charm, and given peace, quiet and security to many portions of the State which have been infested by rebel sympathizers and marauders. Previous to its publication, many parts of the State were infested by MORGAN'S men and other rebels, whose presence brought fear and terror; but since its enforcement there are none to be found within our lines, except a few desperate characters, who come and go secretly to act the spy; and those are caught whenever found, and executed."

This order No. 38 was the same against which VALLANDIGHAM directed the seditious and incendiary speech which caused his military arrest, trial and punishment. He denounced it as "a base usurpation of arbitrary authority," proclaimed that "he for one would not regard it," and did his utmost to madden the people against it. If VALLANDIGHAM could have had his way, the measure would have been resisted and nullified before it was a day old, and its author been driven from the Department as a public enemy.

The Kentucky paper which testifies concerning the practical effect of that order is no follower of the Administration. It is honestly for the war, but has habitually complained of the management of the war. It has agreed with Mr. CRITTENDEN and GARRET DAVIS, and found little to approve in the general policy of the President. Yet it unequivocally gives its evidence that the military order for opposing which VALLANDIGHAM was arrested "has worked like a charm;" giving "peace, quiet and security," where before "fear and terror" only prevailed. If this testimony be accepted—and no reasonable man will impeach it—it follows that the rebel cause in Kentucky has seriously suffered in consequence of that military order; and that VALLANDIGHAM, in trying to break down the order, was actually upholding the rebel cause so far as in him lay. The result, therefore, has proved that his punishment was intrinsically just; and that he deserves the sympathy of none but disloyal men.

It will not answer for VALLANDIGHAM'S friends to pretend that his denunciation of that order applied only to its operation in Ohio, and not in Kentucky. He made no such discrimination. His language was put in the most unqualified form. It was the existence of the order that he railed against, and not its particular geographical scope. Like other orders emanating from the chief of a military department, it applied to the entire department, which includes Ohio as well as Kentucky. In fact, there was not a word in it calculated to wrong or endanger a truly loyal man in either State; but VALLANDIGHAM made no particular claims for the citizens of one State over the other. He put in no special plea that Ohio was not within the theatre of active war, and, *therefore*, should be exempt from military orders like No. 38. He was more manly in this respect than some of his defenders. The geographical distinction is without reason. The military prohibitions in that order—recruiting for the rebel army—giving minute information to the enemy—harboring, protecting, feeding and clothing those in the service of the enemy—the habitual public expression of sympathy for the enemy—are in both States an insufferable military injury. Doubtless, in some respects, the military circumstances of the two States differ—consequent upon the greater proximity of the one to the rebel lines—and, in some particulars, this may well make a difference in military management. But not the particulars named in this order No. 38. Those are intolerable everywhere. VALLANDIGHAM did not pretend that they ought to be tolerated in one part of Gen. BURNSIDE'S department and not in another. He took the broad ground that the order interdicting them and subjecting the violators to military punishment, was "a base usurpation of arbitrary authority," and he labored to make an end of it without reserve. He defied it in all its strength, and struck at its very heart. We believe in giving even the arch-rebel himself his due, and freely say that VALLANDIGHAM, like the bull with the locomotive, made a very square issue.

Even supposing—which is not the truth—that Gen. BURNSIDE'S order put the people of Ohio under uncomfortable restraint, true loyalty would have dictated patient submission to it. The fact that it was producing such an excellent effect in Kentucky, that it was giving that portion of the department a peace and security unknown there from the first outbreak of the rebellion, would have reconciled every man of genuine patriotism to it without a murmur. VALLANDIGHAM'S special grievance was that the order subjected civilians to a military tribunal, and deprived them of the guarantee of a regular jury trial. He took no account that the offences specified were military injuries, and therefore rightly cognizable by military courts, but contended that it was usurpation and tyranny to arrest and try civilians by any other than civil process. Though he did not in so many words say it, yet his doctrine involved that rebels in Kentucky and insurgents against the enrollment in Ohio, should be unmolested until the civil magistrates of the neighborhood should see fit to issue warrants for their arrest, and should go unpunished until an impanneled jury of twelve men, (traitors of every hue included,) should unanimously agree to convict them. VALLANDIGHAM cared nothing for the obstructive and ruinous effect this sort of procedure would have upon military operations; or, if he did care, it was only to be glad that he could thus paralyze the military arm, and help on the peace he had labored for from the beginning. But the citizen who wishes to strengthen the army, and to circumscribe the rebellion, would cheerfully submit to any limitations upon his ordinary civil rights that would contribute to that end. Even though he did not approve the particular scope or shape of a military order, so long as its practical operation was a benefit to the cause in any region—as this order No. 38 has confessedly been in Kentucky—if he did not express satisfaction, he at least would keep silent. Never would he undertake to use it as a means of exciting hatred and antagonism to the military authorities and the Government which sustains them.

The truth is that the animus of all this opposition to Gen. BURNSIDE'S order was hostility to the war. It was essentially a disloyal spirit. And it is precisely the same which has prompted the nomination of VALLANDIGHAM for the Governorship of Ohio. The prime object is to weaken the army and embarrass the Government. This talk about the vindication of free speech and jury trial is sheer duplicity. The assertion of civil rights in their extreme application comes not from any peculiar reverence for them intrinsically, but because it opens the way, as is imagined, to make the war impracticable. No artifice can hide this from the people of Ohio, the great body of whom are thoroughly loyal. We have not the slightest apprehension of the result of the election. The people will ratify the action of the Government with an emphasis that will send dismay into every creature of the Vallandigham type, the wide land through.

PERSISTENCE IN THE STRUGGLE.—We had occasion a day or two since to call attention to the declaration of the *Tribune*, that if GRANT should be beaten and the rebels should water their horses in the Delaware, "we should be under foot, and might as well own it." And we said that in our belief "our people would bear burdens in the cause of freedom and the Union as cheerfully as the rebels had borne them in the cause of Slavery, and as heavy ones," &c. All this the *Tribune* declares to be the "reverse of courageous and patriotic"—which, we suppose, means cowardly and traitorous. And, having thus summarily disposed of our objections to its remarks, it proceeds to argue, what no one disputes, that we should all do what we can to prevent the rebels from attaining such a measure of success.

The question with us is, which is the best way to accomplish this end. Are we more likely to succeed in keeping the rebels away from the Delaware by uniting in one voice to declare that if they reach it we "are under their feet and might as well own it;" or by declaring that we are as strong to bear defeat and the burdens of war as they are, and will not give up the struggle, even after one defeat, or two, or ten? The *Tribune* seems to think that the former course is the best. We differ with it. We do not think that mere words will amount to anything, of course. If we did not believe that the people were willing to endure defeats and bear burdens, we should not have said that they would do so, but should have agreed with the *Tribune*. But we do not believe that that paper spoke with the true voice of the North in what it said. If it had been the only sentiment of the kind that we have seen in its columns we should not have called attention to it. But this is but one of a series of remarks of the same nature, which all together, have shown, in our opinion, a failure on its part in that pluck and consistency which befits those who are champions of freedom in this world.

We agree with it heartily in urging upon Generals and soldiers to win victories as many and as great as they can, and we also hope that if worst comes to worst and the rebels do water their horses in the Delaware, the *Tribune* will think better of what it has said, and will still urge on our people to renewed endurance and courage in behalf of the great cause of our country.

VAL. OUT OF DIXIE.—The Augusta (Ga.) *Chronicle* chronicles some of the peregrinations of VALLANDIGHAM in the Confederacy. On Monday, the 7th, he had got as far North as Petersburgh, Va., and after spending a day there he proceeded to Wilmington, in charge of Judge OULD, who would see him safely on board a steamer for Nassau. From thence it was conjectured he would go to Canada, to engineer the political campaign in Ohio, or, perhaps, to New-York City. The *Chronicle* says: "We are glad VALLANDIGHAM has gone:" and adds: "We ask for him the prayers of the congregation." We do not see the applicability of the last remark, nor comprehend the purport of the proposed prayers. Is the rebel congregation to pray for his success or defeat in the canvass for Governor of Ohio? If they desire his success, we fear rebel prayers will not prevail against Ohio votes; and if it is his defeat they desire, we doubt if they need to cry to Heaven to help in it.

THE REBEL SPIRIT.—The rebel newspapers always become peculiarly ferocious and bloodthirsty when their army is on the offensive. We have, among other Southern papers, the Richmond *Whig* of last Saturday, which contains column after column of matter that might make one think that the editor was a ghoul, writing exclusively for confederated ghouls. Merciless carnage, sanguinary ideas and black flags dance through and wave over his columns. Even pestilence and the powers of darkness are invoked. He says that yellow fever is now raging in New-Orleans, and adds the hope that the "fever may spread and rage among the Yankees in that hapless city, until all of them are carried off to their abode in the infernal regions." Elsewhere he cries: "Let the black flag wave in every battle in which the negroes are made the tools of the cowardly Abolitionists, and let there be no officer in command of a black regiment taken prisoner unless it be for the purpose of giving him a more merited death by hanging." And so the rebel rages on, until every ghoul in the Confederacy must be excited to madness.

We find a slight relief from this reading, and we hope the Confederates find it also, in the rebel accounts of rebel exploits. The *Whig* has a sketch of the late fight at Monticello, Ky., which is too long and too rhetorical for our columns; but the entertaining character of which may be judged by its opening words: "On the morning of the 9th inst.," it is narrated, "ere the sun had stolen from behind the eastern hills, the slumbering cavaliers of this command were aroused from their delightful dreams of home and friends by the distant roar of small arms in the direction of"—no matter where. But "slumbering cavaliers" are not bad; and we should think they would teach the editor of the *Whig* a little more chivalry than he exhibits—not to speak of humanity.

AFFAIRS IN MEXICO.—We have this morning the tri-monthly dispatch by telegraph *via* San Francisco, giving the news from Mexico, and, as usual, it is a mixture of truth and error.

It appears to be a fact that the Mexicans are preparing to make a desperate defence of their Capital. French residents have been obliged to leave the City of Mexico, all the available Mexican troops are being drawn to that point, and it is resolved that should it prove necessary, the Valley of Mexico will be flooded. This is a desperate and ruinous remedy, but it may be adopted.

It is stated that Gen. JUAREZ has taken command of the Mexican troops. JUAREZ, by virtue of his office as President, is Commander-in-Chief of all the forces of the Republic, the same as our President, but he is no more a military chieftain, practically, than Gen. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and it is an error to say that the Mexican President has taken the field as General.

The San Francisco dispatch is but two days later than the news we received some days ago *via* Vera Cruz, and at that time nothing had been seen or heard of the thousands of Mexican prisoners, with their officers, said to have been captured by FOREY at the fall of Puebla. On the contrary, Judge Low, our Consul at Vera Cruz, who came by the last arrival, confirms the barren nature of the French victory at Puebla, and positively denies the French reports of extensive captures, and the easy progress of the French toward the Mexican Capital.

LIGHT SLOWLY DAWNING.—We learned ten days ago that the name of the "acting telegraphic supervisor," or censor, at Washington, to whom we are indebted for so many sensations and misbeliefs, was "Mr. LYNCH." We now learn an additional fact concerning him, which we hasten to publish. It is from the Washington correspondent of the *Commercial Advertiser*. The correspondent ably remarks that the censor (LYNCH) is a "very young man." This is excellent and striking, as far as it goes, but we should like to know precisely his age, and also whether he parts his hair in the middle. The same correspondent makes some nice remarks as to the indefinitely, young man's occupation prior to being installed as censor; but as he was employed in rather an humble sphere of duty, we do not think it proper to tell what it was. It may be considered quite a neat thing to intrust the sensations of the nation and its knowledge of the war to a very young man, who possibly parts his hair in the middle, whose sphere of labor has heretofore been humble and confined to country districts; but we should think it was rather a grave business.

LEE'S POSITION.—It would seem to be a proper inference from the facts developed by the reconnoissances of our cavalry, that LEE'S main body is not on this side of the Blue Ridge Mountains. We have penetrated almost every part of the Loudon Valley, and we have forces at all the strategic points from Warrenton up to the Potomac; and no enemy has been seen or found anywhere except STUART'S cavalry, who, according to the news this morning, have been whipped in their third engagement within five days. All the indications are, that if at first LEE intended to operate in front of Washington, while he made a feint northward by the Shenandoah Valley, he has now moved nearly all his forces up into the Valley, from whence he is preparing to move them into Maryland, near the scene of his discomfiture last year.

TELEGRAPHIC COMPLACENCY.—The telegraph from Washington informed us, yesterday, with much gravity and an air of superlative and patronizing wisdom, that the rumors that had for several days pervaded the North, of heavy battles in front of Washington and of national reverses, were wholly without foundation, and all the painful anxiety they occasioned uncalled for. This late explanation may bring relief, but it can excite no approbation of the policy whose dismal reticence alone gave occasion and life to the rumors that the people suffered under.

NEWS FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

EXTRACTS FROM THE RICHMOND PAPERS.

Rebel Report of a Fight at Port Hudson on the 12th.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sunday, June 21.

The propeller *John Rice* arrived here last evening from Baltimore, with 1,100 rebel prisoners en route for City Point.

The flag-of-truce steamer *Peconic* arrived this morning from City Point, in charge of Major MUNROE. They brought back four rebel officers, as the rebels refused to exchange our officers for them. They have been sent to Fort Norfolk.

Ninety-four rebel prisoners arrived on the Baltimore boat this morning, under guard of a detachment of the Seventh New-York Militia.

The following extracts are taken from Richmond papers:

OSYKA, Tuesday, June 16, 1863.

A desperate fight took place, on the 12th, at Port Hudson. The Confederates charged the enemy, and drove them from their fortifications. But the situation at Vicksburg, still engrosses all the solicitation of the country.

Heavy reinforcements are pouring in to GRANT, and large installments from the command of ROSECRANS have been transferred to the great army investing Vicksburgh.

Whether JOHNSTON has, at the last hour, been invested with authority to concentrate the troops of the West, is the anxious topic of inquiry, and the vital question of the crisis.

The Raleigh *State Journal* says that GOV. VANCE has determined to call an extra session of the North Carolina Legislature on the 30th of June.

A box of tobacco weighing 2,82 pounds net was sold in Richmond yesterday for $350 per cwt.

Machinery for the manufacture of cotton cards has been put in operation in Lynchburgh.

H. PINCKNEY WALKER, Her Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul at Charleston, having submitted to the Secretary of State satisfactory evidences of his appointment as Acting Consul for the States of North and South Carolina, is recognized as such by the Government of the Confederate States.

Rev. ROBERT J. GRAVES, of North Carolina, has been released, the Grand Jury refusing to find a bill against him.

REBEL RAID INTO INDIANA.

Attempt to Burn the Bridges on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad.

CINCINNATI, Monday, June 22.

Yesterday, about 900 rebels crossed the river in the neighborhood of Leavenworth into Indiana. This morning they had reached Paoli, in Orange County.

The purpose of this raid is said to be to burn the bridges on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad. Troops are moving to intercept them.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Monday, June 22.

The following-named cadets, graduated from the Military Academy, are appointed in the Army of the United States with the rank indicated below:

To be First Lieutenants—John R. Meigs, Peter S. Michie, James D. Rabb, Wm. J. Twining, Wm. R. King, Wm. H. H. Benyaurd, Chas. W. Howell, Asa H. Holgate.

Ordnance Department—First Lieutenants to fill vacancies caused by promotions—John R. McGlaness, George W. McKee, Frank R. Phipps, Jas. W. Reilly, Josiah H. V. Field, Charles F. Rockwell, Wm. S. Beebe, Second Lieutenants.

Second Regiment Cavalry—Charles H. Lester, to be Second Lieutenant.

Fifth Regiment Cavalry—Kenelm Robbins, to be Second Lieutenant.

First Regiment Artillery—Second Lieutenants to fill vacancies—Thos. Ward, Jacob H. Counselman, Geo. D. Ramsay, Jr.

Second Regiment Artillery—Henry C. Dodge, Second Lieutenant.

Fourth Regiment Artillery—John C. Butler, Second Lieutenant.

Fifth Regiment Artillery—Robert Catlin, Second Lieutenant.

Seventh Regiment Infantry—James M. Sand, Second Lieutenant.

Tenth Regiment Infantry—James R. Reid, Second Lieutenant.

All officers appointed as above are ordered to report in the City of Washington, in person, on the 15th of July next; those assigned to the engineers and ordnance to the chiefs of their departments; those to the cavalry, artillery and infantry arms of the service to the Adjutant-General, unless before that time they shall have received other instructions.

THE ENROLLMENT.

Orders have been issued by the Provost-Marshal-General to the enrolling officers here to begin their work immediately.

ASSISTANT SURGEONS.

Drs. WM. F. NORRIS, EDWARD COWLES, and MICHAEL HILLARY, have been appointed Assistant Surgeons in the regular army.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

WASHINGTON, Monday, June 22.

THE PRESIDENT.

The afternoon papers say that President LINCOLN and family would leave the city to-day for their Summer retreat—the Soldier's Home.

ATTORNEY GENERAL BATES.

Attorney-General BATES will leave Washington to-morrow for St. Louis, and be absent some weeks, his health demanding a temporary withdrawal from official duties. Hon. TITIAN J. COFFEY has been commissioned by the President, Attorney-General *ad interim*.

NAVAL ORDERS.

Commander SPORTS has been ordered to Port Royal, S. C., to relieve Commander ALMA, in command of the steamer *South Carolina*; also, Commander WILLIAMSON, to take command of the steamer *Flag* at the same place.

Commodore FOXHALL A. PARKER has been ordered to the command of the screw frigate *Wabash*, of the South Atlantic blockading squadron.

SEIZURE OF PROPERTY.

The Marshal for the District of Columbia has seized the real estate of WILLIAM F. PHILLIPS, of Virginia, formerly Sixth Auditor under Mr. BUCHANAN.

THE CAPTURED STAFF OFFICERS.

Maj. STERLING and Capt. FISHER, of Gen. HOOKER'S staff, who were captured by a party of rebel scouts on Thursday, were at the time carrying orders to Gen. PLEASANTON.

OFFICERS CAPTURED.

Capt. SNYDER and Lieut. WICKER, of the Signal corps, were captured last night on South Mountain.

THE STEAMER MASSACHUSETTS.

The supply steamer *Massachusetts* will leave Philadelphia Saturday next (27th) for Port Royal.

Amusements.

THE THUMBS AND THE COMING FOURTH.—Gen. and Mrs. THUMB are patriotic in an inverse ratio to their size, and can by no means be persuaded to leave the country before the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence. On the 4th of July they propose, in connection with the $30,000 Nerr and Miss MINNIE, to startle Gotham by a terrific stroke of enterprise. What it is we are not yet informed. In the meantime, they may, as usual, be seen at the Museum.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.—As the Sixth regiment of our City Militia was marching down Broadway to the seat of war yesterday afternoon, a spectator asked one of the officers "are you Germans or Irishmen?" "We are neither" was the reply, "we are American citizens."

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office in wrappers ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS. In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number full details of all military movements in the different departments from the pens of our special correspondents. Also, all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news, European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agricultural and domestic interest, compiled from sources many of which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "SEMI-WEEKLY RECORD," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

TERMS.—One copy one year, $3; two copies one year, $5; five copies one year, $12. Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club rates.

Lyon's
MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER.

The original and certain Vermin Exterminator. The extraordinary effects of this article for killing Roaches, Ants, Bugs, Fleas, &c., and for preserving Furs, Cloths, Furniture, &c., from Moths, has been tested for 20 years, and warranted reliable. It is free from Poison.

Beware of imitations and counterfeits. Each flask has the signature of E. Lyon.

LYON'S RAT PILLS, certain death to rats and Mice. Sold by all druggists and furniture dealers.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO., Agents,
No. 202 Broadway, New-York.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.

Extract of the
Night Blooming Cereus,
A Most Exquisite,
Delicate and Fragrant Perfume,
Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful
Flower from which it takes its name.

Ladies are requested to call and Examine its Qualities.

A sample bottle open for inspection.

PHALON & SON,
Principal Depot No. 517 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel. For sale everywhere.

It Operates Like Magic.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for Children Teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain. Sure to regulate the bowels. Perfectly safe in all cases, as millions of mothers can testify.

Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Offices No. 48 Dey-st., New-York, and No. 205 High Holborn, London, England.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Absolute Sale of Two Hundred Lots and GORES IN THE NINTH WARD OF THE CITY OF BROOKLYN, ON DEKALB, LEWIS AND STUYVESANT AVS., WITHERSPOON, HART AND PULASKI STS.—THE EXCELSIOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of New-York, will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, June 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 103 Liberty-st., through A. J. BEEECKER, SON & CO., and JAMES COLE'S SON, the following property belonging to them, viz.:

ON DEKALB AND STUYVESANT AVS.—16 lots on the northwest and southeast corners.

ON DEKALB-AV.—9 lots, north side, between Stuyvesant and Reid avs.

ON PULASKI-ST.—20 lots, north and south side, between Lewis and Stuyvesant avs.

ON PULASKI-ST.—20 lots, south side, between Reid and Stuyvesant avs.

ON STUYVESANT-AV.—20 lots, west side, between Pulaski-st. and Willoughby-av.

ON STUYVESANT-AV.—7 lots, east side, between Hart-st. and Willoughby-av.

ON HART-ST.—40 lots and gores, north and south side, between Lewis and Stuyvesant avs.

ON HART-ST.—4 gores, north side, between Stuyvesant-av. and Broadway.

ON LEWIS-AV.—4 lots and gores, southeast corner of Willoughby-av.

ON WILLOUGHBY-AV.—39 lots and gores, north and south side, between Lewis and Stuyvesant avs.

ON WITHERSPOON-ST.—13 lots and gores, south side, between Lewis and Stuyvesant avs.

This property is very desirably situated on elevated ground, contiguous to three lines of city railroads (Myrtle-av., DeKalb-av. and Broadway lines) to different points and ferries in Brooklyn. For residences, the locality is unsurpassed, and a number of fine residences have already been erected in the vicinity. All the streets have signs on the corners, and are 70 feet in width, while the distance from the Custom-house in New-York is the same as that to 44th st. in that City. This sale offers an unusual opportunity for investments or for speculative purposes, as property in this neighborhood is rapidly increasing in value. Purchasers will be protected against nuisances by a clause in the deeds, and will be furnished with an abstract of title free of expense. The title is indisputable. Two-thirds of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage, at 6 per cent. per annum. For maps, &c., apply at the office of the Company, No. 130 Broadway, or the Auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st., and No. 369 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. By order,

EUGENE PLUNKETT, President.

Hicks & Company, No. 480 Broadway,
East side, 3 doors below Broome-st.
ALL FIRST-CLASS SEWING-MACHINES
FOR SALE AND TO RENT.

Straw Hats! Straw Hats!
A large and varied stock, selling at very low prices. Also, MILITARY HATS AND CAPS.
At WHITE'S, No. 216 Broadway.

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FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory No. 169 Broadway.

Trusses.—WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS is a PERFECT CURE for RUPTURE. New in principle and action, light, clean and easy. No pressure on the back or spermatic cord. Sold only by GREGORY & CO., No. 436 Broadway.

A Cheap and Handsome Pair of Summer Gaiters for $1.—CANTRELL disposing of a large variety of colored gaiters, suitable for Spring and Summer wear, at less than cost. S. CANTRELL, No. 813 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts.

Batchelor's Hair Dye,
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Corns, Bunions, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints, and all diseases of the feet cured, without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. ZACHARIE, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 760 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder braces, &c. A lady attendant.

Bogle's Hyperion Fluid Restores and Dresses hair elegantly. BOGLE'S Electric Hair-dye, any shade, natural and life-like. Surpasses everything. Try. Be convinced. W. BOGLE, Boston. Sold everywhere.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, Astor-place, (ground floor) N. Y.; also Philadelphia and Boston. Only houses of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Dyspepsia Tablets for Indigestion, Heartburn, &c.—Manufactured only by S. G. WELLING, No. 207 Centre-st.
Price 50 cents per box.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes.—The best FIRE-PROOF SAFE in the WORLD. Depot No. 140 Maiden-lane.

For the Hair, Barry's Tricopherous.—The best and cheapest article. Sold by druggists.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S
KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 341.—June 22, 1863.
1, 5, 55, 52, 9, 63, 56, 66, 5, 32, 50, 39, 11.

KENTUCKY, CLASS 342.—June 22, 1863.
12, 7, 62, 60, 41, 52, 53, 34, 30, 20, 46.

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MEEKS'
CABINET FURNITURE WAREROOMS,
No. 699 Broadway,
AND
Nos. 339 and 334 4th-st.

The largest assortment of rich and plain furniture in the City, made of the very best well-seasoned and selected material, by the best workmen in the country, under the immediate supervision of the firm, whose reputation for excellence of manufacture has been established 70 years. Also, a superior assortment of cottage furniture.

☞ Goods packed and shipped to all parts of the world.

INDIA-RUBBER GLOVES,
For Gardening, Housework, &c.
CROTON HOSE OF ALL SIZES,
INDIA-RUBBER JEWELRY,
and all kinds of Rubber Goods, wholesale and retail.
GOODYEAR'S I. R. G. M'F'G. CO.,
No. 205 Broadway, N. Y.

DEAFNESS,

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Air-Passages.

CATARRH.

DR. LIGHTHILL, No. 34 St. Mark's-place, (Eighth-street,) can be consulted daily (Sundays excepted) from 10 A. M. until 3 P. M. Patients will not be received except during the regular office hours, unless in cases of emergency or by special arrangement. Parties residing at a distance are hereby informed that a personal examination is requisite in every case before a correct opinion can be given or appropriate treatment prescribed. Letters of Consultation must contain Five Dollars, otherwise they will remain unnoticed,

Dr. Lighthill's recent work, "A Popular Treatise on Deafness—Its Causes and Prevention," may be obtained of Carleton, Publisher, No. 413 Broadway, or of any respectable bookseller. Price $1.

NEW TESTIMONIALS

NEW-YORK, June 17, 1863.

Dr. LIGHTHILL has succeeded in restoring to perfect hearing my right ear, which has been deaf for some time caused by a cold. As I am obliged to leave for New-Orleans in a few days, those who may wish to make further inquiries may call on my brother, Mr. H. C. Potter, No. 78 Reade-st., firm of Streeter, Faxon & Potter, who will be happy to give any information desired.

O. O. POTTER, Capt. and A. Q. M.,
Department of the Gulf.

NEW-YORK, April 18, 1863.

A little daughter of mine has been affected with a troublesome discharge from both ears, the result of scarlet fever. Dr. Lighthill, under whose care I placed her, has removed the discharge completely, and improved her hearing. W. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

From Rev. John Nott, D. D., Professor in Union College, Schenectady.

SCHENECTADY, Jan. 17, 1863.

Dr. Lighthill—

SIR: Having been cured by lyou of a discharge in an ear, which has been very offensive of late, and as far back as I can remember, always more or less so; and having been entirely restored to hearing since under your care, I feel that I cannot withhold this acknowledgment from any use it may be to others, especially as I have applied in vain to my family physician and other physicians of reputation. Yours, truly, JOHN NOTT.

CATARRH CURED.

om Rev. P. R. Russell, Lynn, Mass.

I have been much troubled with catarrh of the worst type for some twenty years. It gradually grew worse, producing cough and hoarseness, destroying the sense of smell, and breaking down my general health to such a degree as to compel me to resign my pastorate, and suspend public speaking.

I made diligent use of the usual remedies, such as snuffs of different kinds, nitrate of silver, tar water, olive tar and inhalations, but without any very salutary effects. Last Summer I heard of Dr. Lighthill's successful mode of treating catarrh, visited him, and put myself under his treatment. I began immediately to improve, and this improvement has gone on to the present time. My catarrh has gradually melted away, my cough has disappeared, my voice has become natural, and I am once more able to preach the blessed Gospel. Let me advise all troubled with catarrhal difficulties to apply to Dr. Lighthill.

P. R. RUSSELL.

LYNN, Mass., Feb. 1, 1862.

No. 740 WATER-ST., NEW-YORK, June 5, 1862.

Dr. Lighthill has succeeded in completely restoring my hearing, which was seriously impaired, although previous to applying to him I was treated by several physicians without the least benefit. Any further information I should be pleased to render on application to me at my residence, No. 173 Second-st., Brooklyn, E. D., or at my place of business, No. 740 Water-st.

WM. H. WATERBURY.

NEW-YORK, July 28, 1862.

I hereby certify that I have suffered during many years from trouble in hearing—one ear at last became entirely deaf, and the other so bad as to render conversation very difficult. I applied to Dr. Lighthill, of No. 34 St. Mark's-place, who, in a short time, and without pain, restored to me the use of my ears, so that I can now hear perfectly well. J. BISCO, No. 158 East 23d-st.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, NEW-YORK, April 1, 1862.

DEAR SIR: I take much pleasure in testifying to the professional skill exhibited by you in your treatment of a case of severe inflammation of the throat and ear with which I have lately been afflicted. Upon coming under your charge I was immediately relieved and speedily cured of a most aggravated complaint, which several physicians had previously sought in vain to mitigate.

As I am somewhat of a stranger in the City, I would state that you are at liberty to substantiate my statements, if necessary, by reference to my relatives, Mr. A. V. Stout, President of the Shoe and Leather Bank of New-York, and to Mr. Everett Clapp, of the Western Transportation Company, No. 1 Coenties-slip.

With much esteem, I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
FRED. M. HANKS.

To Dr. LIGHTHILL, No. 34 St. Marks-place, New-York.

No. 12 CORTLANDT-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 2, 1863.

DR. E. B. LIGHTHILL—*Dear Sir:* It is with the kindest feelings toward you, and hoping to do service to some one who is afflicted, that I forward the inclosed document to you.

To whom it may concern: I am personally acquainted with the success which attended Dr. Lighthill's treatment in a case of discharge from the ear and chronic inflammation of the throat, and would be pleased to give further information on application.

V. D. W. WEEKES.

No. 73 GRAND-ST., NEWBURGH, N. Y., Dec. 23, 1862.

I placed my wife under the care of Dr. Lighthill for deafness in one ear of nearly three years' standing, accompanied by constant noises. I am happy to state that her hearing is now entirely restored, and the noises removed. Those residing in New-York who are desirous of further information may apply to my brother-in-law, Capt. William Edwards, at No. 95 East 34th-st., who is acquainted with the circumstances of the case.

FRANCIS GOULDY.

I have been suffering for some time with noise in my head, and deafness. Having applied to Dr. Lighthill, I have great pleasure in saying that he has completely relieved me, so that now I can hear as well as ever, and am not troubled with the noise in my head.

I may also mention that a young man named Henry Laws, staying with me, was also afflicted in a similar manner, and Dr. Lighthill was equally successful in his case. JOHN MURDOCK, No. 197 Fulton-st.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 2, 1863.

No. 42 FIFTH-ST., NEW-YORK, June 25, 1862.

DR. LIGHTHILL—*Dear Sir:* I take pleasure in testifying to the remarkable skill and judgment you displayed in the case of my daughter, who had been partially deaf, accompanied by discharge from the ears, since early infancy, and is now, thanks to your treatment, able to hear as well as any one, while her ears are free from the discharge. Although it is nearly two years since she has been under your care, her hearing remains as good, and her ears as sound, as the day she left you.

O. S. HOLLY.

☞ Further reference to parties of the highest respectability, residing here and elsewhere, on application.

DEAFNESS

NOISES IN THE HEAD,
Diseases of the Eye, Ear & Throat,
CATARRH CURED
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG.

Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with his new Mode of Treatment."

NEW TESTIMONY.

"NEW-YORK, May 6.

I was entirely deaf in my left ear, accompanied by a discharge. I placed myself under Dr. VON EISENBERG'S care, who, by his great skill, restored me to perfect hearing, in the short space of a few minutes, without giving me the slightest pain, and the discharge has ceased entirely. The Eustachian Tube, which was obliterated, is quite open, and I feel that the air-passage performs its functions. I am amply satisfied, and recommend every one suffering from impaired hearing to place themselves under the treatment of this eminent and successful physician.

THOMAS GRANAN, No. 539 6th-av."

"NEW-YORK, May 7, 1863.

I have great pleasure to testify to the skill of Dr. VON EISENBERG. I went into his office almost completely deaf, and came out with my perfect hearing. It is nearly twelve months since, and the hearing is perfect. The operation, which lasted two or three minutes in each of my ears, gave me no pain whatsoever. I, with confidence, recommend all sufferers to place themselves under Dr. VON EISENBERG'S unsurpassing skill.

SAMUEL C. HUNT,
No. 6 Meserole-av., Greenpoint, L. I."

No. 136 MADISON-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a disagreeable discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noise in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

I consulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain. JOHN TAYLOR,

NEW-YORK, July 19, 1862.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a *total loss of hearing*. Dr. Von Eisenberg removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with coagulated blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. It is with grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.

CARROLL J. POST, No. 28 South-st.

No. 23 FORSYTH-ST., ROOM No. 40, NEW-YORK.

J. E. VON EISENBERG, M. D.—*Dear Doctor:* I have been afflicted with total deafness, and was induced to pay you a visit. No one can imagine my delight when, after one operation, my hearing was suddenly, and without pain, restored to me, for which I feel very grateful. After being totally deaf—almost shut out from the pleasure of using so necessary a sense—to have it returned, and to hear so distinctly, reflects great credit on you for the immense amount of skill you possess. I beg to thank you for what I can so truly appreciate. I am, Sir, your obedient servant. EDWARD TEMPLE HARRISON.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.
READ

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1863.

"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat, the chills stealing over me with occasional hot flushes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of a cure. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as to his scientific and successful mode of treatment, as he has shown in my case that skill and knowledge which have procured for him so great a reputation. I am so entirely restored to perfect health that I do most sincerely recommend all sufferers from CHRONIC CATARRH and SORE THROAT to apply at once to Dr. Von Eisenberg with a certainty of being cured."

FREDERICK WEBER, No. 369 4th-st.

OFFICE
816
BROADWAY.

THE EAR.

NEW AND IMPORTANT DISCOVERY FOR THE CURE OF DEAFNESS,
DISCHARGES FROM THE EAR
AND
PARTIAL DEAFNESS,
EXCLUSIVELY AND SUCCESSFULLY TREATED BY
DR. HARTLEY,
NO. 3 THIRD-ST.,
NEW-YORK,

The only acknowledged Aurist in the United States who generously offers to attend all persons suffering from Affections of the Ear without charge until cured, thereby proving his success unequaled, and protecting the deaf from being *swindled* by paying *self-styled* aurists exorbitant fees in advance, and the infliction of yet more serious evils by permitting the application of dangerous remedies by inexperienced and unskillful hands.

Deafness, noise in the head, and all disagreeable discharges from the ear speedily and permanently removed, without causing the least pain or inconvenience. A cure in all cases guaranteed where malformation does not exist.

Thirteen years' close and undivided attention to this branch of special practice has enabled him to reduce his treatment to such a degree of success as to find the most confirmed and obstinate cases yield by a steady attention to the means prescribed.

Persons suffering from any disease or derangement of the organ of *special sense*, may command the services of Dr. HARTLEY without the chagrin and mortification of seeing their names and diseases paraded in a public newspaper.

Office and residence, No. 3 3d-st., opposite Great Jones-st. Reception hours from 9 to 4 o'clock. *Consultation and examination free.*

FOWLE'S PILE AND HUMOR CURE,
FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

One bottle warranted a *permanent cure* in every kind of Piles; two bottles in Leprosy, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the skin. In cases of failure all are requested to return the empty bottles and take back their money. Average 3 bottles in 1,000 returned, and those were fistula. No cases of failure in Piles or Humors. Sold everywhere. All dealers must *warrant* it.

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CEDAR CAMPHOR IS CHEAPER THAN common camphor, and better than anything for protecting woolens and furs from moths. Druggists have it.
HARRIS & CHAPMAN, Boston.

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ARMY SHIRTS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
NO. 175 BROADWAY.

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OF PHILADELPHIA,
Will visit NEW-YORK CITY, professionally, every
TUESDAY, FROM 9 A. M. TO 3 P. M.
His numerous patients, and all afflicted with Coughs, Colds, Consumption, or any Lung or Bronchial Affections, are invited to call on him in New-York, on TUESDAYS only, at his rooms, No. 32 Bond-st.

MEETING OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE APPOINTED AT THE NATIONAL CANAL CONVENTION.—There will be a meeting of the Executive Committee appointed at the late National Canal Convention, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, in the City of New-York, on THURSDAY, the 2d day of July next, at 12 o'clock. An attendance of all the members of the Committee is earnestly requested

(Signed.) ISAAC N. ARNOLD, Ch'n pro. tem.
CHICAGO, June 17, 1863.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THREE NEW EDUCATIONAL WORKS.

HOOKER'S NATURAL PHILOSOPHY,

LOOMIS' ELEMENTARY ARITHMETIC.

WILSON'S SPELLER.

HARPER & BROTHERS, NEW-YORK,
PUBLISH THIS DAY:

I.

HOOKER'S NATURAL PHILOSOPHY. Science for the School and Family. Part I. Natural Philosophy. By WORTHINGTON HOOKER, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in Yale College, Author of "The Child's Book of Nature," "Natural History," "First Book in Chemistry," &c. Illustrated by nearly 300 Engravings. 12mo, Cloth, $1.

"This volume is intended to supply partially the want which has long been felt for a series of books on the Natural Sciences, carefully adapted to the different periods of the course of study.

"It has been Dr. Hooker's object to supply a part of such a series. His "Child's Book of Nature," which, in its three parts (Part I., Plants; Part II., Chemistry; Part III., Air, Water, Light, Heat, etc.,) extends considerably the knowledge of the philosophy of things which the child has obtained from the observation of familiar facts. Then follows the "First Book in Chemistry." The next step in the gradation brings us to three books under one title, "Science for the School and the Family;" Part I., Natural Philosophy; Part II., Chemistry; Part III., Mineralogy and Geology. On a level with these is another book, "Natural History," and another still to be written, an "Introduction to Botany."

"The three books, of which this Natural Philosophy is one, are intended for the older scholars in what are commonly called grammar-schools. At the same time they are suited to scholars who are advanced to a higher grade who have not gone through the previous books of the series."

II.

THE ELEMENTS OF ARITHMETIC: Designed for Children. By ELIAS LOOMIS, LL. D., Professor of Natural Philosophy and Astronomy in Yale College, and Author of a Course of Mathematics, &c. 16mo, Half Sheep, 30 cents.

This little volume is designed to introduce young children to a knowledge of Arithmetic. It assumes no previous knowledge of the subject, not even the ability to count ten correctly; and the successive steps are believed to be so gradual as not to be beyond the capacity of ordinary children of eight years of age.

Very little explanation is given of the proper method of solving the examples, since the design is to commence each subject with questions so simple as to require no explanation, and to proceed from these to more difficult exercises so gradually, that every child will be able to invent his own methods.

Prof. Loomis' Course of Mathematics is now complete. The "Elements of Arithmetic" forms a sufficient introduction to his "Treatise on Arithmetic," and this is succeeded by his "Elements of Algebra," &c.

III.

WILLSON'S PRIMARY SPELLER. A simple and progressive Course of Lessons in Spelling, with Reading and Dictation Exercises, and the Elements of Oral and Written Compositions. By MARCIUS WILLSON, Author of the "School and Family Readers." 16mo, Half Bound, 12 cents.

A leading peculiarity in the plan of this work is the system, which has been extensively adopted, of grouping words in partial phrases, (but still preserving the *columnar* arrangement,) so that the words shall have *a meaning* to the child, as shown by their familiar *use* in sentences.

In addition to the ordinary uses of a spelling-book, the work is happily adapted to Reading and *Dictation Exercises*, and Exercises in ORAL COMPOSITION.

The above books sent by Mail, postage free, on receipt of the price.

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CURES
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
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BY THE LOCAL APPLICATION OF INNOXIOUS
AGENTS
Through his newly-invented Instrument.
Eminent success in numerous inveterate cases attested.
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Office No. 162 Broadway.

IN'S RENOVATING POWDERS
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE.
Owing to the great and constantly increasing demand for
"STARIN'S RENOVATING POWDERS."
from all parts of the United States—twenty years' experience and use having proved them the best condition powder for horses and cattle ever offered to the public—the manufacturer, Mr. JOHN H. STARIN, of Montgomery County, has established a wholesale depot in this City, where all orders are promptly filled. The goods are packed in cases containing from one dozen powders to two gross. All orders must be addressed to
M. W. STARIN & CO., Commission Merchants,
No. 209 Duane-st.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

DON'T PAY ONE DOLLAR
for a small bottle of Hair Dye, when you can get a bottle five times as large, of a better dye, for the same money.
WILBOR'S MONITOR HAIR DYE
IS SUPERSEDING ALL OTHERS,
It requires no preparation, does not smut or wash off, will not soil the finest linen. One application will last until the hair grows out, when it can be applied at the roots, without more trouble than a common hair oil.
IT IS WARRANTED NOT TO INJURE THE HAIR OR SKIN.
Manufactured only by
A. B. WILBOR, Chemist,
No. 166 Court-st., Boston.
For sale in New-York by D. S. Barnes; F. C. Wells; and J. Milhau, No. 183 Broadway.

GEO. SCHWARZENBERG, M. D., NO. 33 STUYVESANT-ST.—Specialties, Eye and Throat Diseases. The newly-invented Laryngoscope enables to recognise with certainty the character of diseases of the Throat. Acquainted with the use of this instrument, I beg to invite patients to get examined.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW SHEET MUSIC.
SONGS JUST PUBLISHED BY
ROOT & CADY, CHICAGO.

We intend to publish only pieces that have some distinctive merit, and we think we have unusual facilities for judging of these things; but notwithstanding our care, there are occasionally those that go into retirement upon our shelves, not seeming to "take," as the phrase is. In view of these things, we propose to give all our new publications a chance, by stating fairly to our patrons and the public what they are, and then leave them to find their level. After that, we advertise only those that have proved themselves attractive, popular and useful.

"SONG OF A THOUSAND YEARS,"

Solo and Chorus. Illustrated Title. Words and music by HENRY C. WORK. Price 25 cents.

We have high hopes of this song. It is in a noble style, depicting the future of our nation in a way that strengthens our hopes, and fills us with new resolves. The solo is adapted to voices of medium range, and the chorus to mixed or men's voices, as may be convenient. If sung by the latter, let the alto be an octave higher, excepting in the unison passages.

"WHO'LL SAVE THE LEFT?"

A Battle Scene—Words by R. TOMPKINS. Music by GEO. F. ROOT. Price 50 cents.

"To perpetuate the glory of the brave men of the Nineteenth Illinois, and their companions in arms, who fell at Murfreesboro." This is a vivid description of the brilliant charge of the Nineteenth, in response to Gen. Negley's call. "Who'll save the left?" in that memorable fight. We say confidently, that singers who have energetic voices and good descriptive and declamatory power, will produce great effect with this song.

"JOHNNY SCHMOKER."

A four part Song, with action—as sung by Father Kemp's Old Folks. Arranged by B. F. RIX. Price 35 cents.

We have never heard any humorous concert piece so successful as this. It is descriptive of the playing of several instruments, one after the other, sung to a very pleasant tune, and accompanied by appropriate movements. We think it will be one of the finest things for schools (especially of boys) that ever was got up. Full directions are printed in the Song.

"MINE IS THE MOURNING HEART."

A Duett for Soprano and Tenor, by STEPHEN C. FOSTER. Price 25 cents.

A charming composition of this remarkable melodist. It seems to us the best of his that we have seen for a long time.

"THE DAYS WHEN WE WERE YOUNG."

Song. Words and Music by HENRY C. WORK. Price 25 cents.

We touch a tender chord in man's heart when we sing of his childhood—of his former playmates, &c.—and it does a person good to look back occasionally through the medium of such a song as this, to the days gone by. The name of the author of this song is a guarantee that it possesses merit.

"HE'S COMIN' AGAIN."

An old Highland Song. Arranged with Chorus, by GEO. F. ROOT. Price 25 cents.

We think this a beautiful Scotch melody, and an uncommonly brilliant chorus. The words may be often appropriate in these days, referring to our returning heroes.

"WATCHING FOR PA."

Song and Chorus. By HENRY C. WORK. Price 25 cents.

A very nice Song about "three little forms in the window," waiting to give father welcome.

VESPER SONG FOR OUR VOLUNTEER SISTERS.

Song and Chorus. By R. S. TAYLOR. Price 25 cents.

Although recently published, we hardly consider this Song an experiment, for it is so much liked, and is so well adapted to express the feelings of the thousands at home, that it is already popular and successful.

JENNY BROWN AND I.

A Song and Chorus. By the same author. Price 25 cents.

One of the purest and sweetest Love Songs that we know. Mr. TAYLOR is an uncommonly good melodist. It will be remembered that he is the author of "O, Wrap the Flag Around Me, Boys."

SONGS ALREADY POPULAR AND SUCCESSFUL.

Kingdom Coming	Henry C. Work. 25
Battle Cry of Freedom	Geo. F. Root. 25
Vacant Chair	Geo. F. Root. 25
Grafted in the Army	Henry C. Work. 25
O Wrap the Flag Around Me, Boys	R. S. Taylor. 25
Nellie Lost and Found	Henry C. Work. 25
Stand up for Uncle Sam	Geo. F. Root. 25
Little Major, or the Drummer Boy	Henry C. Work. 25
Day of Liberty's Coming	Wurzel. 25
God Save the Nation	Henry C. Work. 15
John Brown's Song, or Glory Hallelujah	15
Our Captain's Last Words	Henry C. Work. 25
Oh, are ye Sleeping, Maggie	Air by G. F. Root. 25
Oh, Haste on the Battle	Geo. F. Root. 25
Call 'em names, Jeff., with Chorus	Wurzel. 25
Sixty-three is the Jubilee	D. A. French. 25
Take your Gun, and Go, John	H. T. Merrill. 25
The Girls at Home (Quartette)	Henry C. Work. 25
Uncle Joe's Hall Columbia	Henry C. Work. 25
The Dear Ones all at Home	Wm. B. Bradbury. 25
The First Gun is Fired	Geo. F. Root. 25
Tread Lightly, ye Comrades	Miss Sadie Crane. 25
We'll Go Down Ourselves	Henry C. Work. 30
More Difficult.	
Rock Me to Sleep, Mother	Geo. F. Root. 25
Rosemary Crown	E. L. White. 25
My Heart is Like a Silent Lute	Geo. F. Root. 25
Silent Evening	J. M. Hubbard. 25
Song of the Egyptian Girl	J. M. Hubbard. 25
The Secret	Shubert. 25

Our Music is for sale at all the music-stores in New-York, Boston and Philadelphia. Preserve this advertisement, as the next will be about something else.
ROOT & CADY, Chicago.

GEO. F. ROOT,
E. T. ROOT,
C. M. CADY.

COLGATE & CO.'S
XX
STARCH.

The only perfectly pure Starch sold in this City, being made without the use of either acids or alkali. For sale by
COLGATE & CO.,
Soap, Candle and Starch Manufacturers,
No. 6 DUTCH-ST.,
between John and Fulton sts.

DR. STERLING'S
AMBROSIA
is a stimulating oily extract of roots, barks and herbs. It will cure all diseases of the scalp and itching of the head; entirely eradicates dandruff, prevents the hair from falling out, or from turning prematurely gray, causing it to grow thick and long. It is entirely different from all other preparations, and can be relied on.

PRICE $1 PER BOX, containing two bottles.
DR. H. H. STERLING,
Sole Proprietor,
No. 493 BROADWAY, New-York.
For sale by all Druggists.

STEEL COLLARS

ENAMELED WHITE,
Having the appearance and comfort of linen, have been worn in England for the last two years in preference to any other collar, as they are readily cleaned in one minute.
To military men or travelers they are invaluable.
Price $1 each; sent by post on receipt of $1 12.
Wholesale and retail. S. W. H. WARD,
No. 387 Broadway, New-York.
Agents wanted. New-York Mills Shirts ready-made and to measure.

SPRING AND SUMMER.

I have just completed my extensive stock of SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING, not surpassed in the way of assortment, taste, style, or price in this City. The custom room, children's and furnishing department not equaled. Entire satisfaction given, or money returned. Please call and examine for yourselves.
F. B. BALDWIN, Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery.
LARGEST STORE IN THE CITY.

PACKAGES TO VOLUNTEERS.

Those who may have been obliged to leave hastily can have any articles necessary to their comfort forwarded by the
HARNDEN EXPRESS
COMPANY,
No. 74 Broadway.
They send packages daily to the army at all points.

ARE YOUR FEET SORE AND LAME from traveling over the hot pavements? Find immediate relief in Dr. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut. Sold everywhere.

INDIA RUBBER CAMP BLANKETS,
PONCHOS, COATS, CAPES, HAVELOCKS, CAPS, LEGGINGS, AIR-PILLOWS AND BEDS, CUP

DRY GOODS.

LOW PRICES.

SUMMER UNDER-GARMENTS,
50c., 75c., $1.
GAUZE MERINO UNDER-GARMENTS, $1 25.
MUSLIN, JEAN AND LINEN DRAWERS.
Largest Stock and Lowest Prices in the City.
RICHARD GREEN,
No. 375 Canal-st., corner Laurens.

SHIRTS

MADE TO MEASURE,
First-class work, fit guaranteed.
The best Four-ply LINEN COLLARS, every style, $2 a dozen.
LINEN TIES 5 cents each.
INDIA AND ROMAN SCARFS, NECK-TIES, SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, &c., &c.
RICHARD GREEN,
No. 375 Canal-st., corner Laurens.

LOW PRICES.

Ladies' Gauze Merino Vests, 75c.
Ladies' White Cotton Hose, $2 40 a dozen.
Ladies' Colored Cotton Hose, $1 80 a dozen.
Men's Cotton Half Hose, good quality, $2 a dozen.
Ladies' Fine Lisle Thread Gloves, 15 cents a pair.
Ladies' Fine French Kid Gloves, $1 a pair.
RICHARD GREEN,
No. 375 Canal-st., corner Laurens.

IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES.

YOUR SPECIAL ATTENTION IS INVITED TO
W. K. PEYTON'S
"CATALOGUE OF BARGAINS"
FOR THIS WEEK.
DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.
PARIS MOZAMBIQUES, double widths,
at 28. 6d. and 3s.; former price, 4s. and 5s.
PLAID and STRIPE VALENCIAS and GRAPES,
at 20c. and 25c.; former price 2s. 6d. and 3s.
SILK CHECK TOPLINS, very handsome,
at 3s.; former price, 4s. and 6d., "a Bargain."
DRESS GOODS, in variety,
at 1s. 6d.; former prices, 2s. 3d. and 2s. 6d.
DRESS GOODS, a large assortment,
1s.; former price, 1s. 6d.
DRESS GOODS, at 6c. and 8c.;
former price, 12½c.
BLACK SILKS, at 6s.; former price $1.
BLACK SILKS, at $1; former price $1 25.
BLACK SILKS, at $1 15; former price $1 40.
BLACK SILKS, for Mantillas, very heavy, at $1 87½, former price $2 75.
BLACK SILKS, very finest goods, at $1 50 and $1 75, "very cheap."
PLAIN COLORED SILKS, Choice Shades, at $1 12½. } From
PLAIN COLORED SILKS, Choice Shades, at $1 25. } Auction.

MANTILLA DEPARTMENT.

BLACK SILK SACQUES, at $6 50, former price $10.
BLACK SILK SACQUES, at $10, former price $13 50.
BLACK SILK CIRCULARS, at $9, former price $12.
BLACK SILK MANTILLAS, at $12, former price $15.
All our immense stock of more expensive garments reduced in proportion to the above.
Also from Auction, a large stock of
FRENCH AND PUSHER LACE MANTILLAS AND POINTS,
at a great sacrifice on the cost of importation, about 150, at $5 each, worth more than double the price.

SHAWL DEPARTMENT.

STELLA SHAWLS, with Broche Borders, $2 50.
STELLA SHAWLS, with Broche Borders, $3.
LAMA SHAWLS (new styles,) at $3 50.
STRIPED BROCHE SHAWLS, at $3 50, $4, $4 50.

BARGAINS IN SUN UMBRELLAS,
ALL SILK, at $1, worth $1 50.
SUN UMBRELLAS, Steel Frames and Carved Ivory Handles, at $1 25—former prices, $1 75.
SUN UMBRELLAS, Steel Frames and Carved Ivory Handles, (larger sizes,) at $1 50, $1 75, and $2—former prices, $2 to $3.
DOMESTIC GOODS.
FAST COLOR PRINTS, choice styles, at 12½c. and 15c.
BLEACHED SHIRTING MUSLINS, at 12½c.
HEAVY TICKING, at 20c. and 22c.
LADIES' BALMORAL SKIRTS, at $2, worth $3 50.
FINE SLATE LINENS, from auction, at 28c., worth 44c.
EMBROIDERED CURTAIN MUSLINS, at 20c., worth 38c.
EMBROIDERED CURTAIN MUSLINS, very rich, at 25c., worth 40c.
LADIES' LINEN HDKF'S., at 9c., worth 12½c.
GENTS' LINEN HDKF'S., very fine, at 28., worth 3s.
W. K. PEYTON,
No. 274 Bowery, near Houston-st.

STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO.,

No. 355 BROADWAY,
Will offer at retail,
ON MONDAY, June 22,
The greatest novelty from Paris yet exhibited in this country.
TAFFETA IMPERIAL ROBE, composed of Silk and Worsted, with Velvet and Braid on the bottom of the Skirt, making one of the most desirable articles offered this season, will be sold at half the cost of importation.
ALSO,
A few more of those plain colored
TAFFETA IMPERIALS.
Being the only lot in this country—for which we have had so great a sale for the last week. In all shades.
ALSO,
PLAIN AND BROCHE WORSTED GRENADINES.
ALSO,
SILK GRENADINES,
In great variety.
ALSO,
250 pieces more of those 6-4 Check, Stripe, and Plain Paris quality Mozambiques—the cheapest goods offered this season—at 3s.; worth 60c.
ALSO,
DRESS GOODS,
Of every description,
at
GREAT REDUCTION FROM FORMER PRICES.

AT NO. 355 BROADWAY,

STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO.
Will open at retail, on
MONDAY, JUNE 22,
1,000 GRENADINE ORGANDY ROBES, small flowers, finest Paris quality, fast colors, 17 to 20 yards each, $3 and $4—cost to import $10 to $12.
ORGANDIES, by the yard, in great variety, from 25c. to 50c., worth 50c. to 75c.
JACONETS, from 20c. upwards.
ALSO,
100 pieces, from auction, Paris Printed CAMBRICS and PERCALES, yard wide, the most desirable goods offered this season, at 25. 6d. and 3s. per yard; cost to import 42c. to 50c.
100 PERCALE ROBES, with SACQUES, new and very desirable for mourning dresses.
AMERICAN and ENGLISH PRINTS, fast colors, from 12½c. upwards.

SILKS.

STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO.,
No. 355 Broadway,
Will offer at retail on MONDAY, 22d, a new lot of those CHEAP PRINTED PARIS FOULARDS, in drab and black grounds, very desirable, at 87½c., worth $1 25.
Also,
DRESS SILKS in great variety, from 50c. to $1,
with
50 CHENE SILKS at 60c., worth 87½c.
Also,
BLACK TAFFETA, best quality, for Sacques and Mantillas, very cheap.
Also,
BLACK WORSTED GRENADINES, ¾ to 2 yards wide, from auction, cheap.
MOURNING GOODS in great variety.
Also,
GRENADINE SHAWLS, just received, from low to high cost.
SILK SACQUES and MANTLES, in the newest shapes and styles.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO.,
No. 355 Broadway,
Will offer at retail,
On MONDAY, June 22,
A few more of those finest quality
4-4 BLEACHED SHIRTINGS, at 25 cents.
Also,
A large lot of
QUILTS,
Purchased at auction at $1 50, worth two months ago $2 50 and $3,
JACONETS, SWISS, NAINSOOK, CAMBRIC AND MULL MUSLINS,
AT A GREAT REDUCTION.
Also,
LINENS, TOWELINGS, NAPKINS, DAMASKS, &c., VERY CHEAP.

ALL STRANGERS VISITING

NEW-YORK CITY
Will find at R. H. MACY'S
a full and complete assortment of
LACE GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
LACE SHAWLS, LACE MANTILLAS,
YANKEE NOTIONS, KID GLOVES,
RIBBONS, MILLINERY GOODS,
STRAW GOODS, WHITE GOODS,
FLANNELS, LINENS,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, HOSIERY,
GLOVES, UNDER WEAR,
PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS,
MADE-UP UNDER CLOTHING, &c.
N.B.—We continue to sell our ladies' and gent's KID GLOVES at ONE DOLLAR a pair.
Equal in quality to any Kid Glove in the City.
R. H. MACY,
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av.,
Two doors below 14th-st.

MOURNING GOODS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Full suits of mourning made to order on very short notice. A superior stock of Bonnets, Mantillas, Shawls, Veils, Embroideries and Gloves constantly on hand, together with all the most desirable materials and novelties in dress goods, at popular prices.
N.B.—Two more cases of 6-4 Crape Eugines, so much inquired for, 7s. per yard, worth 12s.—positively the last at these prices. Call and examine.
W. JACKSON, Importer of Mourning Goods,
No. 461 Broadway, between Grand and Howard sts.

DRY GOODS.

SOLOMON & HART,

NO. 369 BROADWAY,
ARE MAKING UP EVERY STYLE OF
CURTAINS, VALLENCES,
CORNICES AND TRIMMINGS,
GOLD, PAINTED & HOLLAND
WINDOW SHADES,
AT A SLIGHT ADVANCE ON
OLD PRICES.

PAPER HANGINGS

AT RETAIL.
OUR SPRING STOCK IS NOW READY
FOR EXHIBITION.
FOR EXTENT AND VARIETY OF STYLE
IT IS UNSURPASSED.
Parties about furnishing are invited to an examination.
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

We have purchased over 500 cases of STRAW GOODS this day, being the entire Balance of Four Manufacturers' Stocks, and shall have them ready
THIS DAY,
The prices will range from 33 to 50 per cent. below last month.
We have WHITE LEGHORN, RYDAL, and SPANISH BLOOMERS, 25, 31, 44, 56 cents each and upwards.
WHITE PEDAL ALBONI and RYDAL BLOOMERS, 44, 56, 75, and $1—Every Size.
SPLIT STRAW BLOOMERS. (Fine,) Every Shape, $1, $1 25, $1 50, and $2.
Thousands of COLORED BLOOMERS, Plain and Fancy, 25, 31, 44, 56, 75, and $1 each—an Endless Variety.
In our Job Department you will find BLOOMERS at One Cent, at 10 cents, at 25 cents, at 31 cents.
Bargains in SPLIT STRAW BONNETS.
Grey and Tan HAIR BONNETS, from 75 cents each upwards.
Colored and White SHAKERS, 25 cents each.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st. and No. 66 Allen-st.,
☞ Fifth Block East from Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

RIBBONS! RIBBONS!! RIBBONS!!!
Drabs, Corns and Whites, 25, 31, 38, 44, 56, and 63 cents per yard. Bargains!
700 Cartoons of New Plain and Fancy Bonnet Ribbons, this week's purchases.
Nos. 4 and 5 Trimming Ribbons, every color, 81c. and 95c. the piece.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st. and No. 66 Allen-st.
☞ Fifth block East from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

The usual assortment of
FASHIONABLE SHADES IN MILLINERY SILKS.
Cheap BLONDS and MILLINERY LACES.
GAUZE, BAREGE, PUSHER and THREAD VEILS, under regular prices.
Ten thousand pairs of SILK TWISTED MITTS, both Long and Short Running, from 25 cents to $1 the Pair. Bargains.
We have KID GLOVES, Plain and Brocaded Backs, at 44c., 56c., 75c. and $1 the Pair. Warranted.
Gents' Real LINEN THREAD GLOVES, at 12 cents the Pair.
New Styles in LADIES' LISLE GLOVES and HOSIERY.
EMBROIDERED SETS and COLLARS, at 25c. 31c., 44c., 56c., 75c. and $1 each. REALLY CHEAP. AUCTION LOTS.
LINEN COLLARS, New Styles, at 4c., 6c., 8c., 10c. and 12c. each.
One thousand dozens of LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, from 8 cents each.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st. and No. 66 Allen-st.
☞ Fifth Block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

NEW FEATHERS AND FLOWERS
EVERY DAY!
STRAW TRIMMINGS!!!
DRESS TRIMMINGS!!!
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st.
Entrance to these Departments No. 66 Allen-st.
☞ Fifth Block East from the Bowery.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE
You can purchase cut lengths of MILLINERY GOODS cheaper than down-town jobbers sell who'e pieces.
700 cartoons of RIBBONS and 500 cases of STRAW GOODS unusually cheap to day.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st. and 66 Allen-st.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

CHEAPEST SHIRT STORE IN THE UNITED STATES.

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DOLLARS.
SIX SHIRTS, made of Wamsutta or Wouregan Muslin, which is equal in wear to New-York Mills Muslin,
SIX FOR $14, and SIX FOR $15.
SIX New-York Mills Muslin SHIRTS, with extra fine Linen Bosoms and Wristbands, (best Shirt made,) for $18. This is cheaper by $6 per dozen than any other house.
Send for a Circular.
FREDERICK LEWIS, 655 Broadway.

NOTICE, NOTICIA, NOTIZ, AVIS.

Strangers, ladies and gentlemen are respectfully invited to call at FOUNTAIN'S India store, (new location,) No. 858 Broadway, between 13th and 14th sts., and inspect the only complete stock of India goods in this country, containing White Pineapples, Black Pineapples, Plaid and Striped Pineapples, White and all colors of Crapes, Silks, Madras and Bandana Handkerchiefs, Seersuckers, Pongees, Crapes, Nankeens, China Tea Sets, a fine assortment of American-Indian goods, curiosities, elegant Chinese and French fans in great variety, wholesale and retail.
Ladies will find themselves fully remunerated by taking the trouble of visiting the above establishment before making their Spring purchases in this line of goods. A card containing a full list of these unique and elegant goods will be sent by mail on application.
No. 858 Broadway, New-York.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, 657 BROADWAY.

All kinds Children's Cloaks, Riding Hoods, Dresses, Blankets, Sacks, Corsets, Chemises, Infants' Waists, Aprons, Bibs, Baskets, &c., &c.; Ladies' Embroidered Chemises and Nightgowns, Yokes; Ladies' ready-made under-garments, tuted handkerchiefs, &c. Initials and coats-of-arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen and bedclothes. Braiding, Cotton and Silk Embroideries made to order. Stamping for embroideries and braiding executed perfectly. Fluting for dress trimmings; laces done up like new.

HELP WANTED.

A CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, to go into the country, a young smart girl, who is capable of filling the above positions; she must have satisfactory recommendations. Apply at No. 167 Henry-st., near Joralemon-st., Brooklyn.

A COOK AND WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, in a small family, living a few miles from the City, a good plain cook and washer and ironer. Liberal wages given. Apply on Tuesday and Wednesday morning from 10 to 11 o'clock at office of *Bankers' Magazine*, No. 63 William-st., 4th story.

A HOUSEKEEPER.—WANTED, AN EXperienced middle-aged woman, thoroughly competent to take charge of a first-class new house, having twenty boarders, for the Summer, in a pleasant location, twenty miles from New-York. Address, with references, H. A., Box No. 183 *Times* Office, New-York.

A LADY'S MAID—ONE ACCUSTOMED TO dressing hair in the latest style and can sew, and wishes to go to the country for the Summer months, may apply at No. 389 5th-av., before 9 in the morning or after 6 in the evening.

A LADY'S MAID.—WANTED, A GERMAN OR French person, who can dress hair, and understands her duties thoroughly. City references required. None others need apply. Call at No. 18 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS COPYIST IN AN office; must be a good penman and correct in figures; salary $1 per day. Address, giving name and reference, in own handwriting, W. H. C., Box No. 133 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A MAN IN A LARGE LACE AND embroidery store as floor walker or manager; one that understands dressing windows and the business generally. A competent man liberally dealt with. Apply to WILLIAM KINZEY, Nos. 221 and 223 8th-av.

WANTED—A SOLDIER WHO HAS LOST AN arm, either right or left, to act as gatekeeper to a country place near the City. Apply to J. S. BROWN, No. 274 Canal-st., New-York, from 11 to 1 o'clock.

WANTED—A MAN, AS VALET, TO GO TO MELbourne, Australia, with a merchant. Salary $45 per month; two conductors; two brakesmen, and three porters for stores. Apply at No. 7 Chatham-square.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN ACCUSTOMED TO take care of horses, to go a short distance from the City. References required. Apply at No. 25 Beaver-st.

PAPER-MAKERS WANTED—FOURDRINier machine tenders and rag engineers: for first-class workmen, good wages will be paid. Address H. N. MOSELY, Wilmington, Del.

BOOK-KEEPER WANTED.—A MAN BEtween 40 and 50 years of age preferred. Salary moderate. Address Box No. 3,893 Post-office, with references.

SHIRT-CUTTER WANTED.—A MAN THAT thoroughly understands cutting shirts, drawers and collars. Apply at once to JACKSON & PURDY, No. 647 Broadway.

BOYS WANTED.—TWO BOYS, NOT UNDER 16 years of age, of good character and quiet manners, can have steady employment by applying at No. 36 Ann-st., between 4 and 5 o'clock this afternoon.

BOY WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE DRY goods store. $7 or $50 the first year. Address Box No. 751 Post-office.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS—Court of other States and Notary—No. 5 Beekman-st., Astor House, New-York. Office hrs. 10 to 4 and 7 to 8. Sundays 9 to 10.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted, by a respectable girl, as chambermaid or to take care of children; is a good plain sewer; is willing to go in the country for the Summer; the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 217 5th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a young woman as chambermaid, and would assist with washing and ironing, or take care of children; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 33 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND NURSE, OR CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A thoroughly capable and most respectable girl, of genteel appearance and first-class references, desires a situation in the country, in either of those capacities. Apply at No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn, corner Joralemon-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable young Scotch girl wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress; best of City references from last place. Call at No. 73 West 26th-st., in the basement.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A RE spectable woman, as cook; understands her business thoroughly; has the best City reference; will assist with washing and ironing; no objection to the country. Call at No. 266 Elizabeth-st., one door from Spring-st., first floor, front room.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES a situation as first-class cook in a private family; understands cooking in all its branches; ice-creams, jellies, desserts, &c., &c. Best of City reference given. Call at No. 78 West 20th-st.

AS COOK.—A LADY WISHES TO PROCURE A situation for her cook—a trustworthy and competent girl, willing to assist in the washing and ironing. Wages, $8. Apply at her present employer's, No. 117 Lexington-av., for two days.

AS COOK—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable middle-aged Protestant woman, as plain cook and good washer and ironer, or would do the housework of a small family; wishes a steady place. Call at No. 236 Mulberry-st., 2d floor, between Prince and Spring.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman, a situation as good plain cook and assist with the washing and ironing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 45 West 22d-st.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES a situation as cook in a private family, or chambermaid and laundress: the best of City references given. Call at No. 257 9th-av., second floor, front room.

AS FIRST CLASS COOK—A RESPECTABLE English Protestant woman wishes a situation as first class cook; understands her business in all its branches; good baker; country preferred. Call or address No. 119 West 24th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes a situation as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing; City references given. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 9 East 22d-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a respectable girl, as cook and to assist with the washing and ironing. Can be seen at her present employers, No. 217 Fifth-av.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—A SITUAtion wanted in City or country, by a respectable young woman, as down-stairs servant, or for general housework; is an excellent cook, baker and laundress; has the best of references. Call at No. 378 6th-av., first floor, front room.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A young woman wants a situation to cook, wash and iron in a private family; or would go as nurse or chambermaid; has three years' reference from her last place. Address No. 4 27th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av.

AS COOK OR GENERAL SERVANT.—Wanted, a situation by a smart, capable girl, to do cooking or general housework; is a neat, obliging and trusty servant; a superior washer and ironer; willing and respectful; best of references given. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, City or country.

AS HOUSEWORKER, &c.—SITUATION wanted to do housework, chamberwork or plain sewing, embroidering, taking care of children; good City reference. Call at No. 87 6th-av.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a respectable girl, as laundress; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 100 5th-av., second door from 15th-st.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT woman, a situation as infant's nurse; is capable of taking the entire charge from birth; can bring it up by hand; or wait on a sick lady; would go to the country; is a good seamstress; the best of City reference given. Call, for two days, at No. 63 20th-st., one door from 6th-av.

AS NURSE.—A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE ENglish Protestant woman is desirous of a situation as nurse; she is fully capable of taking charge of a child from its birth; can give the best of references. Apply at No. 389 2d-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

AS CHILDREN'S NURSE, &c.—AN ACTIVE young woman wants a situation to care children and do plain sewing; will assist with any domestic duty required; wages not an object, but a home, good City reference. Call at No. 13 Union Court, University-place, between 11th and 12th-sts.

TO EMPLOYERS OF FIRST-CLASS FEmale servants in City and country hotels and private boarding-houses, will please notice they can be supplied with good, competent respectable and well recommended girls, Protestants and others, of all nations, as good cooks, washers and ironers, chambermaids and waitresses, laundresses, nurses and seamstresses, ladies' maids, to travel; housekeepers, and French governesses; also, music teachers and ladies' traveling companions. Employers will not be disappointed by favoring us with a call at the Select Female Employment Agency, No. 111 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th ave. A lady in attendance. A large number for general housework; also colored girls.

AT THE FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS' Institute and Employment House, are always on hand good servants to suit all, and good places also. German, English, Scotch, American, Irish and Protestants. Civil and capable. Also, small girls. Conducted by Mrs. FLOYD, corner of 11th-st and 6th-av.

AT THE OLD INSTITUTE, NO. 149 Grand-st., is wanting a number of competent Irish, English and Protestant servants, for the City and country, excellent cooks, washers, ironers, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, tidy girls for housework and those lately landed.

MALES.

A BOOK-KEEPER, &c.—WANTED, BY AN experienced young man, quick and correct in figures, a situation as book keeper, assistant book-keeper, or general clerk in any good mercantile business; first-class City reference given. Address INTEGRITY, care Merchants' Clerks' Registry Office, No. 131 Fulton-st.

AS CLERK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY an active and experienced young man, willing to work as clerk, or to make himself generally useful in any mercantile business; good City reference given as to character, &c. Address ENERGY, Merchants' Clerk's Registry Office, No. 131 Fulton-st.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A STEADY, active man, a situation as coachman or groom, who perfectly understands the care and management of horses, and is a careful driver; the best of City references from his late employer. Apply to W. B., at Wilson's livery stables, 14th-st., near 5th-av.

AS COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED, BY a respectable young man, as coachman and groom; understands his business in all its branches, and has good City reference from his last employer. Can be seen at Brewster's, carriage makers, Nos. 372 and 374 Broome-st., corner of Mott-st., or at Lowden's, No. 79 Bleecker-st.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION as coachman, by a respectable man, a Belgian, who thoughly understands his business in all its branches; has lived with first-class families in the City; has 10 years' reference. Address 74 West 24th-st., for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED AS coachman, by a young Englishman; is fully competent to take charge of a gentleman's establishment. Address W. B., No. 894 Broadway.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A RESPECtable young man wants a situation as coachman and groom in a private family; understands the care and the management of horses, and is a good driver; has several years' City reference from his last employer. Call or address for two days at No. 95 East 23d-st.

AS COACHMAN OR GROOM.—A SITUAtion wanted, as coachman or groom, by a Protestant young man, who thoroughly understands his business; willing and obliging; good City references. Address, for two day A., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

AS PORTER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS porter, by a young man who has the very best of reference from gentlemen of this City. Wages $3 a week for the first three or four months. Address PORTER, Box No. 217 *Times* Office, or No. 488 Hudson-st., this week.

AS LIGHT PORTER.—WANTED, BY A RE spectable Protestant man, a situation as light porter in a mercantile house, or any position where the services of an honest, trusty man are required; references of the highest class given. Apply for one week at No. 51 West 20th-st.

AS WAITER—LAUNDRESS.—A MAN AND his wife wish situations, one as waiter, and the other as laundress; both are thoroughly competent, and have the highest testimonials as to ability, &c. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 307 4th-av.

AS WAITER.—WILL BE DISENGAGED ON the 1st July, and wants a situation as waiter in a private family. Can be seen for two days at his present employers, No. 39 5th-av., or a note for T. M. C. will be attended to.

BY MAN AND WIFE.—A RESPECTABLE couple, with excellent testimonials, desire situations in City or country; the man is a first-class coachman and groom—can wait on table, if necessary; the wife is a good chambermaid—can manage milk and butter; no objection to live in a cottage and board themselves. Apply at No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO CAPITALISTS.

A person having a large Iron establishment in this City, consisting of large iron and brass foundries, machine and blacksmith shops, &c., and is now in active operation—has ample room and is one of the best situated in the City for building large marine engines—wishes to change his present business to that of building marine engines, boilers, &c., and is desirous of forming a copartnership with a person of means, having a thorough knowledge of that business. Address MARINE ENGINES, *Herald* office.

LOOMS AND FIXTURES FOR SALE.—SIX dwebbing looms with large spooler, blocking machine, twill winders, bobbins, with shafting and belting and other fixtures for sale very cheap, as the owner has other business to occupy his time. They are all in good work for order and nearly new. Inquire of C. M. WOODRUFF, No. 230 Broad-st., Newark.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE PATENT FOR England. The owner having the same patent in this country to attend to, offers this for sale. Address J. S. U., Box No. 148 Brooklyn Post-office.

FINANCIAL.

LAKE ERIE AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.

The Lake Erie and Pacific Railroad Company, in the State of Indiana, now offer for sale their entire issue of $890,000 First, and only, Mortgage Bonds, bearing seven per cent. interest, payable semi-annually in the City of New-York.

These bonds are secured by a DEED OF TRUST, constituting the FIRST and ONLY lien upon the entire Road, its franchises, appurtenances, rolling stock, &c.

Its route is along the White Water Valley, from Rushville to Union, a distance of about sixty miles, and passes through the richest, best cultivated and most densely populated portion of the State of Indiana.

The road is the CENTRAL SECTION of the otherwise completed TRUNK LINE, connecting the great Southwest at LOUISVILLE, Ky., on the Ohio River, and at an early day with TOLEDO and SANDUSKY, on Lake Erie.

The Company is wholly without debt (except its bonded debt) and being strong in its local traffic, and connecting with roads that must necessarily largely increase the volume of its revenues, the BOARD OF DIRECTORS, with great confidence, invite the attention of capitalists to these securities, believing that they offer an opportunity for a first-class railroad investment, than which, in their judgment, there is no better to be had.

The published exhibits of the Company, together with a map showing the locality and advantages of the Road, can be had from either of the Trustees of the Deed of Trust, in this City, named below, and from either of whom the bonds are only to be had.

TRUSTEES:
GEORGE A. ROBBINS,
No. 54 William-st.
GEORGE T. M. DAVIS,
No. 47 Exchange-place.

NEW-YORK, May 18, 1863.

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, June 19, 1863.

Parties holding thirty (30) or more Coupons of the various Loans of the United States, maturing July 1, 1863, are requested to hand them in, with schedules, at any time before that date.

Holders complying with the above, will have their Coupons examined and checks given for them on the 30th June, after 3 o'clock P. M.

Blank Schedules will be furnished upon application at the interest desk of this office.

JOHN J. CISCO,
Assistant Treasurer United States.

UNITED STATES TREASURY.

NEW-YORK, June 22, 1863.

I shall continue, until the 1st July next, inclusive, to receive deposits of U. S. Legal Tender Notes for conversion into U. S. Six per cent Bonds, commonly called Five-Twenties, interest payable semi-annually in gold. After said 1st July, the right to make such conversions ceases by act of Congress.

JOHN J. CISCO,
Assistant Treasurer U. S.

AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES "5-20" YEAR 6 PER CENT. LOAN.

OFFICE OF LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
No. 34 Wall-st.

We supply these bonds, as *agents*, in all denominations, "*at par*" *interest in gold*, commencing to the purchaser upon deposit of the money.

The privilege of subscribing to this Loan will cease on and after July 1, 1863.

Orders, accompanied by draft on New-York or current funds, will receive prompt attention.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO., Bankers,
and Dealers in Securities and Gold.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,
AND
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
AGENTS FOR U. S. FIVE-TWENTY LOAN.
Are prepared to furnish the U. S. FIVE-TWENTY YEAR SIX PER CENT. BONDS, direct from the Government, at PAR and ACCRUED INTEREST, or PAR, with interest commencing from date of subscription and payment.
☞ On and after July 1, the privilege of converting Legal-Tender Notes into the Five-Twenty Bonds at par will cease. Parties wishing to secure a United States Bond, paying six per cent. interest IN GOLD, AT PAR, should send in their orders before that time.
We also keep on hand a constant supply of all classes of Government Securities, for sale at the lowest market rates.
U. S. 7.30 Treasury Notes.
U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.
U. S. One-Year Certificates of Indebtedness, &c., &c.
FISK & HATCH,
No. 38 Wall-st.

ÆTNA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.

No. 170 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, June 9, 1863.
At an election for Directors, held on the 1st inst., the following gentlemen were chosen for the ensuing year:

JACOB BROUWER,	FRANCIS A. THOMPSON,
RUSSEL STEBBINS,	THEOPHILUS ANTHONY,
M. L. MARSH,	G. B. SATTERLEE,
P. L. FOULKE,	T. C. CHARDAVOYNE,
C. J. SATTERLEE,	NEHEMIAH KNIGHT,
JOSEPH JAMISON,	NELSON RUNYON,
WM. WHITEWRIGHT,	DANL. BUTTERFIELD,
JOHN D. WARD,	ROBERT H. BERDELL,
JAMES THOMPSON,	JOHN H. TALMAN,
CHAS. H. CLAYTON,	EDWARD OOTHOUT,
	JOHN J. MCLAREN.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board JACOB BROUWER, Esq., was unanimously reelected President of the Company. LIVINGSTON SATTERLEE, Sec'y.

GRANT & SON,

No. 58 WALL-ST.,
Have constantly on hand all descriptions U. S. Government Securities.
U. S. 6 per cent. Coupon and Reg'd Bonds.
U. S. 6 per cent. Five-Twenty Bonds.
U. S. 6 per cent. One Year Certificates (old and new.)
U. S. 7 3-10 per cent. Treasury Notes.
And are prepared to deliver Five Twenty Bonds, with full Coupon from May 1, or bearing Interest from date of subscription. Certificates of indebtedness collected promptly. Interest received in gold remitted or accounted for at market rate.
Commercial paper bought and sold.

UNITED STATES CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.

Maturing Certificates of Indebtedness collected, and returns made promptly.
The gold received for interest remitted, or accounted for at the market price in currency, at the option of holders.
KETCHUM, SON & CO.,
No. 40 Exchange-place.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

ARMY AND NAVY BANKING HOUSE.

Commissioned Officers' Accounts adjusted and cashed. Quartermasters', Navy Agents' and Ordnance vouchers purchased.
JOHN B. MURRAY,
Army and Navy Banker,
No. 39 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SPRINGFIELD, June 8, 1863.
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Treasurer of the State of Illinois will, on and after the first Monday of July next until the 20th day of said month, be ready, at the American Exchange Bank, New-York, to pay the Interest maturing on the first Monday of July, 1863, on the Public Debt of the State of Illinois.
The interest then due, and not called for prior to the 20th day of July, will thereafter be paid only at the office of the Treasurer of the State of Illinois, in the city of Springfield.
Holders of Illinois and Michigan Canal Bonds, where coupons are exhausted, are required to present the bonds,
ALEXANDER STARNE, State Treasurer.

SCIOTA AND HOCKING VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—Holders of overdue coupons, under the first mortgage ($300,000 loan) of the above-named corporation, are requested to present the same for payment at the office of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., No. 52 Wall-st.
Holders of the said mortgage bonds are requested to present their bonds at the same office without delay, to arrange for the extension thereof, in pursuance of the decree of the Court.
J. F. LANIER, Trustee.
JUNE 19, 1863.

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
Bought and sold at Board of Brokers,
By A. G. HEMINWAY & CO.,
No. 53 Exchange-place.

OFFICE OF THE CONTINENTAL INSURANCE CO.,
No. 102 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, June, 2, 1863.
CUSTOMERS OF THIS COMPANY ENTITLED to Certificates of Profits for the year 1861, are requested to obtain and receipt for the same immediately, in order to avoid their forfeiture.
H. H. LAMPORT, Secretary.

CRAWFORDSVILLE AND WABASH RAILROAD CO.—Holders of the overdue First Mortgage Bonds of the above-named corporation are requested to present the same without delay at the office of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO. for payment in full. Interest thereon will not be allowed after this date.
JUNE 19, 1863. J. F. D. LANIER, Trustee.

REAL ESTATE, STOCK, MONEY.—Advantageous opportunities for profitable investment in real estate, near the City. Subscription received for stock in the Mt. Vernon Gas Light Company. Money wanted on bond and mortgage; good security. J. STEVENS, Room No. 4, No. 18 Pine-st.

SOLDIERS NOW MUSTERED OUT OF service, who have not received their bounty by reason of not serving full two years, can have the same collected by applying to SOMES, BROWN & CO., No. 2 Park-place, under Broadway Bank, New-York.

DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY R. R. CO.—The coupons due 1st July, 1863, on the first mortgage bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date at the office of SCHUCHARDT & BERWARD.

FINANCIAL.

DE WITT C. LAWRENCE, Member Mining Board. ROBT. W. HALSTED, Member Stock Exchange. SIMEON BALDWIN, JR.

LAWRENCE, HALSTED & BALDWIN,

STOCK BROKERS,
No. 70 WALL-ST.
Orders for the Purchase or Sale of STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD and SECURITIES OF ALL KINDS promptly executed. CO

MEDICAL.

SECRET DISEASES, SECRET DISEASES.
SAMARITAN'S GIFT,
SAMARITAN'S GIFT.
The most certain remedy ever used.
Yes, a positive cure.
Balsam Copavia and Mercury discarded.
Only ten pills to be taken to effect a cure.
They are purely vegetable, having no smell nor any unpleasant taste, and will not injure the stomach or bowels of the most delicate.
Cures in from two to four days, and recent
CASES IN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.
No exposure, no trouble, no change whatever
Price, male packages, $2; female, $3; sent by mail.
SAMARITAN'S ROOT AND HERB JUICES,
A positive and permanent cure for
Syphilis, Scrofula, Ulcers, Sores, Spots, Tetters, &c.
There is not another remedy known to equal it for the cure of Syphilis. It reaches and eradicates it.
Price, $1, or six bottles for $5. Sold by
H. C. OAKLEY, No. 11 Park-row.,
C. H. EATON, No. 25 South 8th-st., Philadelphia.

DR. JEFFRIES' ANTIDOTE, AND KING'S ROSE INJECTION,
Specific remedies for disease of the sexual organs. Are warranted, when used in connection, to cure the most obstinate case that can be presentations, in from two to six days. Either of the above preparations. Recent cases cured by Circulars free on application.
THOMAS STARR, sole agent, No. 142 Fulton-st., New-York. For sale by CALLENDER, Philadelphia; F. A. BRYAN, Chicago, and druggists generally.

DR. WITFIELD'S VEGETABLE PILLS
Are infallible for Fistula, Blind and Bleeding Piles. Reference to ladies and gentlemen from all parts of the country. Price 50 cents per box. Sold by all Druggists, and at wholesale by D. S. BARNES & CO., No. 202 Broadway, and by Proprietor, J. YOUNG, No. 481 Broadway.

IMPORTANT—FOR THREE DOLLARS.
Dr. C. BERY & CO. will send their specific for the sure cure of diseases brought on by secret habits and other improprieties, together with a receipt for its manufacture. Address Dr. C. BERY & CO., New-York.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by Dr. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedy for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and expense than any one can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., the only place. Call, send or write.

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS, SUCCESSfully consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Veneriens, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, ulcers, tumors, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of those complaints enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, thereby speedily cured. The men to consult, Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantee a perfect cure, or no charge, in from one to three days. Established in 1840. N. B.—Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send for a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.
All sufferers from the above complaints, either of recent or long standing, are advised to use Blair's Gout and Rheumatic Pills. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered to the public, and have been universally used in Europe for many years with the greatest success.
Prepared by PROUT & HARSANT, No. 229 Strand, London, England; and sold by their Agents, WELLS & CO., Frapton-st., New-York.
Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorized the name and address of "Thomas Prout, No. 229 Strand, London," to be impressed upon the Government stamp affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and impediments to marriage generally. Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case in one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER HOWERS, M.D., No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND those about to be married.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages, and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage-stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. LEWIS' CELEBRATED REMEDIES are mild and effectual in their operation, require no restraint in diet, loss of time, or hindrance in business, possessing the power of eradicating every symptom of disease in its worst stages. One trial will convince the most skeptical of their surprising properties. Slight cases cured in two days, or prevented, if application is made in time. Office No. 7 Beach-st., between Varick-st. and West Broadway, New-York.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st., New-York

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, IN the form of Pills, will, in fifteen minutes after being taken, make the recipient as vigorous as if nature had never been retarded or debilitated. To the unmarried or single, in every physical exigency, this unrivaled medicine is earnestly recommended as a complete restorative of the nervous system where manhood has been impaired. Procured of Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st. Call or send for circulars.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Restores manhood to the most shattered system. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place. Beware of bogus Dr. Hunters. The City is full of knaves, up to every trick to rob him of his great reputation as a skillful and reliable physician. No other office but No. 3 Division-st. Established in 1834. Eight separate rooms and a private entrance.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and renewing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been misled by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., can call on Dr. J. with the certainty of receiving honorable treatment.

ADVICE TO LADIES.—IN ALL CASES where infallible medicines are desired, or mode of treatment that never fails, call upon Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," who treats female complaints exclusively. Office No. 129 Liberty-st.

DRS. GRIFFIN, NO. 258 GRAND-ST., N.Y., opposite Lord and Taylor's, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are inserting their improved Artificial Teeth, with or without extracting the roots; full sets on gold or platina, $25; on silver or rubber, $8; partial sets (gold) per tooth, $2; silver or rubber, $1; extracting, 25c.

DRS. DE FORREST & BROOKS, NO. 131 Franklin-st., New-York, will speedily cure every form of secret disease, or in every case refund the money. Charges low. Private entrance.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail, cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, but possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. That is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known, that scientific men in every department of medical knowledge begin to appreciate it, for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians in regard to some pitiful patient who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. Its popularity is so great that there is not a quack doctor in the City that has not attacked it, and when they find their lies are not so easily swallowed, they then pretend that they can make it. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for 15 three-cent stamps, 300 pages, 100 colored illustrations. The best work out.

AUCTION SALES.

LOCKWOOD BROS. & UNDERHILL, Auctioneers, No. 29 Murray and No. 33 Warren sts.

THIS DAY, AT 10 O'CLOCK,
Regular sale, comprising full lines of staple and fancy dry goods, hosiery, union, and all wool cloths and cassimeres. Also, a large line of superior black Gro de Rhine silks, black silk cravats, and Gents' furnishing goods.

E. H. LUDLOW & Co., Auctioneers.

SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
MARBLE STATUARY, FINE BRONZES, BILLIARD TABLE, CARRIAGES, &c., AT AUCTION.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, June 25, at 11 o'clock, at No. 2 West 31st-st., southwest corner of 5th-av., (the residence of his Excellency F. L. Barreda, resident Minister of Peru,) the entire superb furniture, &c., contained in said house, the whole of which was made to order, consisting in part of
DRAWING-ROOM.
Elaborately carved rosewood drawing-room suite, in richly flowered satin damask, 24 pieces; Voltaire and reception chairs to match; elegant rosewood etagere, with mirrors; very richly carved rosewood centre tables, with black marble tops, inlaid with Roman Mosaic; Paris buhl cabinet, ebony and ormolu pedestals, superb ormolu mantel clock, with coupes to match; very rich blue and gold satin damask curtains, lined with silk; rich lace do., medallion carpet.
LIBRARY.
Two elegant rosewood library gothic bookcases, one secretary do., all to match; solid rosewood table, carved rosewood suite in crimson satin, lambrequins to match, rich lace curtains, velvet carpet.
BED CHAMBERS.
Very rich rosewood and gilt suite, in crimson figured reps; couches, Voltaire and side chairs, in plush, crimson, worsted and reps; elegantly carved rosewood and walnut French bedsteads; dressing bureaus, washstands and commodes, with statuary and Sienna marble tops; rosewood, single and double armoires-a-glace; walnut wardrobes; rosewood marble-top centre and dressing tables; cheval glass, secretaire, oak and enameled bedroom furniture, palliasses, pure curled hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, brocatel and lace curtains, velvet and English Brussels carpets.
HALL AND STAIRWAYS.
Superly carved walnut hall-stand, marble-top, with clock; black walnut hall chairs, Brussels carpet.
BILLIARD ROOM.
Fine full-size crotch oak billiard table, (Phelan's patent,) with balls, cues, &c., complete; oak arm and side chairs, in plush; Brussels carpet.
ALSO,
A large assortment of crystal, cut and engraved and Bohemian glassware, fine French China, &c., together with the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.
MARBLE STATUARY, &c.
Carrara marble statues—"The Hunter," "Fisherman," "Fidelity," Scagliola Pedestals, large Etruscan Vase, &c., together with several very fine pieces of Bronze and Parian.
Also, at 3 o'clock,
Coupé Carriage, trimmed with morocco.
Family Carriage, made by J. R. Lawrence & Co.
Single and double harness, &c.
The furniture will be on exhibition by permit, on Wednesday, 24th inst.
Catalogues, on Tuesday, at the office of the auctioneers.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

EDWARD SINTZENICH, Auctioneer.

LARGE STOCK OF ELEGANT FURNITURE.
By D. W. IVES & CO., THIS DAY, (TUESDAY,) June 23, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 625 Broadway, (previous to the occupation of said store by the incoming tenant,)
THE ENTIRE STOCK OF FURNITURE
will be peremptorily sold. The assortment is very complete, and includes much work of the best description principally custom made, both rich and plain, in style, such as
ROSEWOOD BEDSTEADS,
ROSEWOOD BUREAUS,
ROSEWOOD WARDROBES,
WALNUT BEDSTEADS,
WALNUT BUREAUS,
WALNUT WARDROBES.
WALNUT AND EBONY CHAMBER SUITES.
Lounges, Washstands, Armoires, Easy Chairs, Sewing and Rocking Chairs, and other items; prime Hair Mattresses, Bolsters, Pillows, &c.
TWENTY-ONE PARLOR SUITES.
In rosewood, walnut and mahogany, colored in crimson, green, magenta, garnet, green and gold, crimson and gold and other patterns of brocatel. Also, plush, reps, hair-cloth, &c.
ROSEWOOD BOOKCASES,
WALNUT SIDEBOARDS,
OAK EXTENSION TABLES,
WALNUT LIBRARY SUITES,
OAK LIBRARY SUITES,
WALNUT DINING SUITES.
OAK DINING SUITES.
Bookcases, Etageres, Whatnots, Centre Tables, fancy Tables, oak Chairs. Also some lots of unfinished work, suitable for the trade, including one
SUPERB ROSEWOOD ETAGERE,
of large size.
Out of town buyers can have goods packed and forwarded. On exhibition and catalogues ready day before sale.

EDWARD SINTZENICH, Auctioneer.

CLOSING SALE OF THE SEASON.
COLLECTION OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PAINTINGS
By D. W. IVES & CO., at the Derby Gallery, No. 625 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 24, at 7½ o'clock.
This sale will be the closing sale of the season, and will include some fine works of native art, together with a large number of choice foreign pictures of merit. The connoisseur and general purchaser will find ample field for examination. The subjects include Landscapes, Historical, Flower, Fruit, Genre and Marine pieces, among which are specimens by

Hart,	Innes	Louis Lang,
Inman,	Cafferty,	George H. Hall,
Rossiter,	D. W. C. Boutelle,	Thompson,
Tait,	Mignot,	Smeta,
Van Severdonck,	Savry,	C. Frere,

And numerous others. The collection will be on exhibition day and evening until sale, and catalogues ready. Purchasers for shipment to the country can have packing carefully attended to by skillful persons.

SCRANTON COAL AT AUCTION.
OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 35 William-st.,
NEW YORK, June 15, 1863.
This Company will hold their fifth regular monthly auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, 1863, at 12 o'clock noon, at the rooms now used as the Merchants' Exchange, Nos. 26 and 28 Exchange-place, corner William-st., at which time they will offer, by SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer,
30,000 TONS OF FRESH MINED SCRANTON COAL,
embracing all the usual sizes, and deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., after the 1st of July next. They will repeat such auction sales on or about the 20th of each month, during the year 1863.
The sale will be positive. Each lot put up will be sold to the highest bidder; no bids, *in any form whatever*, being made for account of, or on behalf of the Company.
Fifty cents per ton, in bankable funds, to be paid at the time and place of sale, and the balance in like funds, on receiving the order for the coal, which must be called for within ten days thereafter, and the coal taken away within thirty days from the day of sale, unless navigation is obstructed. Buyers who wish, however, can have an additional thirty days for taking the delivery of their purchases, by making a further deposit of fifty cents per ton, within the ten days above specified, interest, at 7 per cent. per annum, will in such case be charged on the balance, from the time stipulated for payment until paid; and twenty-five cents per ton to cover the expense of stocking the coal—both to be paid on delivery of order.
The other conditions of sale will be substantially those hitherto accepted by all purchasers by private contract, of coal deliverable at Elizabethport, so far as applicable. The coal will be delivered direct from the cars on their arrival from the mines, when practicable—otherwise from the stock. These conditions will be modified to meet the wants of ocean steamers, whose arrival cannot be definitely fixed.
C. R. ROBERT, President.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE
OF
PRIZE PROPERTY.
BURDETT, JONES & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, June 24, 1863, at 12 o'clock, noon, at Union Stores, Brooklyn, (by virtue of a writ of venditionis exponas, and under direction of ROBERT MURRAY, Esq., United States Marshal:
Cargo of prize schooner Reindeer, consisting of cotton.
Cargo of prize schooner Rambler, consisting of cotton.
Cargo of prize schooner Monte Christo, consisting of cotton.
Catalogues three days previous to sale.
ROBERT MURRAY,
United States Marshal.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer, Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction on TUESDAY, June 23, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 52 West 32d-st., genteel household furniture, consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood suite, in green and white brocatel, rosewood etagere, rosewood and mahogany centre and side tables, lace curtains, elegant Parian mantel and etagere ornaments, very fine proof engravings, oak extension table and chairs, mahogany and black bedsteads, marble top dress bureaus, wardrobe and chairs, best curled hair mattresses, beds, bolsters and pillows, oilcloths, stair carpets and rods, crockery, glassware, kitchen utensils, &c.; also a small library of standard works, embracing those of Shakespeare, Milton, Scott, Byron, and others.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT auction, on TUESDAY, June 23, at 11 o'clock, at our Sale-room, No. 23 Nassau-st. Elegant diamond jewelry, silver ware, &c., consisting of very elegant diamond sets, diamond necklaces, Ladies' single and cluster diamond rings; one 3¼ carat diamond, convertible into a pin or ring, and cost $750; one four carat diamond pin cost $350, diamond rings and earrings, sets of sleeve buttons, mosaic and lava sets, gold pens and pencil cases, emerald and garnet sets, pearl do., cameo and pearl sets, with a large assortment of diamonds, diamond hair pin, cost $150, with other rich goods, odeur cases set with pearl and garnets, earrings and breastpins, gold guard and vest chains. They can be examined on the morning of the sale.

BULL'S HEAD BANK, NEW-YORK, June 19, 1863.
SEVENTEENTH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD of Directors of the Bull's Head Bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of three per cent., free of Government Tax, out of the earnings of the past three months, payable to the Stockholders on and after the first day of July next. The transfer books will be closed from the 22d inst. to the 1st proximo, inclusive.
G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

A. S. RICHARDS, Auctioneer.

RICHARDS & WHITING WILL SELL at auction on WEDNESDAY, June 24, at 10½ o'clock, at store No. 44 Cortlandt-st., 1,000 cases of boots and shoes, comprising all the latest and desirable styles of Eastern and New-York City manufacturers, adapted to both city and country trade. All prime goods.

GEO. CLEMENTS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION—J. JENKINS WILL SELL AT AUCtion, on TUESDAY, June 23, at 140 Broadway, at 11 o'clock, carriages, horses, wagons, new and second-hand double and single harness, sheets, nets, &c. Among the lot is a handsome sorrel mare; chaise and harness, and a doctor's new wagon.

JOHN H. BURLEY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK, at No. 441 Canal-st., bureaus, bedsteads, sofa-beds, chairs, tables, lounges, carpets, oil-cloths, matting, beds and bedding, mattresses, mosquito bars, cutlery, plated ware, &c.

AUCTION SALES.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, I will sell at public auction by BURDETT, JONES & CO., on THURSDAY, July 2, 1863, at 11 o'clock A. M., at Wheeler's stores, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, Cargoes of the following named vessels, viz:
NICHOLAI 1ST, consisting of drugs, soaps, candles, muskets, carbines, caps and ammunition, swords, leather, cards, cotton and woolen carts, drawers, hats, tinware, cutlery, stationery, corks and brushes.
ALSO,
Cargo schooner SUE, consisting of dry goods, hardware, saddlery, leather, &c., &c.
ALSO,
Cargo schooner MARY JANE, consisting of salt, flour, pork, butter, and soap, &c., &c.
ALSO,
Cargo of steamer DOURO, consisting of cotton, tobacco, turpentine and resin, &c., &c.
ALSO,
At 12 o'clock at the same place, (Wheeler's stores,) Prize steamer DOURO, her tackle, apparel and furniture, engines, &c.
ALSO,
Prize schooner MARY JANE, her tackle, apparel and furniture,
ALSO,
Prize schooner SUE, her tackle, apparel and furniture.
Catalogue will be ready on Monday, June 29, at the United States Marshal's office, No. 141 Chambers-st., and at the office of the Auctioneer.
ROBERT MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
Southern District, N. Y.

D. D. CAULKINS, Auctioneer.—Office, No. 335 Broadway.
AUCTION NOTICE.—POSITIVE SALE.
MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, RICH FRENCH PLATE PIER AND MANTEL MIRRORS,
SUPERBLY CARVED ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, SILVER PLATE, &c., &c.,
THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) June 23,
At the residence No. 218 14th-st., near 8th-av.,
Commencing at 10½ A. M.
This sale comprises the entire contents of the house. The elegant parlor furniture was made to order, and is in solid rosewood. The whole will be sold to the highest bidder for cash, offering extra inducements to purchasers.
Elegant rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, with all modern improvements, overstrung bass, pearl keys, rich rosewood stool, covered in satin, and embroidered cover, three elegant full suites of rosewood parlor furniture, in rich brocade and satin, rosewood etageres, splendid and costly Parian ornaments, rich vases, &c., also, a magnificent collection of rare paintings, rosewood Turkish and easy chairs, in fine reps, rosewood centre and side marble-top tables, richly carved.
Chamber suites, in rosewood and mahogany, bureaus, carved bedsteads, washstands, sofa beds, in fine hair-cloth, ten pure hair mattresses, from 40 to 50 pounds, made to order, in excellent condition.
Dining-room furniture, consisting of fine oak extension table, oak arm chairs, silver ware, rich China, ivory and silver cutlery, forks, spoons, &c., with heavy cut and engraved glass ware, of every description. No postponement.
N. B.—No other goods admitted in the sale except those belonging to the house.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on WEDNESDAY, June 24, at 12 o'clock, in front of our store, No. 23 Nassau-st.:
Snow-drop pony, 6 years old this Spring, about 13 hands, long tail and mane, perfectly sound, kind and gentle in all harness, and a splendid saddle horse.

A. J. L. SMITH, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, AT 11 O'CLOCK, at No. 17 Stuyvesant-place, 9th-st., east of the Bible House, one rosewood parlor suite, one black walnut do., rosewood and mahogany bedroom suites, chairs, tables, rockers, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-paintings, and everything necessary for genteel housekeeping.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
CITY INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT,
NEW-YORK, June 17, 1863.
By resolutions of the Common Council of the City of New-York, approved by His Honor the Mayor the City Inspector has resumed the duties of Street-cleaning. All obstacles which have heretofore embarrassed the operations of this Department in that respect have now been removed, and the City Inspector has entered upon the prosecution of the work, including the removal of ashes and garbage, with the whole force at his disposal.
The residents of this City can materially aid and assist him in placing the streets in a thoroughly cleanly and healthy condition, and to that end he most earnestly calls their attention to the necessity of putting a stop to the following daily violations of the laws and ordinances, viz.:
First—The throwing of ashes, garbage and filth upon the streets.
Second—The habit of merchants, &c., in permitting straw, shavings, and other substances used in packing, to be cast upon the street or placed upon the sidewalk, from whence it is soon scattered over the street.
Third—The daily sweepings from stores and shops being thrown into the streets and gutters, instead of being placed into some receptacle to be taken away by the ash cartmen.
Fourth—The placing on the street, filth taken from yards and cellars, and rubbish and old material from the repairing of buildings.
Fifth—The throwing into the streets and gutters, noxious, impure and offensive liquids and substances.
The commission of any of the above acts is not only a direct violation of the laws and ordinances, subjecting the offender to arrest, fine and imprisonment, but greatly impedes and retards the keeping of clean streets, rendering the work difficult of successful operation, while largely increasing the expense.
Every effort will be made by the City Inspector to have the streets kept in a healthy and cleanly condition, and he earnestly and confidently hopes and looks for the co-operation and assistance of all classes of citizens in putting an end to the violations above enumerated.
A copy of the several ordinances referred to, will be left at each dwelling-house.
Ash carts will pass through the streets of the several Wards daily (Sundays excepted,) to collect ashes, garbage, &c., and the City Inspector desires that every neglect or misconduct on the part of the drivers of such carts or Street Inspectors may be complained of to him at his office, No. 19 Chatham-street, and it shall be promptly remedied. DANIEL B. DELAVAN,
City Inspector.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the owner [or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.: Regulating, grading and setting curb and gutter stones in 56th-st., between the 9th-av. and Hudson River.
Also, for building a sewer in Morton-st., from the sewer in Bedford-st. to a point 37 feet west of Bleecker-st. The limits embraced by such assessments include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on or adjacent to 56th-st., lying between the centre line of the blocks on the north side of 55th-st. and the centre line of the blocks on the south side of 57th-st., between 9th-av. and Hudson River.
Also, all the lots lying on or adjacent to Morton-st., between Bleecker-st. and Bedford-st.
All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-st., basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.
CHAS. McNEILL,
JACOB F. OAKLEY,
WM. A. DOOLEY,
Board of Assessors.
OFFICE, BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW COURT-HOUSE, June 12, 1863.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS will meet every day, until further notice, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee, are respectfully invited to attend.
Alderman TERENCE FARLEY
Alderman PETER MITCHELL,
Alderman JOHN T. HENRY,
Alderman F. L. A. BOOLE,
Alderman JOHN OTTIWELL,
Committee on
Councilman WM. JOYCE,
Councilman SAMUEL WEBSTER,
Councilman JOHN McCONNELL,
Councilman ALEX. BRANDON,
Councilman JOHN G. HAVILAND.

THE COMMITTEE ON LAMPS AND GAS of the Board of Councilmen, will meet EVERY WEDNESDAY at 1 o'clock P.M., until further notice, in room No. 5 City Hall, for the purpose of investigating all papers referred to them. All persons interested are respectfully requested to appear before the Committee without further notice.
ALEX. BRANDON,
JAMES MURRAY,
RICHARD O'BRIEN,
Committee on Lamps and Gas.

THE COMMITTEE ON POLICE OF THE Board of Aldermen, will meet every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock, P. M., in Room No. 8, City Hall, for the purpose of investigating all papers referred to them. All persons interested are respectfully requested to appear before the Committee without further notice.
PETER MASTERSON,
GEO. A. JEREMIAH,
CHAS. H. HALL,
Committee on Police.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every FRIDAY, at two o'clock P. M., in Room number twelve, City Hall. All persons interested in matters pending the action of the Committee are invited to attend.
TERENCE FARLEY,
JACOB M. LONG,
PETER MASTERSON,
Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Aldermen will meet every SATURDAY, at two o'clock, in the City Library Room, City Hall.
JOHN McCOOL,
PETER MITCHELL,
LEWIS R. RYERS,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH of the Board of Aldermen will meet in Room number twelve, City Hall, on TUESDAY of each week, at two o'clock P. M., until further notice. All persons interested in papers awaiting the action of the Committee are requested to attend.
TERENCE FARLEY,
JACOB M. LONG,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC BUILDings, of the Board of Aldermen, will meet every TUESDAY, in Room No. 8 City Hall, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of considering all papers referred to such Committee. All parties interested will please attend without further notice.
PETER MASTERSON,
JOHN FOX,
LEWIS R. RYERS.
Committee on Public Buildings.

THE COMMITTEE ON SEWERS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every WEDNESDAY, at two o'clock P. M., in Room number eight, City Hall. Parties interested in any matter before the Committee will have an opportunity of being heard.
GEO. A. JEREMIAH,
TERENCE FARLEY,
CHARLES H. HALL,
Committee on Sewers.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS AND CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.—The largest assortment, and the lowest prices. PAUL & CURTIS, No. 593 Broadway.

SHIPPING

THE BRITISH AND NORTH-AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
AFRICA, STONE, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 24.
SCOTIA, JUDKINS, leaves New-York, Wed'y, July 1.
CANADA, MOODIE, leaves Boston, Wednesday, July 8.
CHINA, ANDERSON, leaves New-York, Wed'y, July 15.
ASIA, SHANNON, leaves Boston, Wednesday, July 22.
PERSIA, LOTT, leaves New-York, Wed'y, July 29.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
The Steamship
GREAT EASTERN,
WALTER PATON, Commander,
WILL BE DISPATCHED

FROM LIVERPOOL	FROM NEW-YORK
TUESDAY, June 30.	TUESDAY, July 21,

And at intervals thereafter of about six weeks from each port.
First Cabin from.....$95 to $135
Second Cabin, state-room berths, meals furnished at separate table.....$70
Excursion tickets out and back, in the first and second Cabin only, a fare and a half.
Servants accompanying passengers and children under twelve half fare. Infants free.
Third Cabin.....$50
Steerage, with superior accommodations.....30
Price of passage from Liverpool same rates as above. All fares payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency. Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
For passage apply only to
CHARLES A. WHITNEY,
at the office No. 26 Broadway, New-York.
For Freight apply to HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents, No. 54 South-st.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.
The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built steamer
BOHEMIAN,
Capt. BORLAND, carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Quebec next
SATURDAY, June 27.
Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $87 and $72. Steerage, found with good provisions, $32 50, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 23 Broadway, New-York.
SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The first-class steamship
LOCUST POINT,
Capt. D. FRENCH,
Carrying the United States Mails,
Will leave Pier No. 9, North River, for New-Orleans direct, on SATURDAY, June 27, at 3 P. M.
No freight received or bills of lading signed on day of sailing.
For passage or freight apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT,
The United States mail Sidewheel Steamship
"EAGLE,"
RICHARD ADAMS, Commander,
Will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on TUESDAY, June 30, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for Havana direct. All letters must pass through the Post-office.
No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed on the day of sailing.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE.
CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA
ON THURSDAY, July 23,
AT NOON,
The steamer AMERICA will sail as above,
Connecting with the steamer MOSES TAYLOR.
For passage, apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON,
No. 177 West, corner of Warren-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Saturday.....June 27
CITY OF NEW-YORK, Saturday.....July 4
CITY OF WASHINGTON, Saturday.....July 11
and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE,
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in currency
First cabin.....$80 Steerage.....$32 50
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Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.
For further information apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15

LATER NEWS FROM MEXICO.

The French Residents Ordered to Leave.

Juarez in Command of the Mexican Troops.

RESIGNATION OF GENERAL COMONFORT.

Sentence of the Captured Mexican Officers, &c.

SAN FRANCISCO, Saturday, June 20.

The markets are considerably excited. Staple articles, groceries, oils and liquors, sold at extraordinary prices.

Dates from the City of Mexico, *via* Acapulco, are to the 24th ultimo.

All the French residents have been compelled to leave the city.

Gen. JUAREZ has taken command of the Mexican troops.

The Mexican fortifications were being strengthened, and it was believed that the Government would flood the valley on the approach of the French, and make a desperate resistance in every possible manner.

All the available Mexican troops are being drawn in toward the Capital.

Gen. COMONFORT is much censured for not relieving Puebla, and in consequence has resigned.

The French advance had arrived at San Martin los Mullican.

Gen. FOREY had ordered the captured Mexican Generals to be sent to France, and the other officers to Martinique.

Three thousand Mexican prisoners Gen. FOREY had put to work on the railroad leading toward Vera Cruz, and two thousand he employed in destroying the intrenchments around Puebla.

The Taking of Puebla a Barren Victory—One-half the French Army Destroyed—The City of Mexico to be Defended.

From the Portland (Me.) Argus, June 20.

Judge LANE, who resigned the Judgeship of the Municipal Court of this city to take the Consulship to Vera Cruz, Mexico, returned to the city yesterday, after an absence of several months. His health is excellent.

From him we learn that, although the French have taken Puebla, it was but a barren victory. They got the city, but the people were gone. The Mexicans resisted nobly, holding out with great obstinacy, expecting to be relieved by the forces under COMONFORT; but, either through negligence or bribery, (the latter suspected,) he allowed his army to be surprised and cut to pieces. Not long after this disaster, ORTEGA surrendered the city, but, instead of the 17,000 men and 900 officers reported to have laid down their arms, there were only three or four hundred. The rest had escaped to the capital, carrying what they could, spiking the cannon, destroying the small arms, &c. Their ammunition had been nearly all expended in the siege. This intelligence reached Vera Cruz the day before Judge LANE left, contradicting the previous reports circulated by the French, and was believed to be authentic. The French had reported that the large number of prisoners alleged to have been captured, were on their way to Vera Cruz, the men to be sent to Martinique and the officers to France, but their non-arrival after a month's delay was finally explained by the statement that they had violated their parole and escaped.

Judge LANE feels confident that if the success had been what was at first represented, the French would have treated with the Mexican Government and closed the war; but that this virtual defeat, to save honor, compels them to continue the struggle. He does not believe, however, that they will be able to advance on the capital without large reinforcements. They have sent about 40,000 troops in all to Mexico. The vomito and Mexican bullets have reduced this number to about 20,000—not enough to take Mexico and hold the line of communication.

THE REBEL PIRATE TACONY.

Capture and Bonding of the Ship Isaac Webb.

THE BRIG UMPIRE BURNED.

QUARANTINE, S. I., Monday, June 25.

The ship *Isaac Webb*, HUTCHINSON, from Liverpool May 17, has arrived here, and reports that, on the 20th inst., at 6:30 A. M., in lat. 40° 35′; lon. 68° 45′, she was captured by the rebel bark *Tacony*, and released on giving bonds for $40,000.

The *Isaac Webb* has on board the Captain, crew and two passengers of the brig *Umpire*, Capt. PERRY, from Sagua for Boston, which vessel was captured and destroyed by the *Tacony* on the 16th inst., in lat. 37°, lon. 69° 57¾′.

THE BRIG UMPIRE

The brig *Umpire*, of Boston, Capt. PERRY, was captured, burned and sunk in lat. 37° 37′, lon. 69° 57¾′, about noon on the 14th inst., by the privateer *Tacony*, or Florida No. 2. She was from Sagua for Boston, with a cargo of sugar and molasses. The Captain and crew agree in stating that they were kindly treated and comfortably provided for, as far as the circumstances would allow. They were transferred to the packet ship *Isaac Webb* on the 19th, in lat. 40° 25′, lon. 69°. Capt. PERRY does not know whether his vessel was insured or not. The *Tacony* showed no colors until within a mile of the brig, when she hoisted the American Ensign and afterward the Confederate flag.

A NEW-HAVEN VESSEL CHASED.

From the New-Haven Journal, June 22.

Capt. N. E. PERKINS, of the brig *George*, of this port, in a private letter dated St. Croix, June 2, writes, that, on Tuesday evening, May 26, in lat. 25° 30′, lon. 64°, his vessel was chased by a bermoopsodite brig, which gained upon him slowly. When within half a mile of the *George*, the pirate fired his bow gun twice and, after following about an hour, he fired three guns more, the last ball passing to windward of the *George*, about twenty feet off, as near as Capt. PERKINS could judge. The *George* kept on her course, and three days afterward went safely into St. Croix, where she was bound. Capt. PERKINS is a plucky seaman, and deserves credit for not coming to and giving himself up, as many captains would have done under the circumstances. The underwriters ought to remember him.

Cruise in Search of the Pirates.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, June 22.

The steam-tug *America* arrived to-day from a cruise in search of the pirates. She boarded a large number of vessels, but was unsuccessful.

GEN. SCHENCK'S DEPARTMENT.

The Order in Regard to Alleged Disloyal Journals—An Explanation.

BALTIMORE, Monday, June 22.

The City of Philadelphia is not in Gen. SCHENCK's Department.

The following is an order in correction of the one telegraphed yesterday:

OFFICE OF THE PROVOST-MARSHAL,
BALTIMORE, June 21, 1863.

An order was published in the evening edition of the Washington *Republican*, and also in the Sunday telegram published to-day, purporting to emanate from this office, in reference to the suppression of certain newspapers. No such order as thus published was issued. It is perhaps a misunderstanding, which is thus explained:

I was directed by the Major-General commanding to notify the editors of some of the city papers that no extract from the New-York *World*, New-York *Express*, New-York *Caucasian*, Cincinnati *Enquirer*, and Chicago *Times*, would be permitted to be published in this Department, which was duly done; and from this fact the mistake must have occurred.

I therefore respectfully request that this explanation be published.

WILLIAM S. FISH,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Provost-Marshal.

An Unfounded Report.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Monday, June 22.

The report current in New-York that 20,000 six months' men have been called out from Indiana on account of the rebel raid into that State is absolutely unfounded.

MOVEMENTS OF CITY REGIMENTS.

Departure of the Sixth and Sixty-Ninth Militia, and the One Hundred and Seventy-Eighth Volunteers.

Three more regiments left the City yesterday for the seat of war, making twelve in all, since the present emergency—the Sixth and Sixty-ninth militia, and the One Hundred and Seventy-eighth Volunteers.

Departure of the Sixty-ninth Regiment.

This fine corps, composed principally of young men, left yesterday for the seat of war, under its respected and esteemed commandant, Col. BAGLEY. From so early an hour as six o'clock in the morning, the armory, at Essex market, was a busy scene, both with the young troops preparing for leaving, and more particularly with the mothers, wives and children of the soldiers who, as the morning advanced, increased in numbers, to take, perhaps, a "long and last farewell" of those that were dear to them.

The men carry with them two days' rations, and from their soldierlike appearance and determined looks, there is no doubt but when they attach themselves to the great army at Harrisburgh, and take the field to meet the foe, they will nobly sustain the Irish character for indomitable courage.

They are fully armed and equipped, and they take with them an engineer company, which will prove a great desideratum. In this company First Lieut. BRANNAN will assume the command.

Their line of march was from Essex Market Armory down Grand-street to Broadway, and to Pier No. 1, where, early in the afternoon, they took a steamboat to Elizabethport, and proceeded *en route* to Harrisburgh, where the regiment is to report to Gen. COUCH. The enthusiastic ovation which met them everywhere on the line of march can be better conceived than described. They numbered 700 men.

Departure of the Sixth Regiment.

The Sixth regiment finally effected its departure about 5 P. M. Throughout the day the Armory, corner of Grand and Centre streets, was the locality of similar scenes to those that have recently attended the departure of the Eighth and Seventy-first from the same building. The regiment, like the Fifth, is composed to a great extent of Germans, and certainly of citizens of foreign birth. Indeed, so uncertain is its national character, that on the march to the boat a puzzled citizen, corner of Murray-street and Broadway, as the regiment was passing, shouted, "Are you Irishmen or Germans?" "Neither," was the noble response of the Captain of Company K, "we are all Americans." This was of course true in spirit, but it is certain that many fair German damsels accompanied the regiment in its march, and decorated the military accoutrements with fragrant flowers, so that the corps bore much of the appearance of a field of waving roses. The Sixth is ably commanded, and will do much to maintain its already enviable reputation. There were at least five hundred men in the ranks, mainly stout young fellows, who would rather have a long march than not. No doubt the rebels will have occasion to remember it, should they meet them.

Departure of the One Hundred and Seventy-eighth New-York Volunteers.

The One Hundred and Seventy-eighth regiment New-York volunteers, which have been recruiting for several months past, left their camp on Staten Island yesterday for Washington. The regiment numbers 560 men, and goes out under the command of Lieut.-Col. CHAS. F. SMITH. They are in for the war.

Col. H. S. LANSING, Commanding New-York State Troops, on Wednesday evening last, received a telegram from Gov. SEYMOUR, directing him to consolidate the "Tompkins," "H. Seymour" and "Davies" cavalry, and the "Blair rifles," "Seymour light infantry," "Defenders," "Burnside rifles," "Pratt guard," and the "Westchester light infantry."

In forty-eight hours Col. LANSING had completed the consolidation, and mustered the whole into the United States service, enabling Adjutant-Gen. SPRAGUE to tender by telegraph to the Secretary of War the command as ready for the field.

The infantry goes out as the One Hundred and Seventy-eighth regiment New-York Volunteers, commanded by Lieut.-Col. CHAS. F. SMITH.

Col. EDWARD WESLER and Maj. SELDON HEITSELL remain to fill up the regiment.

The State Paymaster has paid the men composing these regiments $10 State bounty. He leaves for Washington this evening with $75,000 to pay them the balance of the State bounty, $65 each, thus making the $75 bounty, in accordance with the act of the Legislature passed.

Departure of the Fifty-second Brooklyn Regiment.

The last regiment called for by Gov. SEYMOUR from Brooklyn departed for Harrisburgh last evening. The regiment formed in line on Henry-street about 5 o'clock P. M., and marched through Orange and Fulton streets to the ferry, where they crossed, and proceeded to the boat for the depot of the New-Jersey Railroad to Harrisburgh, by way of Easton. They numbered about as many as the other regiments left.

All the officers of Company B, and the First and Second Lieutenants of Company A, are detailed on recruiting service. Lieut. COLE remains as Commissary and Recruiting Officer at the Armory, corner of Orange and Fulton streets. A recruiting office is also detailed in the Eastern District.

A new company for the Twenty-third regiment has been raised by Capt. COMSTOCK. They will leave for Harrisburgh on Wednesday.

The members of the Fifty-sixth regiment are requested to report to Capt. P. H. GROGAN, No. 343 Fulton-street, (Quartermaster,) who will furnish them with equipments and transportations.

The regiments which have left Brooklyn are, the Twenty-third, Fifty-sixth, Twenty-eighth, Thirteenth and Fifty-second.

Recruits for all the regiments are leaving daily.

The Fifty-Fifth Regiment.

This regiment will leave to-day, as will be seen by the following order:

HEADQUARTERS FIFTY-FIFTH REGIMENT, N. Y. S.
N. G., NEW-YORK, June 22, 1863.

ORDER No. 2.—The regiment is ordered to assemble at Lafayette Hall, in full marching order, with two days' rations, at 12 M., to-morrow, Tuesday, 23d inst., for the purpose of inspection.

Equipments will be delivered to-day at the Armory.

Every member must be present in order to ascertain the exact numbers, and to make requisition for transportation. By order,

EUGENE LE GAL, Colonel.
M. DONELAN, Acting Adjutant.

Tenth Regiment N. Y. S. N. G.

Commandants of companies will report in full at the Mercer House, corner of Broome and Mercer streets, at 11 A. M., to-day, to make requisitions for the uniforms.

By order, JOHN E. BENDIX, Col.

The officers and non-commissioned officers of Capt. LEARY's company, of the Tenth New-York State Militia, are hereby requested to report this morning, at 10 o'clock, at the Mercer House, corner of Broome and Mercer streets. A few more good men required.

Orders to the Forty-Seventh Regiment.

HEADQUARTERS FORTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT,
N. G. S. N. Y., BROOKLYN, June 22, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER No. 3.—This regiment has been ordered to Baltimore for thirty days' service.

Members will prepare themselves at once with complete outfits, and be ready to start at an hour's notice.

This regiment will probably depart on Wednesday.

Every member must go, or be treated as a deserter.

Further orders at the Armory, Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. By order, J. V. MESEROLE, Colonel.
WM. J. IRWIN, Adjutant.

MOVEMENT OF NEW-YORK TROOPS.

ALBANY, Monday, June 22.

The following regiments will leave for the seat of war to-day or to-morrow: The Sixty-ninth, Seventy-eighth, Forty-seventh and Tenth. The following are preparing to leave: The Twenty-first, Fifty-fourth, Eighty-fourth, Eighteenth, Forty-fifth, the First battalion of the Sprague Light cavalry, and 500 of the Eleventh artillery.

Four hundred of the Sprague Light cavalry passed through here this afternoon for New-York. They mutinied at Plattsburgh because the entire bounty was not paid them. A guard of 150 of the Thirty-fourth regiment was sent from here, and as the recruits were unarmed, they marched to the cars without resistance.

AFFAIRS IN THE SOUTHWEST.

Rebel Camps Scattered—Rebels Operating Along the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, &c.

MEMPHIS, Saturday, June 20.

Col. CORNYN, of the Tenth Missouri cavalry, succeeded in scattering several camps of rebels who were gathering cattle for BRAGG's army. He destroyed large quantities of forage and brought in numbers of cattle.

He reports that the rebels are making vigorous efforts to gather a large mounted force north of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. They are conscripting everybody, and numbers of these have taken the oath and joined the robber bands.

Some of Gen. DODGE's men, who were with Col. STREIGHT, have reached Corinth. They report that STREIGHT destroyed and abandoned his artillery before it was captured by FORREST, after inflicting greater damage than the rebels acknowledge.

A detachment of the First Missouri and Fifth Ohio cavalry, under Maj. HENRY, of the Fifth Ohio, 400 strong, while on a reconnoissance, was surrounded near Fernando, Miss., on the night of the 18th, by Gen. CHAMBERS, with 2,000 rebels. They were routed and most of them captured or killed. Maj. HENRY was taken prisoner. About 150 of them have returned.

The enemy are moving along our whole line from Memphis to Corinth, cutting telegraph wires and damaging railroads.

WASHINGTON, Monday, June 22.

Dispatches from Memphis, dated the 20th, state that a detachment of Col. HOGGES' cavalry had captured two boats, on which two rebel regiments and a battery were trying to cross the Tennessee River. Col. COGNYN had broken up a rebel regiment, and destroyed a large quantity of salt—more damage than heretofore reported.

Convention of Colored Men Postponed.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The Mass Convention of colored citizens, which was to have been held on the 25th and 26th of June, at Poughkeepsie, on behalf of the Fremont Legion, is postponed until the 15th day of July, on account of the impossibility of completing the preparations within the proposed time. Yours, truly,

EDWARD GILBERT,
Chairman of Committee on Fremont Legion.
NEW-YORK, Monday, June 22, 1863.

HARBOR DEFENCES OF BOSTON.—The Harbor Defence Commission of the City of Boston, consisting of the Mayor, Hon. FREDERICK W. LINCOLN, Prof. HORSFORD and Capt. GRIDDEN, are in town at the Fifth-avenue Hotel on matters connected with their duties.

DEPARTURE OF GEN. SICKLES.—Gen. DANIEL E. SICKLES passed through Jersey City at 10 o'clock yesterday forenoon, to join his command in the Army of the Potomac.

☞ MRS. A. SOULE, of No. 103 Madison-street, who has been suffering with paralysis for several years, has been successfully treated by Dr. J. WALTER SOOEY, of No. 8 Union-square, after all hopes had been given up of her recovery.—*Jour. of Commerce.*

[Advertisement.]
ROUND HILL HOTEL,
Northampton, Mass.,
Is a delightful Summering place for Everybody.
Evening Post.

[Advertisement.]
It is an undisputed fact that the very best article in this city in the line of hats is to be found at KNOX's, No. 212 Broadway. A long experience in the business, and a perfect mastery over its various branches, has enabled the enterprising proprietor of No. 212 to manufacture hats, of every variety of style and finish, in a manner that defies competition, and places him at the head of the trade. Fine material, durable manufacture, elegance in style and satisfaction in terms, combine to render KNOX's establishment the resort of all those who desire to get the best goods at the lowest prices. Remember, No. 212 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]
HERRING's Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, and HERRING & FLOYD's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No 251 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

LE COUNT—SHANKS.—On Thursday, June 18, at Trinity Chapel, 25th-st., by Rev. Dr. William E. Eigenbrodt, WILLIAM V. LE COUNT and MARY EHLEN, eldest daughter of John Shanks, M. D., all of this City.

☞ Glasgow (Scotland) papers please copy.

MOSS—FARLEE.—In Skaneateles, on Thursday, June 18, by Rev. Prof. Hopkins, LUCIAN MOSS, of Detroit, and MARY ELISA, daughter of Charles Pardee, Esq.

PRATT—HOLLINGSHEAD.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday, June 11, by Rev. William R. Tompkins, Mr. RICHARD M. PRATT and Miss CAROLINE L. HOLLINGSHEAD.

SMITH—HUNT.—In Pittston, Me., on Wednesday, June 17, by Rev. C. Munger, of Augusta, Mr. SAMUEL G. SMITH, of Middletown, Conn., and Miss SARAH M., daughter of Caleb Hunt, Esq., of Pittston.

SLOAN—LOUNSBURY.—On Thursday, June 18, by Rev. Alexander Capron, at the residence of Emmet Moore, Middletown, Mr. JAMES T. SLOAN, of Newburgh, and Mrs. HELEN S. LOUNSBURY, of New-York City.

DIED.

ADAMSON.—In Fordham, N. Y., on Sunday, June 21, CUTHBERT A., son of Christina and the late Constantine Adamson.

His friends, and those of the family, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, at Fordham, on Tuesday morning, June 23, at 10 o'clock, without further invitation. Cars leave depot corner 26th-st. and 4th-av., at 8½ o'clock.

☞ New-Orleans (La.) and Bardstown (Ky.) papers please copy.

AMERMAN.—On Saturday, June 20, Mr. ABM. D. W. AMERMAN, son of Isaac Amerman, Esq., aged 23 years and 4 months.

His death was occasioned by a fall through a hatchway of a store in 9th-st. His funeral will take place on Tuesday, June 23, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his father, No. 149 Clinton-st. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

BALDWIN.—In Newark, N. J., on Sunday, June 21, JOHN BAILEY BALDWIN, youngest child of the late Charles W. Baldwin, aged 9 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, June 24, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the residence of his mother, No. 14 Walnut-st.

BROWER.—On Monday morning, June 22, HANNAH C. PLACE, wife of Garret Brower, aged 51 years, 7 months and 24 days.

The funeral services at the North Reformed Dutch Church, corner 3d-av. and 21st-st., South Brooklyn, will be held on Wednesday, June 24, at 3 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend, without further notice.

FROELICH.—On Sunday, June 21, WILLIAM B., son of Eliza and the late Solomon Froelich, in the 26th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 528 Hudson-st., on Tuesday morning, June 23, at 9 o'clock, without further invitation. His remains will be taken to New-York Cemetery, Hackensack, N. J., for interment.

GRIFFEN.—In Rye, on Monday, June 22, JOHN GRIFFEN, in the 67th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Methodist Episcopal Church, at Mamaroneck, on Thursday, June 25, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation. Carriages will be in attendance at the Mamaroneck Depot on the arrival of the 11½ train from New-York.

HADLEY.—On Saturday, June 20, after a short illness, MARY E., beloved wife of Washington Hadley, aged 31 years and 10 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 99 East 17th-st., this (Tuesday) afternoon, June 23, at 2 o'clock.

KLINE.—On Monday, June 22, ANN KLINE, wife of Ebenezer Kline, aged 54 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, June 24, at 3 o'clock P. M., from her late residence, 208 High-st., Brooklyn.

McGOURKEY.—On Monday, June 22, Mrs. MARGARET McGOURKEY, formerly of Albany, in the 99th year of her age.

Her friends, and those of the families of her sons-in-law, J. E. Rogers and James Hutchinson, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 242 West 19th-st., on Wednesday, June 24, at 10 o'clock A. M.

MERRIAM.—In this City, on Monday, June 22, of consumption, Mr. SAMUEL L. MERRIAM, aged 30 years and 8 months.

☞ Boston and Plymouth (Mass.) papers please copy.

PARSONS.—In Portsmouth, Va., at the U. S. Hospital, HENRY PARSONS, Master's Mate on board U. S. steamer *Crusader*, son of the late Sylvanus and Christiana Parsons, of this City.

☞ California papers please copy.

ROBINSON.—On Sunday, June 21, GEORGE W. ROBINSON, in the 46th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Mount Hermon Lodge, No. 38, Albany, and members of Olive Branch Lodge, No. 31, I. O. of O. F., New-York, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 394 4th-av., on Tuesday, June 23, at 1 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

STEVENS.—In Cornwall, on Sunday, June 21, FREDERIKA MAUD LIVINGSTON, only daughter of Matilda and Albert Speyers, aged 22 months.

The funeral will take place from St. Mark's Church, New-York, on Tuesday, June 23, at 12 o'clock. The relatives and friends are invited to attend.

THOMAS.—On Monday, June 22, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Jane E. Hark, Harlem, MAHALA, widow of the late Elias Thomas, in the 73d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday, June 23, at 4½ o'clock, from St. Andrew's Church, corner 4th-av. and 127th-st.

WIGGINS.—On Monday, June 22, JOHN WIGGINS, aged 61 years.

Friends and relatives are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 107 West 41st-st., at 1 o'clock, this day, (Tuesday,) June 23. Remains will be taken to Bronxville.

WEBB.—In Washington City, on Friday, June 19, Mr. BENJAMIN L. WEBB, formerly a resident of this City, in the 60th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at the house of his brother-in-law, W. W. Winans, No. 161 East 15th-st., this day, June 23, at 4 o'clock P. M. His relatives and friends are invited to attend, without further notice.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 4 29 | Sun sets..... 7 34 | Moon sets....11 31
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook 11 51 | Gov. Island..12 40 | Hell Gate.. 2 02

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, June 22.

Cleared.

Steamships Louisiana, (Br.,) Brooking, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; Continental, Washman, New-Orleans.

Steamers Daniel Webster, Deering, Philadelphia, Brett, Son & Co.; Octorora, McLaughlin, Baltimore, Wm. Dalzell.

Steam-tug Ruick, Bushel, Nassau, J. Eneas.

Ships W. Libby, Bishop, Bristol, Richard C. Gurney; Glad Tidings, Nelson, Glasgow, W. H. & A. Nelson.

Barks C. & R. Young, (Br.,) Richan, Antwerp, W. F. Schmidt & Son; Egle, (Ital.,) Scarpati, Gloucester, Eng.; Agnes C. James, (Br.,) Lang, Queenstown, Boyd & Hincken; Copice, (Fr.,) Bourges, Cette, France, Baetjer & De Vere.

Brigs Alberti, Loudens, Cadiz, Tupper & Beattie; Emma, (Br.,) Morse, Havana, W. H. Russell, Bros. & Co.; Caprice, (Br.,) Sinclair, (Br.,) Queenstown, John Jackson; Ira, Thompson, Nuevitas, R. P. Buck & Co.

Schooners R. B. Pitts, Paul, Boston, W. S. Brown & Co; Augusta, Gregory, Boston, W. S. Brown & Co.; Camilla, Applebe, Eastport, John Boynton's Sons; John S. Wasley, Hankins, Frankfort, Del., Morgan & Foster; Ohio, (Br.,) McDonald, Charlottetown, C. E., Trumbull; Kingston Packet, Dugan, Kingston, Jam., R. B. Eldridge, Maxiva Rogers, Fauce, Port Royal; Cinderella, Lewis; Bridgeport, H. S. Rackett & Son; H. K. Denton, Sherman, Boston, G. L. Hatch; Surprise, Beers, Washington, J. W. Elwell & Co.; Amy Chase, Crowell, Washington, J. F. G. McLean; James T. Hayes, Robbins, Boston, C. H. Pierson; Magnolia, Chase, Port Royal, S. W. Lewis & Co.; Indomitable, Goodsell, Harbor Island, J. Eneas; West Wind, Gilman, Barbados, Brett, Son & Co.; Burdell Hart, Harding, Washington, E. D. Hurlbut & Co.; Ellen Redman, Bowman, New-Bedford, Ferguson & Wood; T. F. Randolph, Risley, Washington, Hanson & Schmeydel.

Arrived.

Steamship Teutonia, (Hamb.,) Faube, Hamburg June 4, and Southampton 8th, with mdse. and 584 passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Had bad weather during the passage, passed Cape Race 17th. In lat. 47, lon. 44, passed icebergs, 22d inst., 30 miles east of Sandy Hook, passed Br. ship America, bnd. W.

U. S. steamship Cumbria, Commander Breese, from a cruise in search of privateers. 19th, boarded Br. schr. Glenn, of Yarmouth, N. S., from Matamoras for Nassau, N. P., but being 900 miles out of her course, and her papers not proving satisfactory, put a prize crew on board and ordered her to New-York. 19th, off Cape Henry, boarded schr. A. B. Terry, fm. Port Royal for New-York; brig West, from St. Thomas for Philadelphia; U. S. schr. America, on a cruise; schr. C. Burroughs, from Port Royal for New-York; Br. bark Wild Horse, from Matamoras for New-York; brig F. Newton, from Port Royal for New-York; schr. Sawba, from Matamras for New-York; Br. schr. Glen, from Matamoras for Nassau, and sent her to New-York as a prize. 21st inst., lat. 37 35, lon. 73 50, boarded brig New Globe, from Bangor for Washington, D. C.; same day, Br. brig Resolute, from Boston for St. Thomas; and Br bark Pallas, hence, for Belize, Hond.

Steamship Locust Point, Wallace, New-Orleans 15th inst., at 2 A. M., with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromell & Co.

U. S. transport Thomas Arey, Pensacola 14th inst., with old iron to U. S. Navy Department.

Steamship Saxon, Lavender, Port Royal 18th inst., to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. transport Dudley Buck, Smith, Newbern, N. C., 18th inst., via Hatteras Inlet 19th and Fortress Monroe 20th, with passengers to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamer F. C. Walker, Rogers, Philadelphia, with mdse. J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Alida, Robinson, Philadelphia, with mdse. to James Hand.

Steamer Chesapeake, Willetts, Portland, with mdse. to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Fannie, Fenton, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Schriver, Adams, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Steamer John R. Thompson, McCabe, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Ship Isaac Webb, Hutchinson, Liverpool May 17, with mdse. and 11 cabin and 647 steerage passengers to Chas. H. Marshall & Co. On the 20th inst., was captured by the Confederate bark Florida No. 2. (Tacony,) and after being detained for four hours, was released on a bond of $40,000 on ship and cargo. The I. W. received from the bark the Captain, crew and two passengers of brig Umpire, which was captured and burned on the 16th inst. The I. W. has been 35 days, from the lon. of 40, with a succession of light westerly winds.

Ship Elbe, (Hamb.,) Bardua, Hamburg May 2, with mdse. and 200 passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Left the river May 2, and cleared the channel May 18; had favorable winds to lon. 35 and lat. 48, when variable and unsteady westerly winds set in. Between lon. 47, and lat. 45 50, passed numerous large icebergs and small drift ice. Remainder of the passage had fogs and variable winds. Had three births and one death.

Bark Behring, (of Boston,) Morse, Shanghai Feb. 26, passed Cape of Good Hope, April 29, crossed in the Atlantic May 19 in lon. 39, with teas to W. H. Boardman, of Boston. June 7, lat. 38 N., lon. 60, saw a steamer, barkrigged, steering W. by N.; had no steam; she hauled up two points, but could not overtake us.

Bark Cossack, (of Boston,) Berry, Foo-Chow March 10, passed Angier March 26, crossed the equator in the Atlantic May 28, in lon. 36, with teas, etc., to Carey & Co. Std. in company from Angier with ship Galatea, from Manilla for Boston, and parted company March 29, in lat. 7 36 S., and lon. 103 59 E.

Bark Henry, Wilson, Oporto 35 ds., in ballast to George Bulkley. 20th inst., off George, was boarded by U. S. steamer United States, cruising for privateers—all well. In lat. 40 40, lon. 45 40, saw a number of icebergs; had foggy weather most of the passage.

Bark Sylphide, (of Sunderland,) Henderson, Greenock 45 ds., with coal to John Jackson. May 24, lat. 46 20, lon. 47, passed 20 icebergs.

Bark Ida Matilda, (Pruss.,) Gronon, Limerick 36 ds., in ballast to order.

Bark T. Cushing, (of Boston,) Ames, Cardenas 8th inst., with sugar to Walsh, Carver & Chase.

Barkentine Maria Sophia, (Hamb.,) Witte, Lisbon 40 ds., with salt, wine, etc., to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brig Georgiana, (of Dundee,) Wood, Aliva 43 ds., with coal to Murdock & Smythe. Saw a number of icebergs on the Banks.

Brig Anna Maria Henrietta, (Hol.,) De Jonge, Rio Janeiro 68 ds., with coffee to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brig Catharine, (of P. E. I.,) Pittman, Sarabilla 29 ds., with rubber, coffee, hides, etc., to C. H. Trumbull. 17th inst., lat. 36 20, was boarded by U. S. gunboat Virginia.

Brig Tryo, (Br.,) Holmes, Glace Bay, C. B., 10 ds., with coal to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Schr. William S. Land, (of St. George, Me.,) Clark, Matanzas 14 ds., with molasses to Metcalf & Duncan.

Schr. Alice A. Randell, (of Fall River,) Collins, Barcoa 14 ds., with fruit to J. Eneas.

Schr. Challenge, (of Antigua,) Hassell, Antigua via St. Marc, St. Domingo, 15 ds., with sugar, old metal, etc., to G. & J. Knox & Co. 13th inst., lat. 29 30, lon. 68, saw a bark bound E., showing a white signal with red letter D in it.

Schr. Unicorn, (Br.,) Nickerson, Cornwallis 9 ds., with potatoes to D. R. De Wolff.

Schr. Eliza Dudley, Shea, Elizabethport, with coal for Boston.

Schr. Caroline and Cornelia, Reed, Norfolk 4 ds., wood.

Schr. Jonathan May, (of Philadelphia,) Cobb, Sagua 13 ds., with molasses to master. Had light southerly winds up to Hatteras.

Schr. Belle, (Br., of Granville, N. S.,) Perry, Fajardo 3d inst., with molasses to B. F. Small & Co.

Schr. Mary and Susan, (Br., of Nassau, N. P.,) Albury, Eleuthera 10 ds., with fruit to James Douglas.

WIND—Sunset, S.

Below.

Ship America, Salter, fm. Liverpool May 14, with mdse. and passengers to D. & A. Kingsland & Sutton.

Bark Harry Booth.

Br brig W. E. Harris.

Dutch brig Electra.

Br. brig Eliza Young.

Sailed.

Ships Caroline Nesmith and Sir Robert Peel.

Brig Henrietta.

Foreign Ports.

At Manabo, P. R., 5th inst., bark Evening Star, disch.; Br. brig J. B. Elliott, do.; schr. Magnet, hence, just arr.

At Trinidad de Auba 2d inst., barks Charles Brewer, for New-York, ldg.; Starlight, Rogers, for Philadelphia, do.; brig Torreni, for New-York, do.

At Mayaguez, P. R., 4th inst., schr. Gen. Armstrong, for New-Haven.

At Port-au Platte 5th inst., Bremen brig Tobasco, for New-York in 14 ds.; Br. schr. Minerva, for do. via Turks Island, sld. 4 days previous.

At Cardenas 8th inst., brig Hattie Eaton, for Baltimore in 4 days.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S Hair Restorer.
AND
ZYLOBALSAMUM,
The great unequalled Preparations for Restoring, Invigorating, Beautifying and Dressing the Hair.

Rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair.

IT NEVER FAILS
To Restore Grey Hair
TO
Its Original Youthful Color
It is not a Dye,

But acts directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required, producing the same vitality and luxurious quantity as in youth.

For Ladies and Children
Whose Hair requires frequent dressing the Zylobalsamum has no equal. No lady's toilet is complete without it.
Sold by Druggists throughout the World.
PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE
198 Greenwich Street, New-York City.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's ZYLOBALSAMUM.

WANTED—AT MRS. GREENE'S AGENCY FOR Employment, No. 950 Broadway, near 22d-st., opposite the St. Germain Hotel, six laundresses, six chambermaids, and 17 men waiters, for Newport, R. I.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A Protestant girl, as nurse and seamstress, or to do chamberwork. Good City references. Inquire at her present employers, No. 91 East 39th-st., between 4th and Lexington avs.

AS FARMER AND GARDENER.—WANTED, a situation as farmer and gardener; has the best of references from his last employer. Address M. J., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

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A POSITIVE AND SPECIFIC REMEDY
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For diseases of the
BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

H

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS depositions and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation: and is good for
MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN.

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For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early indiscretions or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

Indisposition to Exertion,	Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory,	Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves,	Trembling,
Horror of Disease,	Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision,	Pain in the Back,
Hot Hands,	Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin,	Eruptions on the Face,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,	Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS.

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POSTSCRIPT.

TUESDAY, 4 O'CLOCK A. M.

MOVEMENTS OF THE REBEL FORCES.

Ewell's Men Distributed from Sharpsburgh to Frederick.

Destruction of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

FIRING HEARD TOWARD ALDIE.

FROM MARYLAND HEIGHTS.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, June 22.

The following is a dispatch to the Philadelphia *Press*:

MONOCACY, Monday, June 22.

I have just returned from Maryland Heights. The place is strongly defended. No rebels have yet appeared.

From the immediate authorities I have learned that the nearest rebels are at Little Antietam, about six miles from Harper's Ferry. Their force at that point is not at present large, but other detachments are thought to be in the neighborhood.

Gen. EWELL'S forces are distributed in small portions from Sharpsburgh to Frederick, and have been busy reconnoitering and foraging. They can be easily concentrated, and will soon prudently retire.

THE LATEST FROM WASHINGTON.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, June 22.

The Washington *Star* of this evening contains the following special telegram:

MONOCACY JUNCTION, Monday, June 22.

The rebels have certainly destroyed every Baltimore and Ohio Railroad bridge from Harper's Ferry to Cumberland—a distance of quite seventy miles—thus inflicting very heavy damage on the road. This they have done within the last thirty-six hours.

Gen. KELLEY came upon them this morning at Cumberland, and drove them out of that town. It is supposed in this direction. His movements have been very prompt, and, so far, very successful, as he has doubtless put a stop to the westward progress along the railroad line of their current career of devastation.

FIRING HEARD TO-DAY IN THE DIRECTION OF ALDIE.

It is reported that heavy firing, supposed to be in the direction of Aldie, was heard during the morning by workmen on the roof of the Treasury Building.

The public is up to this moment profoundly ignorant of the position of Gen. LEE with his main force. We know enough facts, however, to assure us that it is not anywhere east of the Blue Ridge and we have to add that the belief is momentarily becoming stronger, both in the Army of the Potomac and among military men, that he is marching from this direction, or preparing to march from this direction, on Pittsburgh or Wheeling, one or both. His only considerable force, whose present locality is known, is that of EWELL, which is at and about, Sharpsburgh, Md.

P. S.—From the Rappahannock to the Potomac we feel sure that there was not a rebel in arms on the Bull Run mountain range last evening.

GEN. FRANKLIN OFFERS HIS SERVICES.

HARRISBURGH, Monday, June 22.

Gen. FRANKLIN arrived here to-day from York, and tendered his services to Gov. CURTIN, in any capacity he might think proper to place him. He gave the Governor and Gen. Couch much valuable information. The indications are that his services will be required.

ANOTHER RAID IN EAST TENNESSEE.

A Great Length of Railroad Torn Up by Gen. Carter.

MURFREESBORO, Monday, June 22.

News received to-day from reliable sources, indicate that Gen. CARTER has made another raid into Tennessee, capturing Lenor's Station, destroying the factory of Lenor Brothers and other public buildings, and tearing up a great length of railroad track.

His force consisted of two thousand mounted infantry. The rebels drew up in line of battle at London to receive the Union troops, but Gen. CARTER avoided that point, and gave out to citizens that he was going to Knoxville on Friday night to sack and burn that city.

The raid is causing immense excitement throughout Middle Tennessee.

ANTICIPATED FALL OF VICKSBURGH.

From the National Intelligencer, of yesterday.

The fate of Vicksburgh, we have reason to believe, is at length on the point of being sealed. Very late intelligence was received on Saturday evening last, from Gen. GRANT's headquarters, warranting the anticipation, we understand, that *by this day or to-morrow the reduction and capture of the stronghold of Vicksburgh*, so bravely and ably and persevseringly attacked, and so long and heroically defended, will have been accomplished; and this, it is hoped, by the skillful plans and considerate humanity of the distinguished commander of the Union army, without any great additional sacrifice of life.

THE REBEL PIRATE TACONY.

Capture and Bonding of the Ship Isaac Webb.

THE BRIG UMPIRE BURNED.

QUARANTINE, S. I., Monday, June 25.

The ship *Isaac Webb*, HUTCHINSON, from Liverpool May 17, has arrived here, and reports that, on the 20th inst., at 8:30 A. M., in lat. 40° 35′; lon. 68° 45′, she was captured by the rebel bark *Tacony*, and released on giving bonds for $40,000.

The *Isaac Webb* has on board the Captain, crew and two passengers of the brig *Umpire*, Capt. PERRY, from Sagua for Boston, which vessel was captured and destroyed by the *Tacony* on the 16th inst., in lat. 37°, lon. 69° 57¾′.

THE BRIG UMPIRE.

The brig *Umpire*, of Boston, Capt. PERRY, was captured, burned and sunk in lat. 37° 37′, lon. 69° 57¾′, about noon on the 14th inst., by the privateer *Tacony*, or Florida No. 2. She was from Sagua for Boston, with a cargo of sugar and molasses. The Captain and crew agree in stating that they were kindly treated and comfortably provided for, as far as the circumstances would allow. They were transferred to the packet ship *Isaac Webb* on the 19th, in lat. 40° 25′, lon. 69°. Capt. PERRY does not know whether his vessel was insured or not. The *Tacony* showed no colors until within a mile of the brig, when she hoisted the American Ensign and afterward the Confederate flag.

Cruise in Search of the Pirates.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, June 22.

The steam-tug *America* arrived to-day from a cruise in search of the pirates. She boarded a large number of vessels, but was unsuccessful.

LATER NEWS FROM MEXICO.

The French Residents Ordered to Leave.

Juarez in Command of the Mexican Troops.

RESIGNATION OF GENERAL COMONFORT.

Sentence of the Captured Mexican Officers, &c.

SAN FRANCISCO, Saturday, June 20.

The markets are considerably excited. Staple articles, groceries, oils and liquors, sold at extraordinary prices.

Dates from the City of Mexico, *via* Acapulco, are to the 24th ultimo.

All the French residents have been compelled to leave the city.

Gen. JUAREZ has taken command of the Mexican troops.

The Mexican fortifications were being strengthened, and it was believed that the Government would flood the valley on the approach of the French, and make a desperate resistance in every possible manner.

All the available Mexican troops are being drawn in toward the Capital.

Gen. COMONFORT is much censured for not relieving Puebla, and in consequence has resigned.

The French advance had arrived at San Martin los Mulican.

Gen. FOREY had ordered the captured Mexican Generals to be sent to France, and the other officers to Martinique.

Three thousand Mexican prisoners Gen. FOREY had put to work on the railroad leading toward Vera Cruz, and two thousand he employed in destroying the intrenchments around Puebla.

GEN. SCHENCK'S DEPARTMENT.

The Order in Regard to Alleged Disloyal Journals—An Explanation.

BALTIMORE, Monday, June 22.

The City of Philadelphia is not in Gen. SCHENCK's Department.

The following is an order in correction of the one telegraphed yesterday:

OFFICE OF THE PROVOST-MARSHAL, BALTIMORE, June 21, 1863.

An order was published in the evening edition of the Washington *Republican*, and also in the Sunday telegram publishzd to-day, purporting to emanate from this office, in reference to the suppression of certain newspapers. No such order as thus published was issued. It is perhaps a misunderstanding, which is thus explained:

I was directed by the Major-General commanding to notify the editors of some of the city papers that no extract from the New-York *World*, New-York *Express*, New-York *Caucasian*, Cincinnati *Enquirer*, and Chicago *Times*, would be permitted to be published in this Department, which was duly done; and from this fact the mistake must have occurred.

I therefore respectfully request that this explanation be published.

WILLIAM S. FISH,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Provost-Marshal.

MOVEMENTS OF CITY REGIMENTS.

Departure of the Sixth and Sixty-Ninth Militia, and the One Hundred and Seventy-Eighth Volunteers.

Three more regiments left the City yesterday for the seat of war, making twelve in all, since the present emergency—the Sixth and Sixty-ninth militia, and the One Hundred and Seventy-eighth Volunteers.

Departure of the Sixty-ninth Regiment.

This fine corps, composed principally of young men, left yesterday for the seat of war, under its respected and esteemed commandant, Col. BAGLEY. From so early an hour as six o'clock in the morning, the armory, at Essex market, was a busy scene, both with the young troops preparing for leaving, and more particularly with the mothers, wives and children of the soldiers who, as the morning advanced, increased in numbers, to take, perhaps, a "long and last farewell" of those that were dear to them.

The men carry with them two days' rations, and from their soldierlike appearance and determined looks, there is no doubt but when they attach themselves to the great army at Harrisburgh, and take the field to meet the foe, they will nobly sustain the Irish character for indomitable courage.

They are fully armed and equipped, and they take with them an engineer company, which will prove a great desideratum. In this company First Lieut. BRANNAN will assume the command.

Their line of march was from Essex Market Armory down Grand-street to Broadway, and to Pier No. 1, where, early in the afternoon, they took a steamboat to Elizabethport, and proceeded *en route* to Harrisburgh, where the regiment is to report to Gen. COUCH. The enthusiastic ovation which met them everywhere on the line of march can be better conceived than described. They numbered 700 men.

Departure of the Sixth Regiment.

The Sixth regiment finally effected its departure about 5 P. M. Throughout the day the Armory, corner of Grand and Centre streets, was the locality of similar scenes to those that have recently attended the departure of the Eighth and Seventy-first from the same building. The regiment, like the Fifth, is composed to a great extent of Germans, and certainly of citizens of foreign birth. Indeed, so uncertain is its national character, that on the march to the boat a puzzled citizen, corner of Murray-street and Broadway, as the regiment was passing, shouted, "Are you Irishmen or Germans?" "Neither," was the noble response of the Captain of Company K, "we are all Americans." This was of course true in spirit, but it is certain that many fair German damsels accompanied the regiment in its march, and decorated the military accoutrements with fragrant flowers, so that the corps bore much of the appearance of a field of waving roses. The Sixth is ably commanded, and will do much to maintain its already enviable reputation. There were at least five hundred men in the ranks, mainly stout young fellows, who would rather have a long march than not. No doubt the rebels will have occasion to remember it, should they meet them.

Departure of the One Hundred and Seventy-eighth New-York Volunteers.

The One Hundred and Seventy-eighth regiment New-York volunteers, which have been recruiting for several months past, left their camp on Staten Island yesterday for Washington. The regiment numbers 500 men, and goes out under the command of Lieut.-Col. CHAS. F. SMITH. They are in for the war.

Col. H. S. LANSING, Commanding New-York State Troops, on Wednesday evening last, received a telegram from Gov. SEYMOUR, directing him to consolidate the "Tompkins," "H. Seymour" and "Davies" cavalry, and the "Blair rifles," "Seymour light infantry," "Defenders," "Burnside rifles," "Pratt guard," and the "Westchester light infantry."

In forty-eight hours Col. LANSING had completed the consolidation, and mustered the whole into the United States service, enabling Adjutant-Gen. SPRAGUE to tender by telegraph to the Secretary of War the command as ready for the field.

The infantry goes out as the One Hundred and Seventy-eighth regiment New-York Volunteers, commanded by Lieut.-Col. CHAS. F. SMITH.

Col. EDWARD WEHLER and Maj. SELDON HEITZELL remain to fill up the regiment.

The State Paymaster has paid the men composing these regiments $10 State bounty. He leaves for Washington this evening with $75,000 to pay them the balance of the State bounty, $65 each, thus making the $75 bounty, in accordance with the act of the Legislature passed.

The Fifty-Fifth Regiment.

This regiment will leave to-day, as will be seen by the following order:

HEADQUARTERS FIFTY-FIFTH REGIMENT, N. Y. S. N. G., NEW-YORK, June 22, 1863.

ORDER No. 2.—The regiment is ordered to assemble at Lafayette Hall, in full marching order, with two days' rations, at 12 M., to-morrow, Tuesday, 23d inst., for the purpose of inspection.

Equipments will be delivered to-day at the Armory.

Every member must be present in order to ascertain the exact numbers, and to make requisition for transportation. By order,

EUGENE LE GAL, Colonel.

M. DONELAN, Acting Adjutant.

Tenth Regiment N. Y. S. N. G.

Commandants of companies will report in full at the Mercer House, corner of Broome and Mercer streets, at 11 A. M., to-day, to make requisitions for the uniforms.

By order, JOHN E. BENDIX, Col.

The officers and non-commissioned officers of Capt. LEARY's company, of the Tenth New-York State Militia, are hereby requested to report this morning, at 10 o'clock, at the Mercer House, corner of Broome and Mercer streets. A few more good men required.

Orders to the Forty-Seventh Regiment.

HEADQUARTERS FORTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT, N. G. S. N. Y., BROOKLYN, June 22, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER No. 3.—This regiment has been ordered to Baltimore for thirty days' service.

Members will prepare themselves at once with complete outfits, and be ready to start at an hour's notice.

This regiment will probably depart on Wednesday.

Every member must go, or be treated as a deserter.

Further orders at the ARMORY, Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. By order, J. V. MESEROLE, Colonel.

WM. J. IRWIN, Adjutant.

MOVEMENT OF NEW-YORK TROOPS.

ALBANY, Monday, June 22.

The following regiments will leave for the seat of war to-day or to-morrow: The Sixty-ninth, Seventy-eighth, Forty-seventh and Tenth. The following are preparing to leave: The Twenty-first, Fifty-fourth, Eighty-fourth, Eighteenth, Forty-fifth, the First battalion of the Sprague Light cavalry, and 500 of the Eleventh artillery.

Four hundred of the Sprague Light cavalry passed through here this afternoon for New-York. They mutinied at Plattsburgh because the entire bounty was not paid them. A guard of 150 of the Thirty-fourth regiment was sent from here, and as the recruits were unarmed, they marched to the cars without resistance.

AFFAIRS IN THE SOUTHWEST.

Rebel Camps Scattered—Rebels Operating Along the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, &c.

MEMPHIS, Saturday, June 20.

Col. CORNYN, of the Tenth Missouri cavalry, succeeded in scattering several camps of rebels who were gathering cattle for BRAGG's army. He destroyed large quantities of forage and brought in numbers of cattle.

He reports that the rebels are making vigorous efforts to gather a large mounted force north of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. They are conscripting everybody, and numbers of these have taken the oath and joined the robber bands.

Some of Gen. DODGE's men, who were with Col. STREIGHT, have reached Corinth. They report that STREIGHT destroyed and abandoned his artillery before it was captured by FORREST, after inflicting greater damage than the rebels acknowledge.

A detachment of the First Missouri and Fifth Ohio cavalry, under Maj. HENRY, of the Fifth Ohio, 400 strong, while on a reconnoissance, was surrounded near Fernando, Miss., on the night of the 18th, by Gen. CHAMBERS, with 2,000 rebels. They were routed and most of them captured or killed. Maj. HENRY was taken prisoner. About 150 of them have returned.

The enemy are moving along our whole line from Memphis to Corinth, cutting telegraph wires and damaging railroads.

WASHINGTON, Monday, June 22.

Dispatches from Memphis, dated the 20th, state that a detachment of Col. HODGES' cavalry had captured two boats, on which two rebel regiments and a battery were trying to cross the Tennessee River. Col. CORNYN had broken up a rebel regiment, and destroyed a large quantity of salt—more damage than heretofore reported.

MORGAN ON A RAID.

LOUISVILLE, Monday, June 22.

News reached headquarters, to-day, that JOHN MORGAN, with 5,000 men, crossed the Cumberland River, near Carthage, last night.

Passengers report considerable excitement at Gallatin, it being reported that 5,000 rebels were advancing on that place. Preparations are being made to defend it.

Convention of Colored Men Postponed.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The Mass Convention of colored citizens, which was to have been held on the 25th and 26th of June, at Poughkeepsie, on behalf of the Fremont Legion, is postponed until the 15th day of July, on account of the impossibility of completing the preparations within the proposed time. Yours, truly,

EDWARD GILBERT,
Chairman of Committee on Fremont Legion.

NEW-YORK, Monday, June 22, 1863.

HARBOR DEFENCES OF BOSTON.—The Harbor Defence Commission of the City of Boston, consisting of the Mayor, Hon. FREDERICK W. LINCOLN, Prof. HORSFORD and Capt. GRIDDEN, are in town at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, on matters connected with their duties.

DEPARTURE OF GEN. SICKLES.—Gen. DANIEL E. SICKLES passed through Jersey City at 10 o'clock yesterday forenoon, to join his command in the Army of the Potomac.

☞ Mrs. A. SOULE, of No. 103 Madison-street, who has been suffering with paralysis for several years, has been successfully treated by Dr. J. WALTER SCOTT, of No. 8 Union-square, after all hopes had been given up of her recovery.—*Jour. of Commerce.*

[Advertisement.]
ROUND HILL HOTEL,
Northampton, Mass.,
Is a delightful Summering place for Everybody.
Evening Post.

[Advertisement.]
It is an undisputed fact that the very best article in this city in the line of hats is to be found at KNOX's, No. 212 Broadway. A long experience in the business, and a perfect mastery over its various branches, has enabled the enterprising proprietor of No. 212 to manufacture hats, of every variety of style and finish, in a manner that defies competition, and places him at the head of the trade. Fine material, durable manufacture, elegance in style and satisfaction in terms, combine to render KNOX's establishment the resort of all those who desire to get the best goods at the lowest prices. Remember, No. 212 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]
HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron-the only material which cannot be drilled—at No 251 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

LE COUNT—SHANKS.—On Thursday, June 18, at Trinity Chapel, 25th-st., by Rev. Dr. William E. Eigenbrodt, WILLIAM V. LE COUNT and MARY HELEN, eldest daughter of John Shanks, M. D., all of this City.

☞ Glasgow (Scotland) papers please copy.

MOSES—PARDEE.—In Skaneateles, on Thursday, June 18, by Rev. Prof. Hopkins, LUCIAN MOSES, of Detroit, and MARY ELIZA, daughter of Charles Pardee, Esq.

PRATT—HOLLINGSHEAD.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday, June 11, by Rev. William R. Tompkins, Mr. RICHARD M. PRATT and Miss CAROLINE L. HOLLINGSHEAD.

SMITH—HUNT.—In Pittston, Me., on Wednesday, June 17, by Rev. C. Munger, of Augusta, Mr. SAMUEL G. SMITH, of Middletown, Conn., and Miss SARAH M., daughter of Caleb Hunt, Esq., of Pittston.

SLOAN—LOUNSBURY.—On Thursday, June 18, by Rev. Alexander Capron, at the residence of Emmet Moore, Middletown, Mr. JAMES T. SLOAN, of Newburgh, and Mrs. HELEN S. LOUNSBURY, of New-York City.

DIED.

ADAMSON.—In Fordham, N. Y., on Sunday, June 21, CUTHBERT A., son of Christina and the late Constantine Adamson.

His friends, and those of the family, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, at Fordham, on Tuesday morning, June 23, at 10 o'clock, without further invitation. Cars leave depot corner 26th-st. and 4th-av., at 8¾ o'clock.

☞ New-Orleans (La.) and Bardstown (Ky.) papers please copy.

AMERMAN.—On Saturday, June 20, Mr. ABM. D. W. AMERMAN, son of Isaac Amerman, Esq., aged 23 years and 4 months.

His death was occasioned by a fall through a hatchway of a store in 9th-st. His funeral will take place on Tuesday, June 23, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his father, No. 149 Clinton-st. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

BALDWIN.—In Newark, N. J., on Sunday, June 21, JOHN BAILEY BALDWIN, youngest child of the late Charles W. Baldwin, aged 9 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, June 24, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the residence of his mother, No. 14 Walnut-st.

BROWER.—On Monday morning, June 22, HANNAH C. PLACE, wife of Garret Brower, aged 51 years, 7 months and 24 days.

The funeral services at the North Reformed Dutch Church, corner 3d-av. and 21st-st., South Brooklyn, will be held on Wednesday, June 24, at 3 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend, without further notice.

FROELICH.—On Sunday, June 21, WILLIAM B., son of Eliza and the late Solomon Froelich, in the 26th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 629 Hudson-st., on Tuesday morning, June 23, at 9 o'clock, without further invitation. His remains will be taken to New-York Cemetery, Hackensack, N. J., for interment.

GRIFFEN.—In Rye, on Monday, June 22, JOHN GRIFFEN, in the 67th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Methodist Episcopal Church, at Mamaroneck, on Thursday, June 25, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation. Carriages will be in attendance at the Mamaroneck Depot on the arrival of the 11½ train from New-York.

HADLEY.—On Saturday, June 20, after a short illness, MARY E., beloved wife of Washington Hadley, aged 31 years and 10 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 99 East 17th-st., this (Tuesday) afternoon, June 23, at 2 o'clock.

KLINE.—On Monday, June 22, ANN KLINE, wife of Ebenezer Kline, aged 54 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, June 24, at 3 o'clock P. M., from her late residence, 208 High-st., Brooklyn.

MCGOURKEY.—On Monday, June 22, Mrs. MARGARET MCGOURKEY, formerly of Albany, in the 99th year of her age.

Her friends, and those of the families of her sons-in-law, J. E. Rogers and James Hutchinson, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 242 West 19th-st., on Wednesday, June 24, at 10 o'clock A. M.

MERRIAM.—In this City, on Monday, June 22, of consumption, Mr. SAMUEL L. MERRIAM, aged 30 years and 8 months.

☞ Boston and Plymouth (Mass.) papers please copy.

PARSONS.—In Portsmouth, Va., at the U. S. Hospital, HENRY PARSONS, Master's Mate on board U. S. steamer *Crusader*, son of the late Sylvanus and Christiana Parsons, of this City.

☞ California papers please copy.

ROBINSON.—On Sunday, June 21, GEORGE W. ROBINSON, in the 40th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Mount Hermon Lodge, No. 38, Albany, and members of Olive Branch Lodge, No. 31, I. O. of O. F., New-York, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 394 4th-av., on Tuesday, June 23, at 1 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

SPEERS.—In Cornwall, on Sunday, June 21, FREDERIKA MAUD LIVINGSTON, only daughter of Matilda and Albert Speyers, aged 23 months.

The funeral will take place from St. Mark's Church, New-York, on Tuesday, June 23, at 12 o'clock. The relatives and friends are invited to attend.

THOMAS.—On Monday, June 22, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Jane E. Hart, Harlem, MAHALA, widow of the late Elias Thomas, in the 73d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday, June 23, at 4½ o'clock, from St. Andrew's Church, corner 4th-av. and 127th-st.

WIGGINS.—On Monday, June 22, JOHN WIGGINS, aged 61 years.

Friends and relatives are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 107 West 41st-st., at 1 o'clock, this day, (Tuesday,) June 23. Remains will be taken to Bronxville.

WEBB.—In Washington City, on Friday, June 19, Mr. BENJAMIN L. WEBB, formerly a resident of this City, in the 60th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at the house of his brother-in-law, W. W. Winans, No. 161 East 15th-st., this day, June 23, at 4 o'clock P. M. His relatives and friends are invited to attend, without further notice.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 4 29 | Sun sets..... 7 31 | Moon sets...11 31
Sandy Hook 11 51 | Gov. Island..12 40 | Hell Gate.. 2 02
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, June 22.

Arrived.

Steamship Teutonia, (Hamb.,) Faube, Hamburg June 4, and Southampton 8th, with mdse. and 584 passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Had bad weather during the passage, passed Cape Race 17th. In lat. 47, lon. 44, passed icebergs, 22d inst., 30 miles east of Sandy Hook, passed Br. ship America, bnd. W.

U. S. steamship Cumbria, Commander Breeze, from a cruise in search of privateers. 16th, boarded Br. schr. Glenn, of Yarmouth, N. S., from Matamoras for Nassau, N. P., but being 900 miles out of her course, and her papers not proving satisfactory, put a prize crew on board and ordered her to New-York. 19th, off Cape Henry, boarded schr. A. B. Terry, fm. Port Royal for New-York; brig West, from St. Thomas for Philadelphia; U. S. schr. America, on a cruise; schr. C. Burroughs, from Port Royal for New-York; Br. bark Wild Horse, from Matamoras for New-York; brig F. Newton, from Port Royal for New-York; schr. Suwha, from Matanzas for New-York; Br. schr. Glen, from Matamoras for Nassau, and sent her to New-York as a prize. 21st inst., lat. 37 35, lon. 73 50, boarded brig New Globe, from Bangor for Washington, D. C.; same day, Br. brig Resolute, from Boston for St. Thomas; and Br bark Pallas, hence, for Belize, Hond.

Steamship Locust Point, Wallace, New-Orleans 15th inst., at 2 A. M., with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromell & Co.

U. S. transport Thomas Arey, Pensacola 14th inst., with old iron to U. S. Navy Department.

Steamship Saxon, Lavender, Port Royal 18th inst., to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. transport Dudley Buck, Smith, Newbern, N. C., 18th inst., via Hatteras Inlet 19th and Fortress Monroe 20th, with passengers to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamer F. C. Walker, Rogers, Philadelphia, with mdse. J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Alida, Robinson, Philadelphia, with mdse. to James Hand.

Steamer Chesapeake, Willetts, Portland, with mdse. to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Fannie, Fenton, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Schriver, Adams, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Steamer John R. Thompson, McCabe, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Ship Isaac Webb, Hutchinson, Liverpool May 17, with mdse. and 11 cabin and 647 steerage passengers to Chas. H. Marshall & Co. On the 20th inst., was captured by the Confederate bark Florida No. 2 (Tacony,) and after being detained for four hours, was released on a bond of $40,000 on ship and cargo. The I. W. received from the bark the Captain, crew and two passengers of brig Umpire, which was captured and burned on the 16th inst. The I. W. has been 25 ds. from the lon. of 40, with a succession of light westerly winds.

Ship Elbe, (Hamb.,) Bardua, Hamburg May 2, with mdse. and 200 passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Left the river May 7, and cleared the channel May 8: had favorable winds to lon. 35 and lat. 48, when variable and unsteady westerly winds set in. Between lon. 47, and lat. 45 50, passed numerous large icebergs and small drift ice. Remainder of the passage had fogs and variable winds. Had three births and one death.

Bark Behring, (of Boston,) Morse, Shanghai Feb. 26, passed Cape of Good Hope, April 29, crossed in the Atlantic May 29 in lon. 39, with teas to W. H. Boardman, of Boston. June 7, lat. 18 N., lon. 60, saw a steamer, bark-rigged, steering W. by N.; had no steam; she hauled up two points, but could not overtake us.

Bark Cossack, (of Boston,) Berry, Foo-Chow March 10, passed Angier March 26, crossed the equator in the Atlantic May 28, in lon. 36, with teas, etc., to Carey & Co. Sld. in company from Angier with ship Galatea, from Manilla for Boston, and parted company March 29, in lat. 7 36 S., and lon. 102 55 E.

Bark Henry, Wilson, Oporto 35 ds., in ballast to George Bulkley, 27th inst., off George, was boarded by U. S. steamer United States, cruising for privateers—all well. In lat. 40 40, lon. 45 40, saw a number of icebergs; had foggy weather most of the passage.

WIND—Sunset, S.

Below.

Ship America, Salter, fm. Liverpool May 14, with mdse. and passengers to D. & A. Kingsland & Sutton.

Bark Harry Booth.

Br brig W. E. Harris.

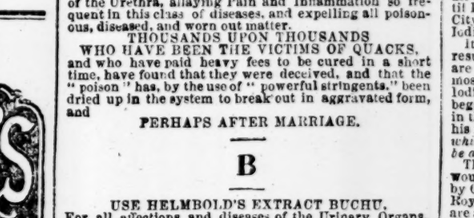
Dutch brig Electra.

Br. brig Eliza Young.

Sailed.

Ships Caroline Nesmith and Sir Robert Peel.

Brig Henrietta.



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The great unequalled Preparations for Restoring, Invigorating, Beautifying and Dressing the Hair,

Rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair.

IT NEVER FAILS

To Restore Grey Hair

TO

Its Original Youthful Color

It is not a Dye,

But acts directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required, producing the same vitality and luxurious quantity as in youth.

For Ladies and Children

Whose Hair requires frequent dressing the Zylobalsamum has no equal. No lady's toilet is complete without it.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World.

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Mrs. S. A. Allen's
ZYLOBALSAMUM.

WANTED—AT MRS. GREENE'S AGENCY FOR Employment, No. 860 Broadway, near 22d-st., opposite the St. Germain Hotel, six laundresses, six chambermaids, and 17 men waiters, for Newport, R. I.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A Protestant girl, as nurse and seamstress, or to do chamberwork. Good City references. Inquire at her present employers', No. 91 East 39th-st., between 4th and Lexington avs.

AS FARMER AND GARDENER.—WANTED, a situation as farmer and gardener; has the best of references from his last employer. Address M. J., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

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For diseases of the
BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

H

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS depositions and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation: and is good for
MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN.

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For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early indiscretions or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

Indisposition to Exertion,	Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory,	Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves,	Trembling,
Horror of Disease,	Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision,	Pain in the Back,
Hot Hands,	Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin,	Eruptions on the Face,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,	Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows
IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS.
In one of which the patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases,"
INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION?
INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION?
INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION?
INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION?

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess.

THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS, and the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear witness to the truth of this assertion. The constitution once affected with
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
invariably does.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICAL.

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OLD OR YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED, OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE.
In many affections peculiar to Females
THE EXTRACT BUCHU

Is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhea or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretions, habits of dissipation, or in the
DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.
SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.
NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT!

M

Take no more Balsam, Mercury or Unpleasant Medicine for Unpleasant and Dangerous Diseases.
HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU
AND
IMPROVED ROSE WASH
CURES SECRET DISEASES
in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all poisonous, diseased, and worn out matter.
THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS
WHO HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF QUACKS,
and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they were deceived, and that the "poison" has, by the use of "powerful stringents," been dried up in the system to break out in aggravated form, and
PERHAPS AFTER MARRIAGE.

B

USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
For all affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in
MALE OR FEMALE,
From whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Diseases of these organs require the aid of a Diuretic,
HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE
GREAT DIURETIC.
And is certain to have the desired effect in all diseases for which it is recommended.
EVIDENCE OF THE MOST RELIABLE AND RESPONSIBLE CHARACTER
Will accompany the medicine.
CERTIFICATES OF CURES
From 20 to 30 years' standing, with
NAMES KNOWN TO SCIENCE AND FAME.

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PHYSICIANS please notice.
We make no SECRET of INGREDIENTS,
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is composed of Buchu, Cubebs and Juniper Berries, selected with great care by a competent druggist,
PREPARED IN VACUO,
BY
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Practical and Analytical Chemist, and
Sole manufacturer of
HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE PREPARATION.

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AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the City of Philadelphia, H. T. HELMBOLD, who being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable. H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD,
Alderman, 9th-st., above Race, Philadelphia.

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Who endeavor to dispose OF THEIR OWN and "other" articles on the reputation attained by
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